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WASHINGTON AFFAIRS

Col. Raster's Resignation of the Chicago Collectorship.

M. Bellonnet to be Transferred to Portugal.

The Tenth National Bank to be Thoroughly Investigated.

Sena's Charges Against Secretary Robeson Still Unsustained.

Continuation of the French Arms Investigation.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Mr. HERMAN RASTER, editor of the Illinois *Staats Zeitung*, has tendered his resignation as Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Illinois, and Mr. SAMUEL A. IRVIN, First Deputy under Mr. RASTER, has been appointed to fill the vacancy. Mr. RASTER relieves himself from official responsibility for two reasons: First, that he may be enabled to give more time to the increased demands of his editorial position; and second, that he may render a more independent and effective support to the principles of the Republican Party, in doing which he believes he is called upon to advocate both the renomination and re-election of President GRANT. This he will continue to do, and, relieved from the possible imputations attaching to the holding of an office, his action will not only be more independent, but will undoubtedly have a deservedly increased influence. Col. RASTER's action gratifies many of his friends here, and of one thing they feel assured, the Schurz party will get no comfort from him.

WHISKY AND TOBACCO TAX.

The WAYS and MEANS Committee were this morning engaged on the revision of the text of the amendments to the whisky and tobacco provisions. The consolidation of the several taxes on whisky require a careful revision of the old provisions in order that the sum fixed may not exceed or fall below the aggregate of the taxes as now paid.

A CHANGE IN THE FRENCH LEGATION.

It is reported here that M. DE BELLONNET, the French Charge d' Affaires, has been transferred from this Legation to that of Portugal. As has been intimated in these dispatches, this result was to have been expected. When the letter of Secretary BELKNAP to Secretary FISH appeared in the Sumner preamble, Mr. FISH addressed a note to M. BELLONNET, requesting an explanation. M. BELLONNET's reply was offensive and discourteous to an extreme degree, and Mr. FISH promptly placed it in Mr. WASHBURNE's hands to be laid before the French Government. A very prompt result has been reached. M. BELLONNET's connection with the matter of the French arms investigation was doubtless wholly unintentional, and he has been inveigled into it so far as he has gone by his meddlesome friend CHAMBRUN.

THE NEW-YORK TENTH NATIONAL.

The New-York Tenth National Bank's operations will be officially investigated by the House Banking and Currency Committee. Mr. HOOPER having today secured power to send for persons and papers in the matter. This action may result seriously for the institution. Subpœnas have already been prepared for JAY GOULD, HENRY N. SMITH, and PALMER, the Cashier of the bank. Their presence is required immediately, and the next subpœna will be for DANIEL DREW.

CIVIL RIGHTS.

The Civil Rights bill made two steps on its passage through the House, today, and a direct vote shows that in spite of fears to the contrary it has a majority in its favor. The morning hour expiring, it again went over, there being two dilatory motions pending. This bill has now been for nine weeks before the House, and in spite of today's progress, there is no probability of its passage this session.

A REMARKABLE SCENE.

A remarkable scene took place in the House today. Mr. NEGLEY, of Pennsylvania, asked leave to introduce for reference to the Judiciary Committee a resolution reciting that the United Pacific is indebted for a large amount to the United States, and that nevertheless was receiving large sums from the Government, and providing that the President appoint a commission of three to inquire into the financial condition of the road and ascertain if its funds had been applied according to law, and if it were able to pay the United States its indebtedness. Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, promptly objected, and Gen. NEGLEY raised the point of order that a stockholder of the road was preventing assessment of legislation. BROOKS retorted with a good deal of heat that NEGLEY was "a tool of Wall-street," "a jobber in stocks," and was using his position to influence legislation. He declared that the proofs that this was the fact had been telegraphed him that morning, and he held them in his hand. NEGLEY denied any complicity with stock brokers, and expressed perfect willingness to hear Mr. BROOKS's papers read. Gen. RANDS objected to this, however, and the whole matter dropped. Mr. BROOKS declines revealing the contents of the papers he possesses, unless the Negley resolution is pressed. It is understood, however, that they seriously implicate one GEORGE B. COWLAN, who is one of the clerks and messengers of Gen. BUTLER. There are rumors about THOMAS SCOTT's connection with the Negley resolution.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. COGHLAN, of California, introduced the worst piece of buncombe seen in the House for many years, a proposition to so amend the Constitution that the public lands shall hereafter be disposed of to actual settlers only. The majority of the House is in favor of devoting the lands to no other purpose, but they voted very generally against a proposition to patch the Constitution accordingly.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Continuation of the Boteroon Investigation—Mr. Sena's Charges Still Unsustained.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Navy Department Investigation Committee resumed its examination of witnesses called by Secretary ROBESON to-night. Pay Director BRADFORD was the first witness, and confirmed the facts stated in the testimony of Pay Director RUSSELL, who was subsequently recalled. These gentlemen, representing the Navy Department respectively at New-York and Philadelphia, swore most positively that they were never called upon, advised or requested by the Secretary, either directly or indirectly, to favor any party in the purchase of supplies, &c. They effectively squelched certain charges by testifying that they never bought bricks from CATTELL, or sent bricks to California.

Chief Engineer WOOD, who has charge of the building of the torpedo boats, testified that the iron of which they are being built is Sirous, not chrysolitas, as shown by an inspection since Mr. HAWKINS's testimony, which shows that the iron is all that could be required. This witness was a member of the last board appointed to examine the Secor claims. Some 200 items of these claims were laid aside, and many were rejected. The charges thus disposed of resulted from orders from the Department for changes, and were not laid aside because the changes were disapproved, but because the prices charged were considered too large.

JAMES SECOR, senior member of the Secor firm, was the next witness, and testified that none of the claims of the firm for extra work were ever paid before they were considered by the Boggs Board. He explained some of the details of the claims, in the contracts which were the occasion of the charges for extra service; he also stated that his firm got the money for the audited bills, and kept it all themselves; he was not then acquainted with, and did not see, Secretary ROBESON.

CHARLES SECOR, another member of the firm, testified that Col. Sena Jourmon was attorney of the firm, and received $1,500 as his fees as attorney to present the law points of the claim; none of the money was paid to any Government officer; no promise was ever made of money or anything else to any public officer, to secure favorable action on the bills of the firm; the firm yet claims a large amount from the Government, and is not engaged in Government work of any kind; none of the CATTELLS have been employed by the firm in any capacity whatever; the firm built five iron vessels during the war, with turrets, and were urged to do their work promptly by Admiral FARRAGUT and others, because some of the vessels were required for the capture of Mobile. The Committee then adjourned until to-morrow night with the understanding, on the part of the Secretary, that the investigation shall be closed in two days.

SALES OF ARMS.

Continuation of the Examination Before the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Senate Arms Committee met this morning at 10½ o'clock.

DANIEL SHED was examined by Senator SCHURZ and testified that he owned a number of lighters at New-York, and during the Franco-Prussian war lightered goods for the New-York Ordnance Office, receiving his orders from Mr. HALL, and all the receipts for the goods he delivered from Mr. REILLY; sometimes he delivered goods direct to vessels, and sometimes at the docks.

By Senator HAMLIN—Witness had no official connection with the Ordnance Office, which employed him as they would other parties.

The Chairman, Mr. HAMLIN, laid before the Committee a letter from Gen. SCHOFIELD saying his recollection of the law of 1868, providing for the sale of arms, &c., substantially agreed with the testimony of Gen. DYER. The Chairman also laid before the Committee the following letter addressed to him by Mr. FISH:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, April 6, 1872.

SIR: Referring to the letter of the 18th ult. upon the subject of a resolution alleged to have been adopted by a Committee of the French National Assembly on War Contracts, inquiring into the conduct of the Ordnance Officers of the United States, I have to reply of the 20th ult. I now have the honor to inclose, for the information of the Committee of which you are the Chairman, a translation of a note of the Minister upon the subject, and the Charge d'Affaires of France. I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,
HAMILTON FISH.

[Translation.]

LEGATION OF FRANCE TO THE UNITED STATES.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30, 1872.

MR. SECRETARY OF STATE: The Commission appointed by the National Assembly of France to inquire into the matter of the purchases made during the war, has been surprised by a telegram, published by the New-York Associated Press, which attributes to it the adoption of a resolution of inquiry with regard to the conduct of the officers of the United States. It has requested the Minister of Foreign Affairs to contradict this report, and I hasten to inform you officially, by order of M. JULES FAVRE, that it has not adopted the resolution in question, and that it has addressed no request for investigation to the Government of the United States.

Be pleased to accept, Mr. Secretary of State, the assurance of my high consideration.

HENRY DE BELLONNET.

To Hon. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Mr. HARTLEY, of the firm of SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM, was sworn and examined by Senator SCHURZ: In 1870 the firm with which he was connected sent samples of their arms to France, Germany and England, and witness and another gentleman went to France; on the 4th of September, the same year, a contract was made with the French Government to furnish arms; Col. SQUIER never told witness his bids had been refused by the War Department, but witness learned the fact from another source; the contract of BALLENTINE, BILLINGS & ST. LAURENT for batteries, &c., was offered to witness' firm, and they agreed to take it on certain conditions, to which BALLENTINE, BILLINGS & ST. LAURENT would not agree; the contract was offered to witness' firm by Secretary FISH; witness did not know what other people thought with regard to the destination of the arms shipped in 1870 and 1871, but he believed they were going to France; some of the goods shipped to France by his firm were marked, according to a telegram from France, "R. F.," meaning Republique Francaise; they, however, sent thither other goods not thus marked, but not through French officials; witness saw Gen. DYER and Col. CRISPIN, and asked them how many Enfields they would sell him.

By Mr. HAMLIN—The sales of arms and ordnance stores were favorable to the Government when they were made; when the Government of France, through its Minister here, asked the Secretary of State whether they would be allowed to ship the goods to France, to which the Secretary replied, if they did so it would be entirely at their own risk; the firm had recently sold arms to Russia and Mexico; since the close of the Franco-Prussian war, they had sold to foreign Governments thirty, forty or fifty thousand stand of arms; arms were also sold to South America.

Witness was further interrogated by Senator SCHURZ and members of the Committee. He knew of no Government officers who had received commissions from the firm; at one time his firm never paid a dollar to them or any of the French officials either, nor did they pay any other person a dollar; they conducted their own purchases.

E. S. ALLEN, chief armorer of the Springfield Armory, testified as to the making of a lot of Remington rifles for the Government at that place, and as to other matters in that connection. 250 guns having been sold to FAULKNAY, TRUMBLE & CO., that firm paid for taking off the knowing from 2,178 guns which had been distributed to naval posts, but subsequently returned to be brightened at the armory; after the 10,000 guns had been sold to FAULKNAY, TRUMBLE & CO. the armory manufactured other guns for the navy; with the present force of the armory it could turn out 150 Springfield breech-loaders a day, but if the full machinery were worked between 200 and 300 a day; it would take three months to prepare to turn out 1,000 a day; as during the late war the capacity increased from day to day until that number be reached.

The Committee adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10½.

THE INDIANS.

Proclamation of Gen. McCook Against Occupation of the Black Hills of Dakota.

YANKTON, Dakota Territory, April 8.—The following proclamation has been issued by Gen. MCCOOK, in the temporary absence of Gov. BURBANK, in pursuance of orders from the Department of the Interior:

By the Governor of Dakota Territory, Information having reached the office of the Executive of said Territory through the various sources to the effect that numerous persons have, and are now being made, with a view to entering and occupying the region of country known as the Black Hills of Dakota, within and upon the lands belonging to the Sioux Indians, under the guise that said Black Hill country has valuable mineral deposits as well as quantities of timber fit for lumber.

Now, therefore, I, EDWIN S. MCCOOK, Secretary and Acting Governor of Dakota Territory, by direction of the President of the United States, through Hon. COLUMBUS DELANO, Secretary of the Interior, do hereby warn all such unlawful combinations of persons, wherever locality, or under whatever plea or excuse operating, that any such attempt to violate our treaty stipulations with the Indians, by which the peace of said territory by an effective force, could be set upon said reservation, will not only be illegal and likely to disturb the peace between the United States and said Indians, but will be dispersed by Government, and if such efforts are persisted in Government will use as much of its civil and military power as may be necessary to remove from this Indian Territory all persons who so there in violation of law.

In testimony whereof I have hereunder set my hand and affixed the seal of the said Territory. Given at my office, in the City of Yankton, this 5th day of April, A. D. 1872. EDWIN S. MCCOOK,
Secretary and Acting Governor of Dakota Territory.

Jersey City and Hoboken Charter Elections.

The annual Charter election takes place in Jersey City and Hoboken today. In Jersey City the Democrats have nominated Mayor O'NEILL, and Stephen Quayle has been nominated by the Republicans.

In Hoboken FREDERICK S. SCHUMSAHL, the present Mayor, is the candidate of both parties for that office. He is a Republican and last year upon the Republican ticket defeated HASEL KIMBALL, the then Democratic Mayor. He was this year first nominated by the Democratic Convention and afterward by the Republicans, who claim him as their candidate.

MORE FIRE-DAMP.

Another Explosion in the Pine Brook Shaft.

One Man Instantly Killed and Several Fatally Injured—Recklessness of the Miners the Cause of the Disaster.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SCRANTON, Monday, April 8.

This city was again thrown into a state of excitement this morning by the announcement that another accident had occurred at the Pine Brook Shaft. Nearly everybody hurried toward the Pine Brook shaft, which is situated at the lower end of Pennsylvania-avenue. The majority of the people reached the scene in time to see one dead man and two horribly burned miners brought out of the mine.

Without doubt, Pine Brook Shaft, of Scranton, is the most dangerous mine, so far as fire-damp is concerned, in the anthracite region. What is known as the "G," or Fourteen-foot vein, is entirely worked out, and the Clark vein being the only one worked. In the portion known to miners as the "dip" gas or sulphur exist in large quantities. Accidents occur so frequently in this mine that MORGAN BOWEN, the mine-boss, has been compelled to instruct his fire-boss, HENRY DAVIES, to warn all miners and laborers not to enter the mine until the word "all right" is given.

It appears that HENRY DAVIES, the fire-boss, entered the mine at 5 o'clock this morning. He carefully scrutinized every portion of the dangerous "dip." As DAVIES progressed from one chamber to another, with his safety-lamp, he found the roof of several chambers completely covered with the red substance, known to miners alone as sulphur. He immediately retreated to the surface, where he met a large number of miners and laborers, with their dinner pails waiting for the word to enter. He told all those who worked in the neighborhood of the "dip" that they must not enter the mine until the inside boss, Mr. BOWEN, arrived. A few moments afterward, a miner, named JAMES STONE, who worked a chamber in the "dip," approached the shaft. The fire-boss warned him also, but he managed to enter the mine notwithstanding the warning given. At 6½, the mine-boss arrived, and on being made acquainted with the condition of the mine, he immediately mounted a car, accompanied with the fire-boss, and entered the mine. Mr. BOWEN with rapid strides made for the "dip," and ordered every man home. "There is no work today for you men," said he, "go home as soon as you can." JOHN WELSH and MARTIN GERRITY, two of the miners, informed BOWEN that they would go home if they were allowed to go to their room. BOWEN consented and ordered the fire-boss to accompany them. GERRITY's box was visited and safely locked, and while they were in WELSH's chamber the explosion took place in STONE's chamber. Fortunately, nearly all the men had previously left, according to Mr. BOWEN's orders, else a fearful loss of life would have occurred. ANTHONY CAMPBELL was taken out dead. He was a young man, employed as laborer in STONE's chamber. Several attempts were made by Mr. BOWEN and the men to rescue CAMPBELL, while the fire was still burning, but the heat and gas was so strong that for a time no success was found to be impossible to enter the chamber. The outer roof was ablaze, so they were compelled to retreat in order to inhale fresh air. JAMES STONE, a miner, and PATRICK O'HARA, a laborer, managed to creep to a place of safety; but CAMPBELL's body was secured, and carried to the surface. On the fourth attempt, ANTHONY CAMPBELL's body was secured, and carried to the surface. Restoratives were applied, but without effect, for the man was beyond resuscitation. His body was carried home, followed by an immense concourse of friends and acquaintances. STONE and PATRICK O'HARA were taken home, but as they have inhaled the noxious gas, they cannot recover, and their constant cry is "water, water."

Mine Inspector P. BLEWITT subsequently investigated the affair, when it was found that the cause of the disaster was entirely the fault of JAMES STONE, he having disobeyed the mine boss, contrary to the orders of HENRY DAVIES, the fire boss. Inspector BLEWITT, a careful and exacting officer, has given positive orders not to allow any man to be employed in the Pine Brook Shaft hereafter unless he fully understands his business. He says they have given him "fresh fire" or mine boss, or leave the mine forever. This order will be strictly adhered to in the future.

E. R. W.

THE FLORIDA GOVERNORSHIP.

Proclamation by Gov. Reed—The Legality of His Position to be Tested Before the Supreme Court.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

GOODMAN'S STATION, Fla., April 8.—Gov. REED has issued a proclamation declaring his intention of retaining possession of the Gubernatorial office. The proclamation is attested by the Secretary of State, and bears the great seal of the State. This will compel a decision by the Supreme Court. It is the definition of the lawyers of the State that the decision will be in Gov. REED's favor.

C. H. W.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 8.—Gov. REED issued a proclamation today, which is attested by the great seal of the State, claiming that the action of the Senate in adjourning without giving him a trial operated as his discharge and acquittal from the charges preferred against him. The proclamation concludes as follows:

But now as it is clear that said CARLTON, T. DAY, regardless of the high and sacred rights of the people [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and

THE POISONED GERMAN.

A Verdict Against Heggi—He to Held to Await the Action of the Grand Jury—A Queer Letter.

Coroner YOUNG yesterday concluded the inquest in the case of FREDERICK JOSEPH SIEGFRIED, whose death is alleged to have resulted from poison administered by FREDERICK HEGGI.

The following anonymous letter was received by the Coroner, yesterday, and has been placed in the hands of the District-Attorney:

SIR: If you wish to find the truth how the poisoning of F. J. Siegfried took place, and who did the poison to and from that barroom in No. 119 First-avenue, and particularly to and from that to Siegfried's house, he went to Heggi's house before there, what was there said when he went to Houston-street, and how he was poisoned there and invited from there, and who was in the funeral, you must ask one R. Darwinkle, a reputed lawyer, who then was living in sixth-street in the middle of the block, between First-avenue and Avenue A. There is a drug-store connected with the house. The wife of this lawyer is a Greek-woman, well known as such; and as a consolation in aid of the German doctor, who lives in Eighth-street, between the same avenues, and who claims to be able to banish spirits or ghosts and do other supernatural things. DARWINKLE is known thereabouts as a drunkard and a swindler, doing, as a lawyer, whatever is wanted for money. He died his wife very soon after the poisoning event. How he did it, or at least in his house and under his advice it was done. The girl MILLER was only a tool for him and another man who lives near HEGGI; and on the instigation of that man, by whom HEGGI also was the tool, the whole poisoning and plundering of SIEGFRIED was done. That man went to SIEGFRIED, when he was in Newark, to induce SIEGFRIED to go to Houston-street to live with HEGGI.

That man induced that girl MILLER to block-mail SIEGFRIED, or if he did it not openly he did engage HEGGI to do so. SIEGFRIED's wife in Harlem had some suspicion about the killing of her man, but she had no hand in the work. She knew nothing about it until she was told he was dead. She wished to go to the funeral, but was not allowed to do so. The man in the dark, as old sinner, as the instigator of all, and HEGGI the girl, and the lawyer, as the tool, would. That man is a countryman of SIEGFRIED also, had always intimate relations with SIEGFRIED, and know how much money he had, about $14,000 he told his lawyer when he called on him, amongst other his saloons, &c. One Mr. RICKLING, a book-binder, an Alderman, who was intimate also with all the parties above mentioned, who, I believe, lives in Stanton-street, at least his name was there, and who I know he is a gold-worker or jeweler, knows of all those transactions, and was at the funeral. If you wish to find the man in the dark behind that affair, you will find him by Schuyler-street, Newark, and much I mean the old grey-haired sinner, not the young people there. All the money that man and HEGGI and the girl have, and the lawyer, was taken from SIEGFRIED long before HEGGI got any money from him. The old SIEGFRIED stole from that son $600 or $900, his hosiery, and never returned it to him. The old man had him expressly to come from Switzerland to sell him and put a soldier for that country, and took the bounty from him ostensibly to preserve it until his return from the war, but hoping he can would never return. On his return, instead of giving him the money, he shook him out of the house. When in No. 119 First-avenue the old man sold at any price to avoid the visits of his son. The girl, under the advice of Limburger-Cheese, bought the whole establishment, the amount of the whole establishment in Rider-street, and $100 cash, she saying that he (SIEGFRIED) seduced her, and was compelled to marry her. If old SIEGFRIED knew what HEGGI and the girl in this country people knew about his death—

ONE OF THEM.

FREDERICK SIEGFRIED, the son of the deceased, was recalled and testified that his father could not converse, read or write English; heard that Mr. SEAMEN made the will; witness contested the will before the Surrogate; took fourteen witnesses there; heard his father say that he could not tell why; went several times, and withdrew because counsel for HEGGI said they would settle the matter, and witness said if they would pay the money his father brought from Newark he would be satisfied; he would take part and give his mother-in-law her share; but at the decision afterwards they meant to cheat him out of it; no settlement was made; he served with COLVER & WRIGHT to contest the will and pay them so much if they got the money; after the funeral HEGGI treated the crowd several times; witness was with them, and had understood it was to be managed by him against the property; he had no idea when they left HEGGI had poisoned his father, or he would not have drank with him; Mrs. HEGGI told him before that there was no will; he wanted to make one, but there was no time to do it; heard there was a will from a woman in Newark the same week died; his father's new will for the first time in the Surrogate's office.

FERDINAND SOMMERS, of Newark, N. J., testified that he was a Justice of the Peace and Notary; drew the will at the request of HEGGI; HEGGI did not give the items to be put into the will, but saw the man who said he was SIEGFRIED, and he gave the items; conversed in German; only HEGGI, witness and deceased were present; HEGGI made no suggestions about the will in the presence of witness; deceased was very feeble and complained of his stomach; cannot recollect what he said, except that he made HEGGI his heir; wrote the will in the office of witness; did not know either SIEGFRIED or HEGGI; when he signed the will he had scarcely strength enough to do it; he was in a condition to make his will; it was written in English; read to him, but he did not understand it, and explained it to him in German; SIEGFRIED paid for the will from a pocket-book from his pocket, took out a five dollar bill, handed it to HEGGI, and he gave it to witness; it was after the will was signed; he put the will in his pocket; he gave HEGGI $3,000 at the same time to deposit, and witness went with HEGGI, and saw him deposit the money in SAUNDERS's safe, in the Dime Savings Bank at Newark.

[The testimony of the witness before the Surrogate was produced; he then swore that he wrote the will in the room where deceased was, and explained it to him in German, item by item.]

WITNESS—It is two years ago, and I cannot recollect what I swore to.

Coroner YOUNG then read the will, which witness identified as the one he wrote.

Some documentary evidence was then presented, after which HEGGI, the accused, was examined in his own behalf, and testified as follows: I reside at No. 119 First-avenue; keep a liquor-store; came to this country in August, 1852; knew deceased for about forty years; he came here a few years before me; we were always good friends; SIEGFRIED was sick a year or two before he died; saw him once or twice a month; on July 31, 1869, he left Bingen-street and came to my house in Newark; deceased was sick; had had a quarrel with his wife CAROLINE MILLER; don't know where he lived; two days afterward received a letter from him asking me to come to Newark; he asked about CAROLINE, and requested me and Rosstuer to go and see and settle with her; know Dr. KINSLER; he never attended deceased; knew also of a bill which he owed him in Newark; saw CAROLINE, and she wanted two or three thousand dollars to settle it; brought back two bottles of medicine that had been given to deceased in Newark and showed them to Dr. KINSLER, and he sent him the same kind; I never gave him arsenic; deceased sent letters other than to see deceased Newark; did not know the persons he lived with; never saw them before; did not know what was to be in the will; after he made the will he said he would do something for the little girl of his son; when the difficulty occurred with CAROLINE, he went to Newark for $2,000 for deceased; went to Newark when the will was made, SIEGFRIED did not mention the bond; his next heirs are to have the $1,000; they are his first wife and children, who are in Europe, and were never in this country; is executor to the will; have no papers directing me to give the money; there is never said to those words; it is not true that SIEGFRIED ever said, 'HEGGI is poisoning me;' never gave him any medicine not prescribed by the physician; never gave him any arsenic; heard him say he was suspicious of the rival; Mrs. PERTZ; knew Mrs. ATTERBURY; Dr. KINSLER; it is not true that I gave him any medicine like pills; there was milk on the table, and he drank it occasionally; I settled with CAROLINE, and gave her $100 and the saloon, except crockery, which belonged to SIEGFRIED; the understanding changed the burial place to suit the affair; [Question objected to by counsel.] I was born in Germany; my mother in Europe; the deceased, when always quarrelsome; young SIEGFRIED never accused me of poisoning his father.

The accused denied most solemnly all the accusations made against him. His wife, ROSALIE HEGGI, made a statement corroborative of what was given by her husband.

The testimony of Dr. E. T. TAYLOR, who made the post-mortem examination, and Dr. HERMAN ENDEMAN, who made the chemical analysis, was then read to the jury.

The evidence was then summed up, and Coroner YOUNG then charged his jury, who, at its conclusion, retired, and in about three minutes returned with the following verdict:

That FREDERICK J. SIEGFRIED came to his death by arsenical poisoning, and there is probable cause to believe that the poison was administered by FREDERICK HEGGI.

The accused was then formally examined, and said that he was sixty years of age; a native of Switzerland, and pleaded not guilty.

He was then remanded to the Tombs to await the action of the Grand Jury.

The Cigar Manufacturers.

The German Cigar Manufacturers' Protective Association, Mr. FRETSCH presiding, met at the Stadtbee House yesterday, and delegated two of its members, Messrs. KUHM and DIEDERICH, to proceed to Washington to see whether relief cannot be obtained from certain alleged oppressive rules and regulations to which the trade is subjected in the application of the internal revenue law.

Opening the Cooper Institute on Sundays.

The question of opening the Mercantile Library on Sundays for the benefit of the mercantile public, having been definitely settled in the affirmative, a committee was appointed to wait upon the trustees of the Cooper Union, in order to ascertain what course they would pursue in relation to the same subject of general interest. The committee appointed to perform the said duty have smoothed their rugged path, and on Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, who agreed to give the ideas in regard to the matter in a public lecture, to be delivered in the hall of the Cooper Union on Monday evening next. Mr. DOOLEY naively observed: "That will settle the question for the future." So it will, and as it is well known that Mr. BEECHER'S ideas in relation to Sunday reading are extremely liberal, his decision can scarcely be a matter of speculation.

THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

Another of Gratz Nathan's Corporation Party as a Land Operator—The Restriction on the Press to be Removed.

The Legislative Committee engaged in the work of inquiring into the course of the Judiciary, resumed their session yesterday at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Several unimportant witnesses were examined during the day for the purpose of fortifying certain portions of the testimony already taken, but no new facts were elicited.

Col. RICHARD FISHER was examined relative to a certain land transaction between him and the City authorities. He testified that he owned a block of ground forming a gore between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets, Ninth-avenue and the Boulevard. He had refused $150,000 for the land, but the Ring took the ground from him and he was awarded by the Commissioners only $60,000; the witness did not like the award, and made some trouble about the way the Ring had been arranged; knows Comptroller Parsons, the new Tammon FARLEY, and after some consultation it was agreed that he (witness) should accept $80,000 and half the surplus, providing that the two items should not be less than $130,000; FARLEY took him to GRATZ NATHAN, and the latter said that the award was changed by the same Commissioners to $126,000, of which he got $107,000, the remaining $87,000 (half the surplus or $60,000) going to GRATZ NATHAN and TAMMON FARLEY.

The Bar Association having complained that incorrect reports of the testimony taken had appeared in the newspapers, the Committee have resolution passed by two-thirds of its members,

Resolved, That copies of the official testimony of the Committee be given to the Committee of the Bar Association, and to the Judges and Clerk thereof, to be used only for the purpose of correcting the press reports of the testimony; provided, that the publication of such of the testimony as may be expunged by a majority of the said Committee to be then sitting, required as regards the portion of the testimony not then in type.

The resolution was passed by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Peters, Fielden, Blanchard and Miller. Nay—Mr. Weidler.

During the afternoon, Monroe H. Thompson was examined with respect to a suit in which Judge MCQUIRE accepted the receiver's report, showing that nearly all the proceeds of the receivership had been paid to the attorney. In response to the question whether he had engaged counsel and was aided by the General Term of the Supreme Court,

The Committee then adjourned until to-day.

The Rise at Solomon & Sons' Store.

Complete List of Insurances.

Below will be found a complete list of the insurances of B. L. SOLOMON & SONS, furniture dealers, of Broadway, whose stock and building was damaged by fire Saturday morning to the value of $176,000:

ON STOCK.	
London, Liverpool and Globe	$15,000
Franklin	10,000
Hamilton	5,000
Nicholas	5,000
Mechanics'	5,000
Trader's	5,000
Orient	5,000
Greenwich	5,000
Sterling	5,000
Kings County	5,000
Lenox	5,000
Globe	5,000
Home	5,000
Home of Hartford	5,000
Republic	5,000
Equitable	5,000
Hope	5,000
Tradesmen's	5,000
Firemen's	5,000
Peoples'	5,000
Howard	5,000
New-York	5,000
Continental	5,000
Atlantic	5,000
Firemen's Trust	5,000
United States	5,000
Commercial	5,000
Total on stock	$165,000

ON BUILDING.	
North British and Mercantile	$16,000
Insurance Company of North America	10,000
Queen	10,000
London, Liverpool and Globe	5,000
Long Island	5,000
Commercial	5,000
Greenwich	5,000
Stuyvesant	5,000
Firemen's Fund	5,000
Phœnix	5,000
Hanover	5,000
Globe	5,000
Park	5,000
Continental	5,000
Pacific	5,000
Lafayette	5,000
Total on building	$120,000

The store furniture and fixtures are insured for $5,000 in the London, Liverpool and Globe, and in plate-glass windows for $2,000 in the Park Company.

The Brooklyn Republican Mass-Meeting —The Prominent Speakers.

The Grant meeting to be held at the Brooklyn Academy of Music on Wednesday night bids fair to be one of the greatest political manifestations ever made in that city. It will be essentially a popular uprising, and is not emanating from or in the interest of any office-holders, none of whom are allowed to be connected with it in any manner, except as sympathizers with its purpose. H. B. CLAFLIN, Esq., will preside. The leading speech of the evening will be made by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, who is determined to give his utterances upon the political issues of the 1872 GRANT-and-re-election. Besides Mr. BEECHER, speeches will be delivered by Gen. WOODFORD, A. B. TENNEY, A. B. BATTLE, Esq., and, if his health permits his presence, by S. B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., who has just returned, much improved, from a trip to Arkansas. The Committee of Arrangements of the Independent Republicans in Brooklyn, Arrangements have been made to reserve seats for ladies until 8 o'clock.

Business at General Sessions.

Judge BEDFORD, in the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, sentenced the following prisoners: THOMAS GUNNE, for burglary, four years to Sing Sing; DARIUS BURNS, felonious assault, Penitentiary one year; MICHAEL BURNS, sixteen years old, Midway reformatory, four years to State Prison; Wm. W. BALDWIN, grand larceny, one year; and PATRICK DOYLE, petit larceny, three years. Convicted of grand larceny, and judgment as to case was suspended. The trial of HENRY DAVIS and EUSTACIA St. VALMERE, confidence women, was postponed on account of the illness of their counsel.

New-York Typographical Society.

The one hundred and twenty-sixth bi-monthly meeting of this association was held on Saturday evening. The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, Hiram Barney; Vice-President, Charles M. Kenyon; Treasurer, George Burpee; Secretary, D. C. Faulkner; Librarian, John Crew; Directors, S. F. Barker, Israel Smith, D. J. Cowing, Geo. F. Cook, Charles McDevitt and J. G. Clayton. Capt. Alfred De GROOT was unanimously elected Sergeant-at-Arms. The Secretary read a letter of inquiry by the Chinese fire, the capital heads of an insurance company, in which one-third of their fund was invested, having been seriously impaired in the late calamity.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS CALENDAR.—Nos. 1 and 2.

The following is the day calendar of the Court of Appeals for Tuesday, April 9: Nos. 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 220, 221, 225, 226.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Before Judge Barnard.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Motions will be heard at 10½ A. M. Motions in the following cases: Ex parte Bowen; Ex parte Hall; Ex parte Hall; Ex parte Hall

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT.

Meeting of Both Boards of Aldermen and of the Supervisors—Important Notice.

The Board met at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, JOHN COCHRANE in the chair.

Alderman WILDEY's motion that the Commissioner of Public Works be requested to communicate to the Board the particulars of the contract for supplying Croton water to the steam-ships in the harbor, and the amount of revenue derived therefrom, was agreed to.

Alderman CONOVER, as Chairman of the Joint Committee on Railroads, submitted in connection with a report a resolution

That after taking them separately and unanimously of the Committee on Railroads of the Assembly, [and now before it for its action,] to regulate the running of cars over the Fourth-avenue in this City, as not meeting the requirements necessary for the proper protection of the lives of the citizens, or the demands of the property owners on or in the vicinity of the line of said avenue, and as being objectionable to the wishes of the citizens at large.

The report went to state further:

No better means can be devised for furnishing "rapid transit" than by the railroading of the Fourth-avenue, north of Forty-second-street, for that purpose; and that, in the opinion of this Committee, all plans intended to secure the advantages of rapid transit for the lower part of the City to the Upper should be so arranged as to be run in connection with the road to be constructed on the Fourth-avenue, and that the width of said Fourth-avenue should be increased and taken for that purpose; and further that the cost of the construction of the roadways or tunnels north of Forty-second-street be assessed upon and equally imposed upon the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company, the City at large and the owners of property directly benefited by the improvement, by a commission of three persons, to be appointed by the Legislature or the Governor, and that after consideration of the various plans submitted to the Joint Committee on Railroads of the Common Council of the City of New-York, for the purpose of facilitating rapid transit from the part of the City to the other, the plan for the formation and construction of the Legislature the plan submitted by I. H. HENRY HOTT as a person head by which the problem of "rapid transit" may be satisfactorily solved.

On motion of Alderman COMAN, the report was accepted and the resolution laid over until the next meeting.

A communication from the Board of Health was read in reference to street-cleaning. It was referred to the Committee on Streets to report thereon.

The Clerk read the report of the Controller for the quarter ending March 31, 1872. It was ordered on file. A communication from, on motion of Alderman CONOVER, the Controller was requested to furnish a report of the income and expenditure of the City and County of New-York for the year 1870.

Alderman VAN SCHAICK moved:

That a Joint Committee of the Common Council be appointed to act in relation to the Democratic Convention to be held at a future day, for the purpose of opposing any amendment to the charter of this City, or to the passage of any charter, or any act of the Legislature affecting the City of New-York, in any manner, that is not approved by the unlimited voters of the City at the next general election, be submitted to the Legislature.

Alderman MCLARNEY objected to the consideration of the motion, as it was out of the general order of business. The motion was, thereupon, withdrawn, but subsequently Alderman VAN SCHAICK moved a suspension of standing orders, which was agreed to. He then presented the motion offered by Alderman VAN SCHAICK, and it was adopted.

A special meeting of the Board of Supervisors was held after the adjournment of the Board of Aldermen. A communication was read from the Controller stating that a balance of $18,274 59, of the appropriation for the Board, remained unused. It was laid on the file.

The Board adjourned after transacting some routine business.

Meeting of the Board of Assistant Aldermen.

The Board of Assistant Aldermen met yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, OTIS T. HALL, President, in the chair.

Assistant Alderman GEIS presented an ordinance

Prohibiting the carriage of butcher's offal, refuse, bones, decayed meat and other offensive articles through the streets of the city, except between the hours of 5 o'clock in the afternoon and 7 o'clock in the morning, under a penalty of $20 for each and every offence.

It was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

Assistant Alderman SIMONSON, Chairman of the Committee on Contested Seats, to whom was referred the petition of HENRY WISNER to be awarded the seat in the Board for Fifth Assembly District, now occupied by JOSEPH ROBINSON, reported

That, in the opinion of the Committee, the claims made, for irregularities of the vote of said district have not been established by competent authority, and we, therefore, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

That the claim of HENRY J. WISNER to a seat in this Board as member of the Fifth Assembly District not having been established, is hereby dismissed and declared duly elected and qualified as member for and from the said district.

The report was received and the resolution adopted. Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs. Foley, Stasom, O'Brien, Galvin, Healy, Hart, Costello, Conor, Littlefield, Simonson, Cumisky, McDonald, Schwartz, and the President—24. Negative—Messrs. Goldington, Strack, Finckney, Wade and Geis—6.

By unanimous consent Assistant Alderman CONOR introduced a resolution protesting against the passage by the Assembly of the bill now before it in relation to the relief of Fourth-avenue, and also against the passage of any bill in relation thereto not now commended by the Common Council. The resolution was laid on the table. The Board then adjourned.

The General Jail Delivery—The Argument Adjourned.

The argument which it was intended should take place in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, before Judge BRADY, was postponed until to-morrow, owing to the fact that neither counsel had been able to secure a certified copy of the decision of the Court of Appeals, by which the Court could be guided in determining the application for the prisoners' discharge. Mr. HENRY WEHLE called attention to the case of one of the prisoners named ERNST, whom he represented as counsel, and who was tried before a Court constituted by two Judges, Messrs. DOWLING and SHANDLEY.

Judge BRADY asked if the decision was not to the effect that it was a conviction before a single Judge which was illegal.

Mr. WEHLE replied that, having argued the Huber case before the Court of Appeals, he there distinctly contended that the Court of Special Sessions, if not organized in conformity with the provisions of the act of 1870, it was illegally organized and without jurisdiction, whether organized with one Judge or Judges, and that the decision went to that extent.

Mr. WILLIAM F. HOWE concurred with Mr. WEHLE as to his interpretation of the decision, and said that, as published in one of the daily papers, it went to the extent claimed.

Judge BRADY said, notwithstanding his great respect for the newspapers, he did not feel justified in a matter of this kind to accept the decision of the Court of Appeals, as published, as being official. In order, therefore, to afford an opportunity to counsel to procure an officially certified copy of the decision, he would adjourn the argument until the 15th inst. It was therefore, mutually understood by counsel for the prisoners and people that all the cases, including 143 in which writs were issued yesterday, should stand adjourned until to-morrow.

Methodist Doctrinal Questions.

The subject of discussion at the meeting of the Methodist preachers yesterday was: "Does the Methodist Church act wisely in requiring assent of members in their admission to doctrinal questions?" Rev. JOHN DICKINSON said that in his opinion, the present articles, twenty-five in number, and selected from the thirty-nine of the English Church, should be stricken out of the Methodist service, as young members were not prepared to give their assent to the articles, without much consideration. Articles were not introduced into the Methodist Church until 1864, and he said they had never done the Church any good.

Addresses were also delivered by Dr. TAGG and Dr. TAYLOR on the subject, after which the meeting adjourned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUBLIC HEALTH PROMOTED! AGRICULTURE BENEFITED!!

GOUX'S

PATENT ABSORBENT CLOSET AND URINAL.

"The Goux system possesses all the advantages of the dry-earth system without its disadvantages; it is economical, disinfecting and self-acting. It removes every house, as excreta, liquid or solid, ashes and sweepings, are disposed of and turned to account; and it is impossible to get rid of them in any other way in large communities. The situations to the ordinary closet, to which they are applicable, are also many, as by the use of the Goux system a water-closet is rendered available for the least desirable of houses, as well as the dwellings of the poor."—Scientific American, Jan. 1, 1872.

For further particulars apply to or address

GOUX'S PATENT DRYING COMPANY,

Corner Varick, Vestry and Canal sts., New-York.

A WIDOW LADY RESIDING PART OF the year in the country wishes to find a young lady as companion who can assist her in the management of her household; a member of a Christian family preferred; a liberal salary will be given to a qualified person; unexceptionable reference required. Address Post-office Box 78, Newark, N. J.

BILLIARD TABLES.

$165.—BILLIARD TABLES EQUAL to best made, at forty per cent less cost; slate beds, best cushions, including balls, cues, &c., $165 to $300. AMERICAN BILLIARD-TABLE COMPANY, No. 806 Broadway.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW and second hand BILLIARD TABLES; also, balls, cues, cloth and everything appertaining to the business. GEO. E. PHELAN, No. 7 Barclay-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

READY TODAY.

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BEAUTY AND THE BEAST,

AND NOVELETTES.

BY

BAYARD TAYLOR.

12mo, cloth, extra.....$1 50

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800 MAJORITY, OR

THE DAYS OF TAMMANY,

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8vo, paper, 75 cents; cloth, $1 25.

G. P. PUTNAM & SONS,

and all book-sellers.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWIN M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SHERMAN.—THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) April 9, at 11 o'clock, within their store,

1,307 packages Messina Raisins, halves and quarters.

At 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 2 East River:

2,258 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.

1,000 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.

1,000 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.

Ship *Lord Lorne*, from Messina.

Immediately after, on Pier No. 9 East River:

1,530 boxes fresh Palermo Oranges.

1,410 boxes fresh Palermo Lemons.

Large *Mail Steamer*, from Palermo.

Immediately after, on Pier No. 20 East River:

4,442 boxes fresh Naples Oranges.

Large Mail Steamer, from Naples.

Immediately after, within their store:

1,100 cases fresh Valencia Oranges.

166 boxes fresh Palermo Oranges.

Ex-steamer *Manhattan*, and can be seen on Pier No. 46 North River.

Also, 200 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons.

Also, 263 boxes fresh Palermo Oranges.

467 boxes fresh Palermo Lemons.

Landing ex *Transcria*, and can be seen on Pier No. 20 North river.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD IRON, &C.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,

No. 49 BROAD-st., CHARLESTON, S. C., April 5, 1872.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, at Fort Sumter, South Carolina, on TUESDAY, the 23d day of April, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following material, the property of the United States, to be promptly removed by purchaser. For previous inspection apply to Lieut. Col. QUINCY GILLMORE, Engineer.

By order of

WILLIAM McCULLOCH,

Captain of Engineers, Brevet Lieut.-Colonel U. S. A.

GEO. A. LLAVITT, Auctioneer.

BIBLIOTECA BARRESIANA, ST. DUROISA.—Clinton Hall Sale-rooms, GEO. A. LLAVITT & CO., Auctioneers. WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 10, at 7½ o'clock, sale of an extraordinary collection of rare early English books, old ballads, with wood-cuts; books of the Plutonella and Shakespeare Societies; Shakespeariana; Dramatic editions, Facetiæ, &c., &c. An unusual opportunity for book collectors. Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition Tuesday morning.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of writs of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of New-Jersey, I will sell at public auction at the City Hotel, Jersey City, on Wednesday, April 10, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, four trunks containing a part of the stock in trade, and other personal effects of the late firm of Stein, Simon & Co., of Baltimore, Md., consisting in part of silk.

SAMUEL PLUMMER,

U. S. Marshal, by J. C. Shanley, Deputy.

JERSEY CITY, April 1, 1872.

C. A. ROSSITER, Auctioneer.

BY JOSEPH HEDGES & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

No. 662 6th-av., near 42d-st.

To parties declining housekeeping we beg leave to offer our services to sell their furniture, carpets, &c., at private residences. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed.

JOSEPH HEDGES & CO., Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, AT 10 A. M., at No. 152 Sixth-av., near Ninth-st., Brooklyn.—Handsome furniture.—Walnut parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, mirrors, carpets, china, glass, &c.

BELL P. TERRILL, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL BY AUCTION, TUESDAY, April 9, at 11 o'clock, at No. 305 West 23d-st., near 7th-av., at the residence of Mr. Walnut parlor, bedroom, and dining-room furniture, mirrors, carpets, china, glass, &c.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, Nov. 13, 1871, Through Trains will leave from New Depot, 42d-st. and 4th-av.

8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Johnsbury.

10.30 A. M. Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

10.40 A. M. Northern and Western Express.

4.00 P. M. Express, on Saturdays.

4.00 P. M. Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.

4.00 P. M. Express, with sleeping-cars for Watertown and intermediate points.

4.00 P. M. Pacific Express with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads; and for St. Louis via Toledo, leaves on Sundays at 4 00 P. M.

11.00 P. M. Express, with sleeping cars for Troy and Albany.

All local trains running North of Yonkers, leave from new depot, Yonkers Special Trains from 30th-st.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 30, 1871, trains will leave Hunter's Point as follows:

8.30 A. M. Greenport mail train.

10.30 A. M. Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Hunting ton and Northport Passenger trains.

2.00 P. M. Greenport Express, Harbor Express, (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)

4.00 P. M. Express trains for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport.

5.30 P. M. Northport way train.

All trains connect at Branch for Hempstead.

Sunday trains for Huntington, Northport, Roslyn, Glen Cove and Locust Valley leave Hunter's Point at 9.30 A. M. and 6 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMER SEA BIRD.

FOR NEW-HAVEN AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE NEW HAVEN.
Tuesday, 2d.....5 P. M.	Wednesday, 3d.....12 M.
Thursday, 4th.....5 P. M.	Friday, 5th.....7 A. M.
Monday, 8th.....5 P. M.	Monday, 8th.....7 A. M.
Tuesday, 9th.....5½ P. M.	Tuesday, 9th.....7 A. M.
Thursday, 11th.....5½ P. M.	Wednesday, 10th.....7 A. M.
Friday, 12th.....5½ P. M.	Friday, 12th.....7 A. M.

NORTH RIVER AND NEW-YORK AND ALBANY DAY COMPANY'S ADELPHI and ACHAIA leave New-York, foot Barclay-st., daily, at 5 and 9 P. M. for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie, Athens, Kinderhook, Stuyvesant, Castleton, Rhinebeck, Dobbs Ferry, Irvington, Nyack, Sing Sing and Tarrytown. Excursion tickets issued at reduced rates. Twenty-five tickets at reduced rates to Dyckman's and Tarrytown Ferry runs in connection with Hudson River Railroad trains.

ALBANY AND TROY LINE, LANDING at Catskill, from Pier No. 44 North River, daily; Saturdays excepted. Fare, 50 cents; Hall and Stateroom, $1. Connecting at Albany and Troy with NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD, connecting with railroads to all stations West and North, will leave as above at 5 P. M. Freight at reduced rates.

C. D. HANCOCK, General Agent.

FOR TROY DIRECT.—CITIZENS' STEAMBOAT Company of Troy.—Steamers SUNNYSIDE and CHRISTOPHER LEGGETT, daily, from foot of Courtlandt-st., at 5 P. M. Passengers ticketed and baggage checked via Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroad. JOSEPH CORNELL, Supt.

TO BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS in Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Save time. Steamer leaves Catharine-slip at 11 noon, Sundays excepted.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Pier 28 North River, New-Haven at 5:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

COAL.

BEST LEHIGH AND LOCUST MOUNTAIN COAL.—Stove, egg and furnace, $6 large nut, $5 50, per ton of 2,000 pounds, screened and delivered. THOMAS STOKES, corner 23d-st. and 10th-av.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 21st day of March, A. D. 1872, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of REUBEN H. HINSDALE and EDWARD E. D. DOUGHTY, of the City and County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register in Bankruptcy, No. 4 Chambers-st., in said District, on the 26th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 12 o'clock M.

GEORGE H. SHARPE,

United States Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HERMANN BOLTE, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts, pursuant to the Acts of Congress in such cases made and provided. Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear at the Court, to be held at the City of New-York, in said District, on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of said District Court, before Isaac DAYTON, one of the Registers of said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 4 Chambers-st., Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. Dated New-York, 3d April, 1872.

GEO. P. ESTEN, Clerk.

No. 2,286.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH B. CLARK, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—At Chambers, in the City of New-York, in said District, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1872.

On reading and filing the petition of the said Joseph B. Clark, praying that he may have full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under the Bankrupt Act of the United States, and the matters therein set forth, it is

Ordered, That the said petitioner be required to appear before the Judge of this Court, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the Chambers thereof, in the City of New-York, in said District, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be published in the New-York Times, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all creditors and other persons interested may then appear before said Judge, at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, That notice be given by the Register to all known creditors, by depositing in the post-office, in the City of New-York, a copy of this order, postage paid, directed to each of such creditors at the place of residence stated in the schedule of said petitioner, at least thirty days before the said 18th day of April, A. D. 1872.

And it is further ordered, That the said petitioner forthwith cause notice of his application and of the order thereon to be published in the New-York Times, a newspaper printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks before the said 18th day of April, A. D. 1872.

By the Court.

SAMUEL BLATCHFORD, Judge.

Attest: WILLIAM MYERS, Deputy Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—DISTRICT OF NEW-Jersey.—At Newark, the 1st day of March, A. D. 1872.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JAMES B. VARNDELL, of Orange, in the County of Essex and State of New-Jersey, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.

E. N. MILLER, Assignee, &c.,

No. 752 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

mh26-law3wTu*

INSTRUCTION.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 49 WASHINGTON SQUARE (SOUTH.)

DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, PRINCIPAL.

Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

GOLDSMITH'S WRITING COLLEGE, removed to No. 187 5th-av., corner of 22d-st. Private instruction in penmanship and book-keeping. Success guaranteed. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

REMOVAL.

Mlle. ROSTAING'S French and English Protestant school for young ladies. The Spring term will open TUESDAY, April 2, at a special attendance of all the pupil is requested at her new residence, No. 31 West 22d-st., near 6th-av.; day scholars residing below 24th-st., will be sent for daily without extra charge.

FEMALE COLLEGE, HOBOKEN-TOWN, N. J.

Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D., President. Spring session begins April 8. For terms, &c., address as above.

A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Superior advantages. Address H. W. SIGLAR, Principal, Newburgh Institute, Newburgh, N. Y.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH and French boarding and day school for young ladies and children, No. 302 West 20th-st.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE, Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1867. Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

AN ENGLISH CLERGYMAN, M. A., M. A.D., residing near London, Mathematical Examiner and Preacher in modern languages, Trinity College, will receive three pupils into his family with the above object. For further information address E. W. RHINELANDER, Esq., No. 61 Broadway-st., New-York.

A FRENCH CLERGYMAN, FOR SEVeral years pastor in this City, being about to send his family to a good locality in New-York or the vicinity, from May 1 to Sept. 1. He will teach, besides French, all the high branches. Address Mr. CHRISTEN, No. 9 University-place, City.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL." FOR children, on the principles recommended by young ladies; established 1870; object, the physical, mental and moral development of children; also, special advantages to ladies not desiring the routine of school. Miss M. W. OGE, Principal, No. 15 West 42d-st.

BURLINGTON COLLEGE, BURLINGTON, N. J.—For Boys. Right Rev. W. H. ODENHEIMER, D. D., Rector. Thorough instruction in classical, mathematical, scientific and moral culture. Spring Session begins April 24. For terms, &c., address Sharon Rector, Burlington College.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT Barrington, Mass.—A boarding school for twenty boys in Southern Berkshire; superior accommodations, great instruction. E. A. SEDGWICK, Principal.

BORDENTOWN FEMALE INSTITUTE, NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Rockland Female Institute will open Sept. 26. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

PROF. S. W. BURNHAM'S SCHOOL of Elocution will open for English, classical and German pupils on the 15th inst. Circulars and conference at rooms.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.—LONG known for its high character and its moderate rates. Address THOS. HANLON, A. M., D. D., Pennington, N. J.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE, HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., established in 1856. LAVALETTE MORTON, A. M., Principal. A select boarding school for ten boys; terms moderate.

ALONZO BLACK, PRESIDENT OF Claverack College and Hudson River Institute, Claverack, N. Y., public received at any time; both sexes; fall a year; circulars on application.

MRS. HARWOOD'S SELECT BOARDing school for ten young ladies, on the South Observatory Rhine, near New Brighton, S. I.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR Young Ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY L. NELSON.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES at Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

A LADY WHO SPEAKS ELOCUTIVE the French, German and English languages, wishes to teach and take the entire charge of two or two children. Address S. E., No. 176 Johnson-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—AT BURLINGTON DOLLEGE, Burlington, N. J., a thorough and competent instructor in Greek and mathematics. Applicants must be graduates of a college graduate of experience preferred. Address RECTOR, Burlington College.

A GENTLEMAN DESIRES A SITUATION as private tutor during the summer months or for a longer period; will give best City references. Address PRIVATE TUTOR, Times Uptown Office, No. 544½ West 23d-st.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!

HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Waters's NEW SCALE PIANOS, at prices unprecedentedly low, FOR CASH, OR ON THE MONTHLY INSTALMENT PLAN; to let and rent applied if purchased. New 7-octave pianos, carved legs and all modern improvements, for $200 cash, $10 per month. Second-hand pianos from $50 cash, $5 per month. Pianos to exchange, new for second-hand. Agents wanted. Great inducements to the trade. Circulars mailed.

AT HAINES BROS.

NO. 27 UNION-SQUARE.

The celebrated HAINES PIANOS UNSURPASSED FOR TONE, FINISH, &c.

At very low figures for cash or by instalments, on most favorable terms.

One second-hand 7-octave piano, in elegant order, cheap.

A SACRIFICE OF PIANOS.—UNION SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent $5 per month. Rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. HALLET, BELL'S, No. 6 Union-square. (No. 16, 4th-av.)

MAGNIFICENT ROSE-WOOD PIANO, 7-octave, made to order, carved legs, fully guaranteed, finest tone and touch, cost $700, for $275. Also, one 6½-octave, elegant rose-wood case, in perfect order, $150. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $125. Also, several second-hand pianos, $50 to $100. Also, one 7-octave, rose-wood case, $200. Also, several second-hand melodeons, $30 to $60. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $75. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $50. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $40. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $30. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $25. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $20. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $15. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $10. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $5. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $1. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $0.50. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $0.25. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $0.10. Also, one 6-octave, rose-wood case, $0.05. 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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—THE VETERAN.—Mr. Lester Wallack, Miss Rose Gerson.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—FOUL AND FAIRMAN JOE.—Mrs. John Wood, Mr. Mark Smith.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—PLOT AND PASSION.—Miss Carlotta Le Clercq.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—GOLD.—Miss Jean Burnside and Mr. James H. Taylor.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—ARTICLE 47.—Mr. George H. Griffiths and Miss Fanny Davenport.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—LALLA ROOKH.—Mr. J. B. Studley, Miss Edith Challis.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY.—Mr. G. L. Fox and Kiraly Troupe.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—VARIETY PERFORMANCE.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.—LITTLE DON GIOVANNI.—The Chapman Sisters.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES.—Afternoon and Evening.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—NEGRO MINSTRELSY.—FARCES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.—EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC and ATHLETIC FEATS.

EMPIRE RINK.—BARNUM'S MUSEUM, CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE. Afternoon and evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—LECTURE by John B. Gough. Subject "Circumstances."

ADELPHI HALL.—Grand CONCERT.—Miss Emma G. Thursby, Miss Matilda Toedt and others.

APOLLO HALL.—FAIR for the benefit of St. Luke's Home.

The New-York Times,
DAILY, WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

This journal is now thoroughly identified with the greatest political necessity of the hour—uncompromising warfare against all forms of corruption, whether in national or local government. For years past the TIMES has been exposing the demoralizing schemes of self-interested politicians, and its recent warfare upon the Tammany Democrats has been received with universal approval. It has adhered to the pledge given in its original prospectus, more than twenty years ago, that the public should be truly represented, and their interests faithfully guarded through its columns. Its record has been pure and honorable, and the highest aim of its proprietors is to render it more and more worthy of its past history, and of the confidence which the public repose in it. Two out of three of the original proprietors still direct its policy, and guide it on all public questions. They purpose that the TIMES shall continue to keep clear of all narrow and unworthy influences and cliques, and aim to represent the great body of the public, as distinguished from personal factions. It occupies a perfectly independent position, and is free to speak the truth on all subjects and about all men. Its greatly increased circulation throughout the country adds to its power and influence. It will continue to be a faithful exponent of Republican principles, and advocate with untiring energy every cruse which tends to further the welfare of the people.

A very full summary of news, and many general articles of great interest, are published in the Semi-weekly editions; and in the Weekly edition there is an unabridged report of the proceedings in the Farmers' Club, an excellent summary of political information, and a great variety of matter suitable for family reading.

The NEW-YORK TIMES is pre-eminently a family paper, all objectionable advertisements being rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

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The SEMI-WEEKLY, ten copies one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club).....25
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum.....2
The WEEKLY TIMES, five copies, one year.....8
The WEEKLY TIMES, ten copies, one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club).....15
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Subscriptions to either of our editions received for a less length of time than one year at the yearly rate.

Additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post-office Money Orders if possible, and in larger number of these can be procured than in any in a registered letter.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

To Advertisers.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 23d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; No. 206 West 23d-st., opposite Grand Opera-house; and No. 1,241 Broadway, between 30th and 31st sts., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ The NEW-YORK TIMES has opened a branch office in Brooklyn at No. 44 Court-st opposite the City Hall, where advertisements will be received until 5 P. M.

☞ *Throughout the Presidential canvass, we shall publish fuller reports of meetings and conventions in each State than any other New-York journal. The letters and dispatches we received from New-Hampshire and Connecticut afford examples of the thorough and impartial manner in which our correspondents will perform their work. Very full dispatches will be forwarded by telegraph, supplemented by careful letters. Our wire is to place before the public the latest and most trustworthy information, and we have made ample arrangements for that purpose.*

As a further example of the thoroughness with which this is being done, we refer to our returns from the Connecticut election, which were earlier, more complete, and more accurate than those of any other New-York paper.

Of the "hundred days" forming the regular session of the Legislature, but two days now remain. Is it unreasonable to say that the public have no great reason to be satisfied with the way in which the time has been spent? When about a month of the session had passed away, we begged members to give their attention to practical business. We were then told that we were "impatient"—and so it has been ever since. The lobbyists have had everything their own way at Albany—A. D. BARBER & Co. have never done a much better business. We are now in the second week of April, with no arrangements made for the election of new officers, no new charter, not a single thing done which the people expected to be done when the Legislature met. Yet we are still told that if we say anything about it we shall "do harm." Suppose the people say something about it? After all, it is their business, and perhaps the "politicians" would scarcely presume to tell them that it was like their impudence to interfere in the affair. If somebody does not wake up, we shall find that Reform has come to a sudden end.

On the 1st of March, 1860, the total amount of yearly interest on the debt of the United States was over one hundred and twenty-six millions, ($126,368,350.) Now it is less than one hundred and six millions ($105,904,998.) The annual saving to the people of the country, therefore, by the payment of the debt reported by the present Administration, is more than twenty millions of dollars ($20,464,352.) Do the people think they will fare any better at the hands of the Democratic Party, either acting in their own name, or under the disguise of the Cincinnati Party?

An evening paper is responsible for a very circumstantial confirmation of the cable dispatch, announcing that a satisfactory basis for the settlement of the dispute growing out of the Treaty of Washington, had been arrived at. The reported mode of reconciling the position of the two Governments, receives, as will be seen, no confirmation in our Washington dispatches. It is somewhat improbable that our Cabinet has, as yet, taken any definite action whatever on the subject.

"Hunger supplies sweet sauce," says the old proverb, and it is on this principle, we presume, that we are to account for the apparent satisfaction with which the papers that support the Cincinnati Convention hail the New-York secession. They assure us that HORACE GREELEY has a "larger following" than any single politician in the country, and that he, in fact represents the "Fenton Wing" of the New-York Republicans. Courtesy to guests requires a gentle greeting to the great New-Yorker, no doubt, but we advise our Cincinnati friends not to put too much confidence in Mr. GREELEY'S views of his "following." When a man runs behind his ticket almost uniformly, it would seem that he was better calculated to drive men out of the party than to lead them out. Moreover, we should say that Mr. FENTON would dispute the claim to represent the "Fenton wing" of New-York Republicans, and Mr. FENTON does not openly espouse the Cincinnati movement.

The meeting to be held at Brevoort Hall to-night, will consider a subject of the highest importance to all classes of citizens. "What should be done to compel the Harlem Railroad Company to sink their tracks and arch them over from Forty-second-street running north," is a question which not only interests up-town residents and property-owners, but has a direct bearing on the pocket of every tax-payer. Mr. WHITMACK'S bill as introduced into the Legislature, provided for the payment of one-half the expense of sinking and covering these tracks by the City. The bill as reported from the Committee on Railroads, has eliminated all the salutary provisions of the original measure, but has scrupulously maintained the clause about the half payment. In other words, the City is to be called on to assist a corporation which is immensely rich and whose business is of the most profitable kind, to make certain alterations in their track, which will be very convenient for them, and very injurious to the interests of the City. Both Mr. VANDERBILT and the Legislature must be made to understand that the City will not, willingly, pay a cent toward any scheme which stops short of restoring Fourth-avenue to public use. If to-night's meeting fails to give forth a very certain sound in regard to the contemplated outrage, it will be too late either to protest or complain, after the plan of the majority of the Railroad Committee has been accepted. The question comes up as the special order before the Assembly to-morrow, and the action taken on the matter, cannot, therefore, be too prompt or decided.

The full text of the Soldiers' Homestead bill will be found in another column, and it is a document which will interest many thousands of our readers. Under its provisions every person who served in the army or navy ninety days, and has since remained loyal, is entitled to a quarter section of land. This is understood to include the militia who were mustered into the service in 1862-3, and are known as the "three months' men." The claimant may enter on the land by an agent, and the agent may occupy the land, the period of his occupancy being reckoned in the five years' residence required. This term is further reduced by the period of actual service, or in the case of disabled or wounded men, by the term of enlistment. Thus, a man whose service extended over two years will require but three years' residence, either by himself or agent; and a man who enlisted for three years, and was discharged wounded, will require but two years; but at least one year's residence will be necessary in any case, and the claimant must, before the time closes, enter upon the land in person and commence settlement.

To-morrow the Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania meets at Harrisburg for the nomination of candidates for most of the State offices, and for the election of delegates to the National Convention. From our correspondent on the spot our readers receive this morning a full account of the situation. It will be seen that the feeling of confidence is strong, and that the sentiment in favor of the renomination of President GRANT is decided. The Cincinnati belters will receive but small comfort from the Republicans of Pennsylvania.

The Republican Party and Gen. Grant.

One of the trumpeters of the little faction of grumble and fuse that is about to hold a Convention at Cincinnati, takes Vice-President COLFAX to task for advocating the renomination of Gen. GRANT on the ground that the ascendency of the Republican Party cannot be safely or wisely surrendered. That such a surrender would be either wise or safe is, of course, not openly proclaimed by any man who professes to be a Republican; but the ground is taken that because Gen. GRANT, by his policy, and by his distribution of patronage, (and chiefly, it would seem, by the latter,) has offended this faction, therefore they will withdraw from the ranks of the party on his renomination. "And then," they cry out, "where will the Republican Party be?" The obvious answer to this question is—just where the Republican Party was before most of these men were heard of; just where it would be if all of them were to disappear from the face of the earth.

The great party which has controlled the affairs of this country for the last twelve years does not exist upon the sufferance of the leaders of a small minority of discontented members. If the Republican Party can be destroyed or must collapse because of the defection of certain persons, although some of them may have done it good and well-remembered service in days gone by, perhaps it might better be allowed to go to pieces; for it might well be doubted whether such a party had strength and vitality enough to be safely intrusted with so grave and exacting a task as the shaping of the public policy of a great nation for four important years. But, if such were the measure of its strength and its coherence, its position would not be what it is at present. No party ever attained a commanding position in any country at any time that held such a shaky lease of life. Men are very apt to over-rate their importance to the world, even to their own little world. The best of them may be removed from it, or they may remove themselves, and it is marvelous how things will go on pretty much as they went before.

The "scoreheads" insist not only upon having their own way, but, like the obstinate old fool in the play, upon their own way of having their own way. They will assert, and require that all the world, including their fellow-Republicans, shall believe that the President is insisting on his renomination, and that thus he is the chief disorganizer of his party. Of all political pretenses there never was one more impudent than this. Whoever knows anything of Gen. GRANT knows that the desire of office and political influence is no part of his character. The Presidency sought him, not he it. That is as well and as widely known as that the sun rose this morning. He could not at first be persuaded to listen to proposals that he should be nominated; and he yielded only because it was made clear to him that the good of the whole country required from him the sacrifice of his feelings and his interest. After he WAS nominated he was, indeed, desirous of election, and since his inauguration he has also shown a strong interest in the success of his Administration; but these are virtues, not faults in his character. Eight years ago a great many men found out that he put his heart into whatever he undertook, and that, once committed to a course, he pursued it with invincible determination. But if these Cincinnati factionists think that it is he that insists upon his renomination, they are destined to an eye-opening that will astonish them. The President doubtless desires the success of the Republican Party; but when he resigned his position as General of the army, he sacrificed his own feelings from a sense of duty. His present assailants are well aware of that fact.

The renomination of Gen. GRANT is insisted upon, not by him, but by at least the great majority of those who first nominated and then elected him. They now wish his renomination, because they believe that although all his acts have not met with the unqualified approval of all his supporters, no man that ever sat in the President's chair has done that, not even the first, and best and greatest,) yet he has administered the affairs of his high office faithfully, and on the whole wisely and well. This reason is of a positive sort; but in addition to it there is another of political prudence hardly less strenuous. It is this: that with the renomination of Gen. GRANT, the success of the Republican Party seems, at present, certain, as absolutely certain that in that case the Democrats are inclined to let the canvass go by default; whereas if Gen. GRANT is not renominated, the present prospect is that the Democratic Party will lift its head again; that old party lines, such as they were before the war, will be sharply redrawn; that many Democrats who did vote for GRANT, and who would vote for him again, but for no extreme Republican politician, will fall away, and that so, indeed, the Vice-President's fear might come to pass, and the ascendency of the Republican Party would indeed be surrendered. The existence and the coherence of the Republican Party does not, as we have said, depend upon one man or one set of men. But its success in any particular canvass more than that of any other party, does depend upon the man whom it nominates. For its voters do not go to the polls by platoons, and vote at the word of command; its ranks have been recruited from the thinking, independent men of all parties. Let us not be told that these are the men who are going to Cincinnati to grumble and fuse. Who they are we all know. If the term political hacks could be applied to any men whose names have come into notice in the Republican Party, it would belong to them. And whom could they nominate that would command such a support as Gen. GRANT will command? Whom could the whole Republican Party itself nominate with such prospect of success? Let us consider that question first, and it will bear thinking of a little while. If the Republican Party do not renominate Gen. GRANT, whom can it nominate, not as a reasonably fit man for the office, but as one who is both reasonably fit and whose election is as nearly sure as any future human event can be?

A Charter Convention.

The Board of Aldermen has adopted a resolution, authorizing a Joint Committee of the Common Council to memorialize the Legislature to allow the citizens to elect delegates to a Convention, for the purpose of proposing amendments to the City charter, or of framing a new charter, either of which are to be submitted to the people at the next general election, and, if approved of, recommended to the Legislature. A similar plan was mooted after the great Reform victory of November last, but met with very little favor from any class of citizens. The great majority of our respectable voters were perfectly prepared to intrust this delicate and difficult task to the Committee of Seventy, Reform Associations all over the City have, without exception, approved of their work; and yet the State Senate has insisted on so defeating and distorting this measure that its original efficacy has been lost, and its authors, and the Reformers whom they represent, have unanimously disowned it. If the majority of the Legislature record it as their deliberate opinion that New-York, as represented by the Committee of Seventy, is not the best judge of its own wants, we can find no reason to warrant the supposition that they would be better prepared to accept the work of New-York as represented by a Charter Convention. It may seem very desirable to the Board of Aldermen to gain time for the purpose of framing a charter which would lengthen their tenure of office. To the vast majority of our citizens, it is of the highest importance that the Legislature should settle the matter now. The voters of New-York have spoken as unequivocally on the subject as they are ever likely to speak, and the Legislature cannot shift one jot of the responsibility of disregarding the popular voice, by listening to the proposal of any such makeshift as a Charter Convention.

We do not like to regard even the possibility of another year of desultory discussion over a city charter. If such a thing should unhappily become necessary, the Committee of Seventy owe it to themselves and to the people who delegated to their hands the prosecution of the struggle for reform, to retain their organization and their purpose intact. At the very opening of the next session of the Legislature, the new charter, with such amendments as further experience may suggest, must be presented to the Assembly whose New-York members at least, have, meanwhile, been elected on a platform of which the Charter formed one of the planks. Local Senators who have opposed the greatest product of the reform movement, must also be treated to a little plain-speaking from their constituents, similar to that administered to Senator TIEMANN. The Reformers of New-York must act in the interval on O'CONNELL'S great watch word, "Agitate, agitate, agitate!" and the battle of thorough City reorganization and impartial City representation must be fought out till it culminates in victory. We need hardly say that we earnestly hope that such a continuance of the struggle may, even yet, by the agreement of the Conference Committee of the Legislature, be rendered unnecessary.

The Erie Ring.

It is but simple justice to the *Tribune* to say that if, by any chance, it strikes a blow at the corruptionists of the New-York Rings, it is ready to make prompt and ample apology to them. It attacked MILLER, and in a few days took it all back again. On Saturday excess of zeal on the part of some misguided subordinate, happily accompanied by a lapse in editorial supervision, produced a strong article in the *Tribune* rejoicing over Gen. BARLOW'S suit against the old Erie directors, and hitting a series of double blows at JAY GOULD and PETER B. SWEENY. They were denounced as the *dei ex machina* of the Erie and Tammany Rings. As for the first, he was "a miser," to whom the unfortunate FISK was but the convenient "mask." As for the second, he was "a guilty potter of power," to whom TWEED served but as "a shield." "Both had fallen through the lack of shrewdness, or the recklessness of their chief tools," though whether it was folly or carelessness which caused FISK to allow himself to be the victim of STOKES' bullet was not intimated. "Each was scheming to defend himself and to regain lost power," and the community were warned with refreshing emphasis, quite foreign to the journal in question when speaking of these men, that they were alike "desperate in defeat and more dangerous than ever."

Mr. GREELEY appears to have spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday in turning over this remarkable article in "what he is pleased to call his mind," and on yesterday morning he announced the result to the public. By that time the suit to recover the stolen property of the Erie shareholders assumed an entirely different character in his eyes. It had been stated that it was brought with the cooperation of the new Board, but Mr. GREELEY proceeded to exonerate them from what he evidently thought was a disreputable imputation. "On the contrary," he declares, "they are carefully but vigorously putting the affairs of the road in the best condition," a labor which he seems to regard as inconsistent with any legal pursuit of their rascality predecessors. In this labor they were receiving valuable assistance from Mr. JAY GOULD. Our own opinion is that Mr. JAY GOULD could give much more valuable assistance to the Attorney-General in his very praiseworthy undertaking, if he chose to do so, than to the directors in their engrossing effort to put the road in good condition. Mr. GREELEY thinks he was right to prefer the safer business, and he is "not inclined to approve, except upon the clearest information, any interference with it." The suit of Gen. BARLOW, if resolutely pressed, and especially if aided by the information in the possession of the new Board, would, of course, prove a very serious "interference" with GOULD'S pleasant and profitable connection with that body. It will not be Mr. GREELEY'S fault if anything so unfortunate occurs.

Mr. GREELEY further declares that he "ought to add" that PETER B. SWEENY has not been connected with the Erie Road for several years, and "is nowise responsible for its more recent mismanagement." Mr. SWEENY ought now to be satisfied. The unkind epithets of Saturday are as far atoned for by the *amende* of Tuesday as could be expected in an "independent journal." If the former admirers of Mr. GREELEY are puzzled by this tenderness for the Democratic ring-master, we think we can help them to an explanation. Mr. GREELEY is committed to the Cincinnati Convention, where he expects to secure a nomination which will depend for its value on the co-operation of Democrats. He cannot, therefore, afford to offend the great Tammany war-caller, nor risk the loss of the aid of his "towering spirit" in the coming contest. Mr. SWEENY, as the *Tribune* very properly remarked on Saturday, is "desperate in defeat, and more dangerous than ever." He can still control many thousand legal votes, and many more illegal ones, and votes are what Mr. GREELEY just now would do anything to secure.

Mexican Outrages.

The bitter complaints of the Texan Press respecting Mexican depredations in the country between the Nueces and the Rio Grande, have been supported by an official affirmation that shows the subject to be one of considerable gravity. Whatever the technical objections to the indictment presented by the Grand Jury to the United States Court for the Eastern District of Texas, the facts recited demand and should receive immediate attention. There are reasons why our Government should be sedulous to avoid needless complications with Mexico at this time; but there can be no reasons strong enough to warrant us in standing tamely by while the territory of the United States is invaded and ravaged, and the lives of its citizens wantonly sacrificed.

The report of the Grand Jury, which we published on Monday, sets forth that sixty thousand square miles of Texan soil have been pillaged by armed bands of Mexicans coming from beyond the Rio Grande; that since the close of our civil war in 1865, 420,000 head of cattle, valued at over six millions of dollars, have been stolen and driven across the frontier into Mexico; that, as incidents of these raids, a number of murders had been committed—those of Inspectors DUPONT, HAMMOND, PHELPS, and MCLAUGHLEN, all not only citizens, but officials of the United States, being specially instanced; and that, in consequence of these and many other thefts and outrages, the territory named is in a state of chronic apprehension and decay, to the ruin of business and the paralysis of all forms of industrial development. The local Press sustains these allegations by numerous examples. The San Antonio *Herald* declares that between Feb. 15 and 20 four large droves of stolen beeves were crossed into Mexico between the Florida and Santa Maria Ranches. These are on the Rio Grande, some thirty miles above Brownsville. The droves in question numbered over two thousand head; and, as they are worth twenty dollars apiece, it follows that a loss of forty thousand dollars was inflicted on our people by this single "operation." The thieves do not, however, appear to have realized so large a sum for themselves, whatever the profit of those who direct and act in concert with them on Mexican soil; for it is reported that on the 6th of March Señor CARDENAS, the Alcalde of Matamoras, bought six hundred American beeves for three dollars a head, the rest having been driven, as is supposed, into the camp of Gen. CORTINA.

The marauders are asserted to be almost exclusively Mexican soldiers; and it is asserted, but not proved, that they act by permission, if not by the direct orders, of Gen. CORTINA. This officer is the senior Mexican commander on the line of the Rio Grande, and serves, of course, the Juarez Government. The Americans of the neighborhood are persuaded of his inveterate hostility to this country, and aver that nothing will put a stop to the deeds complained of except a military occupation, temporary or other, of the entire region. In the meantime, Hon. JOHN HANCOCK is besieged with letters from his constituents urging him to invoke the protection of Congress; and Mr. BROOKS introduces his bill for extending a Protectorate over the whole of Mexico. The expediency of such a step we will not at present discuss. It is the remedy urged so warmly by Gen. SAM. HOUSTON as the sole cure for just such evils as those now complained of on the Rio Grande; and it may be that experienced veteran was right. It is moreover the wish of Texans themselves—so far as we can gather from their Press—as discriminated from annexation. But, whether either project be put in practice in the future or not, our citizens have certainly a right to look for present protection; and, pending the consideration of Mr. HANCOCK'S proposal for a commission, the force of cavalry on the line of the Rio Grande should be at once increased, and other needful protective measures instantly devised.

It is evident that the difficulties of the situation are seriously augmented by the fact that so large a part of the population of the invaded section is of Mexican birth or origin. Between the Lower Rio Grande and what is known as King's Ranch, nine-tenths of the inhabitants are of that race. It is natural that some sympathy should exist between these persons and their lawless countrymen, and that if they do not openly aid and abet, they at least do not oppose or inform against them. The universal statement of the ranchéros is that the thieves always threaten them with death should they give information; and the universal fact seems to be that it is Americans who are despoiled, and that very little is ever heard of what is going on until the plunder is safely over the border. The current excuse of Mexicans on either side of the Rio Grande is that the Nueces River is the northern boundary of the State of Tamaulipas, and that, consequently, the country invaded belongs to Mexico. Of course this theory conveniently leaves out of account the Treaty of 1836 and that of Guadaloupe Hidalgo; but still it may as conveniently be used in the way of color or palliation as a like doctrine by the old Scottish borderers. The difficulties of which the wild raids of these latter worthies formed only a part were never really and finally settled until the people on both sides the disputed line obeyed a common Government; and to many the analogy has undoubted attractions. But whether the acquisition of Mexico, or the extension of a Protectorate over Mexico, be desirable or not—whether either act would constitute an element of strength or of weakness—it will not answer to let these complaints from the Rio Grande pass unheeded; they should be answered at once, in a way to assure the protection of American citizens, and to uphold the dignity of the Government.

Greeley and Jeff. Davis.

Mr. GREELEY appears to be anxious that his exploits during his Southern tour should now be forgotten, and nothing angers him more than any mention of his obsequiousness to the secession chief and to the adherents of the Lost Cause. Yesterday, having undoubtedly "worked himself up on toast and water," after the manner of the late Mrs. Tony Weller, he broke out in a violent tirade against the TIMES, and denied, with much wealth of vituperation, that he ever "went anywhere to shake hands with JEFF. DAVIS," at the same time characterizing the very straightforward and explicit statement of the TIMES as to that exploit as a "back-handed assertion"—whatever that may mean.

Even at the risk of again exciting the anger of Mr. GREELEY, it is worth while to recall to his failing memory the facts attending his last interview with DAVIS. The rebel Ex-President had just returned from a speech-making tour through the South, in which he had expressed the bitterest secession sentiments. At Atlanta, in the latter part of May, he said: "I am not one of those who accept the situation." " " " "I don't believe I did any wrong." About the same time he made a speech at Selma, Ala., in which he asserted that "State sovereignty, although defeated in the late struggle, will ultimately triumph," and again boastingly claimed that "he had never asked pardon for what he had done, and never would, for he felt that he had done no wrong." Such were the public utterances of this traitor a few weeks before Mr. GREELEY hastened to exchange compliments with him.

At the same time, Mr. GREELEY was also making a Southern tour, and profusely flattering the secessionists. At Galveston, according to the Galveston *Bulletin*, "he complimented the Southern people for the manly manner in which they made war; that they did it nobly, and not as assassins." At Vicksburg, he is reported in the Vicksburg *Herald* of June 2, to have spoken as follows: "I greet you here as citizens who will, in turn, feel honor in the glory of Stonewall JACKSON, as well as those who were in the opposing armies, [cheers;] who will glory alike in the glory of R. E. LEE, as well as those who fought against him." In this work of winning future rebel votes, he did not confine himself to praising noted rebels, but unqualifiedly indorsed the doctrine of secession. Speaking specifically of secession, he said: "We have no other doctrine respecting secession than that embodied in the preamble to our fathers' Declaration of Independence, namely, that 'Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed,'—which consent the governed have the right to withdraw. Our fathers felt themselves justified in seceding from and dividing the British Empire on this ground, renouncing their allegiance to the Crown, whereof they had been born subjects, and whereto they had sworn fidelity. Having been educated to believe them right in their revolt, we shall not willingly defile their graves at this late day." We quote literally from the reports printed in the local papers at the time.

It was natural that two traveling speech-makers, holding substantially the same views, should feel drawn toward one another. Accordingly we find that when JEFF. DAVIS was at Memphis, after the various speeches to which we have referred had been delivered, Mr. GREELEY went to shake hands with him. The *Memphis Avalanche* gave a full account of the meeting of these two great men. DAVIS was staying at the Peabody Hotel, where Mr. GREELEY also lodged. "Mr. GREELEY inquired concerning his health, and was informed that Mr. DAVIS had been looking for a call from him all the morning, and had just left the house." This mutual search of one for the other soon succeeded in bringing GREELEY and DAVIS together. About 12 o'clock Mr. DAVIS "was ushered into the presence of his admirer, at whose hands he met a very cordial reception. Mr. DAVIS was dignified and somewhat formal"—as became a man so respectfully sought after—"while Mr. GREELEY was frank, easy and quite talkative." They conversed together for some time, and "at the conclusion of the interview Mr. DAVIS withdrew, with a stately bow, and in a few minutes after, Mr. GREELEY was en route for the railway depot."

In the face of all this evidence—for the facts above stated are notoriously true, and it is only very lately that Mr. GREELEY has ventured to deny "seeking out JEFF. DAVIS to exchange compliments with him"—the perpetual candidate now hurls his most unsavory epithets at the TIMES for simply chronicling his public actions during his Southern tour. Much, however, must be pardoned to a man who has vainly sought office for a life-time, and now fancies that he sees the Presidency almost within his grasp. Even in the midst of his wild rage of yesterday, he managed to make a new appeal for his anxiously-sought nomination by promising that if elected President, "he would save his unselfish friends from embarrassment by not running for a second term." This promise, however, will not be believed. Mr. GREELEY has too often violated all the pledges furnished by the record of his early political course to be trusted. Elect him President upon a one-term platform, and at the end of four years he would be sure to retire from the political partnership of his friends, as he did from the "firm of SEWARD, WEED & GREELEY," on the old pretext of his insatiable thirst for office.

MINOR TOPICS.

The ancient City of Antioch has just suffered severely from an earthquake. Half the town is said to be in ruins, and fifteen hundred lives are reported to have been lost. This is by no means the first calamity of the kind to which Antioch has been subjected. In the year 148, B. C., it was entirely destroyed by an earthquake; and in the years 458, 526, and 587, of the Christian era, it was again ruined by the same terrific agency. It recovered in a great measure from these disasters, but in 1822 another earthquake leveled it to the ground, and since that date its population has never reached beyond six thousand. The greater part of its houses at the present day are built of mud and straw, its mosques are insignificant in appearance, and the dwarfed appearance of its minarets shows the fear of earthquakes on the part of the inhabitants. It is difficult to understand how an earthquake in such a city could have been attended with so great a loss of life.

We trust the friends of the negro among the Cincinnati seceders appreciate the efforts of their prospective allies, the Democrats, to filibuster the Civil Rights bill to death. That measure has now been in the Lower House nine weeks, and action has been prevented on it by dilatory motions from Democrats, which will probably defeat it. This will be one of the many awkward things the Cincinnati men will have to explain when they seek, as they say they will, the votes of the Southern negroes.

The London *Economist* figures out a surplus for Mr. Lowe of about $10,000,000. This, a fact tering exhibit for England, will seem to most American readers a moderate cause for congratulation, compared with the amounts which have poured into our own Treasury for the last three years, and which have enabled the Administration to reduce the debt $200,000,000, while abandoning nearly $700,000,000 of taxes. But it must not be forgotten that taxation in England is subjected to the closest scrutiny, and that the constant effort is, not to produce a surplus for the payment of the debt, which is regarded as substantially permanent, but to keep the taxes down to the lowest possible point. Moreover, the English method of administration, whatever objections there may be to it, secures consistency in the financial policy of the country, and for this, as well as other reasons, there is no possibility of such accumulations as we have seen here, which have been to a curious extent unlocked for.

What has become of the promised investigation into the affairs of the Corporation Counsel's office? We trust the Legislature will not adjourn without seeing to it that "poor RICHARD" receives his fair share of the spoils. It is rumored that an effort has been made, of course in the interest of Messrs. WILSON, PORTER, and the rest to have this inquiry stifled. We are confident, however, that no such injustice to Mr. O'GORMAN will be permitted. The people are anxious to know all about those wonderful street openings, whose cost would seem to indicate that our thoroughfares were to be paved with gold and cemented with diamond-dust. Let us have the secret history of the street opening "Ring."

The employes of large commercial houses in this City seem to be pretty thoroughly impressed with the notion that pedestrians have no right whatever to a use of the sidewalks during business hours. The result of this delusion is to place the lives of hundreds of persons in jeopardy every day. All kinds of goods are handled in the most reckless manner, and the wonder is that the cases of accident, or, in other words, of wilful maiming, are not more numerous. Recently, an action brought in the Supreme Court of this State to recover $5,000 damages for injuries done a boy named KUTTNER, terminated in a verdict for the plaintiff. About four years ago the boy, while returning from school along West-street, was struck by a barrel rolled from the store of the defendant, and hurt so severely that he did not recover from the effects for three months. An set-off to the claim, it was submitted that KUTTNER had been injured by his own carelessness; but the jury very properly took a different view of the matter, and awarded the father, as guardian, $750 and costs. A few more examples of this kind of justice would be calculated to exercise a very wholesome influence.

Most of us have heard of that King of Spain who was frightfully burnt about his face, because the proper official was not at hand to pull him back from the fire. Probably King AMADEUS, being an interloper, who has come to the throne in an irregular sort of way, would, under like circumstances, commit some grievous breach of etiquette, but his subjects are in their way as tenacious of the ancient proprieties as their monarch grilled in story. The *Imparcial*, a leading journal of Madrid, recounts how, when a train was going to start lately, a corpse was found on the track. The stranger, unconscious of *Cosas de España*, would have instantly suggested getting it off. He would soon have been made to feel the monstrosity of the proposal. It is necessary in Spain for the body under such circumstances to remain where it lies for the inspection of a particular official. He was sent for. Not for ten hours could the functionary be discovered and brought to the body, and meanwhile the traffic was suspended. In the interests of the traveling public in Spain it is to be hoped that people who feel like dying will be so obliging as to refrain from walking on railroads. A notice to this effect should be posted.

The case of the late Earl of ABERDEEN, which attracted so much attention here a few years ago, is now before the House of Lords. That Chamber is very jealous of any one getting into its august precincts who cannot show a very clear right of entry, and the present Lord is endeavoring to prove his claim to admission. Lord ABERDEEN was at the time of his death passing under the name of OSBORNE, and Lord CHELMSFORD put a pertinent question as to whether there was any reason why he should specially have selected that name. The family could not throw light upon it. Sir ROUNDELL PALMER says the case is not concluded, but there can be no doubt, it is said, of the identity of OSBORNE with ABERDEEN being conclusively proven.

Committee of Seventy—Meeting Last Night.

The prospects of an election before next November for Municipal officers excites a growing interest in the meetings of the Committee of Seventy, and last evening the Committee rooms at No. 61 Union-square, were crowded with members. Hon. WM. F. HAVEMEYER, the Chairman, called the meeting to order at 8 o'clock, and after the reading of communications by the Secretary, Mr. SIMON STERNE, and their reference to appropriate subcommittees, a long discussion followed on how best to constitute the people of this City in the interests of good government for the people rather than for the purposes of politicians. In the discussion the Chairman and Secretary and Messrs. Charles Waterman, Joseph H. Choate, John Wheeler, Frederick Schoch, Emil Sauer, Henry Clews, William C. Barrett, Jonathan Sturges, Jackson S. Schultz, Joseph Blumenthal, Roswell D. Hawley, John Foley, George W. Lane and others participated for a brief time.

The discussion was long, and ended by a declaration that a document expressive of the sense of the Committee be prepared and given to the public.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Preparations for the Republican Convention at Harrisburg To-Morrow.

Probable Candidates—Approval of Gen. Grant by the Westmoreland County Convention—The Success of the Party Apparently Certain.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 8.—One of the most important State Conventions of the year will be held in this city on Wednesday next, when the Republicans of Pennsylvania will nominate candidates for Governor, Supreme Court Judge, Auditor-General, fourteen delegates to the Convention called to amend the State Constitution, and will elect the full delegation of Pennsylvania to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia. But few of the delegates have arrived as yet, but most of them were elected by county conventions some time ago, and the temper of the body which will assemble on Wednesday is already, in some respects, beyond conjecture, as the sentiments of the majority of the delegates have been fully expressed.

It is generally conceded that the Philadelphia delegates will be in favor of the renomination of President GRANT, whether instructed to that effect or not. The voice of the State Convention has already spoken that for Westmoreland County, which resolved that in the strong common sense, purity of purpose, and decision of character so happily blended in our present Chief Magistrate, Gen. U. S. GRANT, is found the true explanation of the complete success thus far of his administration of national affairs; our confidence in him is undiminished, and we are sure we simply express the common sentiment of the true, tried, faithful, honest Republicans everywhere, as well as honest men of all parties, when we say that he has shown as much ability and patriotism in the discharge of his duties as President of the Republic as he did while perilling his life at the head of the Union Army to save the life of the nation from armed treason and rebellion.

As a further evidence of the spirit which will probably be discovered in the Convention, it may be added that the Westmoreland County Republicans presented the name of Senator JOHN SCOTT for Vice-President of the United States, and recommended that the delegation of the State should press him for the nomination at Philadelphia.

In State affairs there is not the same unanimity of sentiment, and the session promises to be sufficiently exciting to be interesting. A dozen gentlemen of prominence and worth as Republicans are named for the office of Governor, but the contest is in fact between Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, of Montgomery, present Auditor-General; Gen. HARRY WHITE, of Indiana, now Senator from the Twenty-fourth District; Col. FRANK JORDAN, of Bedford, present Secretary of State, and Hon. W. W. KETCHUM, of Jefferson. The Convention will be composed of 133 members, and of these the friends of Gen. HARTRANFT claim ninety on the first ballot, which would, of course, nominate; but the friends of the other candidates deny this claim, and the division of the Convention generally named for the first ballot is about sixty votes for HARTRANFT, twenty-five each for WHITE and JORDAN, twenty for KETCHUM, and the remainder scattering. The chances are largely in favor of the nomination of Gen. HARTRANFT. For Supreme Judge, only three candidates are spoken of, the present being Hon. Ulysses MERCUR, of the Bradford Circuit, a prominent member of Congress. For Auditor-General, Gen. ALLEN, of Warren; Col. JOHN W. GHAMPSON, of Butler; EDWARD SCULL, of Somerset, and Col. POWER, of Lawrence, was spoken of, with the chances apparently inclining to Gen. ALLEN. It will be impossible, however, for the Convention not to present a strong ticket, as all of the gentlemen mentioned for the various offices are known as zealous Republicans and citizens of high character. Notwithstanding the Gray-McClure contest, the general condition of the Republican Party of Pennsylvania is most satisfactory. The presence of scorpheads in the ranks, who will drift off to Cincinnati, is admitted; but these are fewer in number and of less influence than was anticipated, and their defection cannot put the success of the party in the State in doubt. With wise action on Wednesday the Republican majority of over 14,000 last Fall can even be increased in October and November next.

LATEST—GEN. HARTRANFT THE PROBABLE CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

10:20 *P. M.*—The latest observations of the situation show that Gen. HARTRANFT will be nominated for Governor certainly and most probably on the first ballot. It is almost as certain that the delegation to Philadelphia will be instructed to vote for Gen. GRANT as the first choice of the Republicans of Pennsylvania for President. In addition to the work of the Convention already mentioned, it will select an electoral ticket. No names have yet been mentioned as likely to be on it, nor has any one been named as a delegate to Philadelphia. E. C.

Leading Provisions of the Bill Providing for a Constitutional Convention.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania at its recent session adopted a bill providing for a convention to revise the Constitution of the State, and it is thought certain that the Governor will sign it. The bill provides for the election of delegates to be held on the second Tuesday of October next, and specifies that the Convention shall consist of 133 members, who shall be elected on the cumulative system. Within fifteen days after the election is held the Secretary of the Commonwealth will, in the presence of the Governor and Auditor-General, count the returns of votes received, and the Governor will thereupon issue his proclamation declaring who have been chosen members of the Convention. It will be the duty of the latter to assemble at Harrisburg on the second Tuesday of November and organize. The Convention is altogether debarred from altering or considering any change or provision, either in the language or spirit of the ninth article of the present Constitution, commonly known as the Declaration of Rights. "But the same shall be excepted from the powers given to said Convention, and shall be and remain inviolate forever." The sole function of the Convention is that it shall be competent for the people, established or submit any proposition for the establishment of a Court or Courts with exclusive equity jurisdiction. The Convention will submit the amendments agreed to the qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection at the October election, and at such time as it shall decree; and all amendments adopted by a majority vote of the electors voting thereon will become a part of the Constitution.

OBITUARY.

George Dietz.

Mr. GEORGE DIETZ, a veteran of the German Press of this country, died on Sunday, at his residence in Eldridge-street, of appoplexy, at the age of sixty-four, and will be buried at Brede-wood to-morrow. He was a native of the town of Wetzlar, and emigrated to this country thirty-five years ago. Since 1831 he has been connected with the New-York *Staats Zeitung*. He served in the war against Mexico, and after the campaign, was engaged as a writer on several Western papers. On his return to New-York he was engaged as an editor on the *Staats Zeitung*, and during the last few years of his life has been part proprietor and editor of the Hudson County *Volks Bote*.

Rev. Dr. Morgan.

Rev. N. J. B. MORGAN, D. D., a prominent minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died on Saturday, in Anne, Arundel County, Maryland, in the sixty-first year of his age. He had been a delegate to the General Conference of his Church for five consecutive sessions, covering a period of twenty years.

The Seventh District Indorsing the Administration.

A meeting of the Seventh District Grant Club was held last night. JOHN D. LAWSON delivered an address, in the course of which he said that the result of the Philadelphia Convention would be the renomination of Gen. GRANT, but the party should make his election not only certain but triumphant. Having read the call of the Cincinnati Convention and the manifesto of Mr. GREELEY and others, with the main principles of which he did not find fault, he observed that those engaged in the movement could not expect, by dividing the party on questions that all are agreed upon, to have them prevail in the councils of the nation. He characterized certain passages in the manifesto as equivocal. On the question of amnesty the party had been explicit, and confined its action to those who asked for it, while Gen. GRANT favored a more generous policy. He concluded his remarks by stating that the movement grew out of questions of a purely individual, and his neglect or refusal to reconcile the claims of certain gentlemen to office or their withdrawal of Government patronage. The following were elected for the coming year: John H. Lavan, President; H. C. Bedford, W. H. Dundas, Vice-Presidents; J. A. Richmond, Treasurer; Edward Hendersen, Recording Secretary; Francis Meulin, Corresponding Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatricals.

"PLOT AND PASSION" AT BOOTH'S THEATRE.

Miss CARLOTTA LE CLERCQ, having appeared in a character of SHAKESPEARE'S and in one of SHERIDAN KNOWLES', during her present engagement, gave her audience a taste of variety last night by essaying a part in romantic drama of the French school. There is much scope in the heroine of Mr. TOM TAYLOR'S "Plot and Passion" for the display of those qualities that endow Miss LE CLERCQ with her peculiar powers and reputation. There is opportunity, that is to say, for a mingling of the sportive sallies of comedy with the deeper and subtler shades of earnest feeling. The lady is one of the few artists who are equally happy in both. The comedy has not a little elegance, gayety and spontaneousness; and her sentiment is genuine and enforced. These accomplishments would be more effective, however, in a play less uncouth in diversity of character, and better provided with incident, breadth of color and basis of action than is "Plot and Passion." It is true that *Desmarais* is a great part, and we must do Mr. ROBERT PATEMAN the justice to say that he plays it remarkably well—with keen insight and much pictorial vigor and even intensity. But the figures of the drama are, for the most part, mere sketches which even great actors might fail to render interesting, and which the performers intrusted with them on this occasion make dull, conventional and uninteresting. We fear that, on the whole, the choice of this play was a mistake, fine as is Miss LE CLERCQ'S impersonation of the heroine, and clever as is some of the author's writing. The present engagement required at this juncture something of positive strength, and such a selection assuredly does not answer to the description. The house was, however, respectable in numbers, the applause, especially for the efforts of Miss LE CLERCQ, was frequent and hearty, and there was much in the performance to command intelligent approval. "Plot and Passion" is to be repeated on the evenings of Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday; but on Thursday and Friday and at the matinée on Saturday Miss LE CLERCQ will play *Juliana* in TOM TAYLOR'S "Honeymoon," and *Anne Carew* in TOM TAYLOR'S "Wolf in Sheep's Clothing"—a combination much better adapted to draw money to the house, if not to set off her fine qualities, than the drama in which the lady last night appeared.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

The house formerly known as the Globe was reopened, last evening, as the Broadway Theatre. A drama called "Gold" was produced on that occasion. "Gold" was written for Miss JEAN BURNSIDE by Mr. R. G. MORRIS. Of its merits as a play, yesterday's rehearsal could supply no indication. It has rarely been given the critic to attend a more contemptible representation. Miss BURNSIDE discloses not only no special fitness for the profession she has adopted, but she appears to lack the physique which would allow of the development of any excellences her quite confidential performances might have revealed. If we except Mr. JAMES H. TAYLOR'S personation of *Charles Torrence*, whose neatly-written lines were cleverly delivered, there was not a redeeming point of the recital to mention. Details of such an entertainment are not needed.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.

The Chapman sisters, BLANCHE and ELLA, appeared at this theatre last evening in the burlesque of "Little Don Giovanni," in which their personal attractions and vivacity secured the artists a flattering reception. During the night an amusing rehearsal of the Boston Peace Jubilee was given by the Hernandes family. The entertainment concluded with the farce of "Slasher and Crasher." Matinées with the same programme will occur every Wednesday and Saturday.

Musical.

"RIGOLETTO" AT THE ACADEMY.

"Rigoletto" was repeated at the Academy of Music, last evening, with the same strong distribution of roles which produced so pleasant an effect on Monday last. An overflowing audience enjoyed the performance, which suggests no comments supplementary of those already made. VERDI'S opera will be done once more at the Saturday matinée, and the composer's "Il Trovatore" will be the attraction to-morrow evening. On Friday, it is believed that "Gli Ugonotti" will be in readiness for rental.

MISS WILSSON'S PERFORMANCES.

"Amleto" was admirably sung at Booth's Theatre, yesterday afternoon, by Miss NILSSON, Miss CARY, and MM. BARRE, JAMET, and BRIGNOLI. The fine scenery used for the performance of the tragedy was shown during the entertainment, and the impressiveness of the opera was materially increased by the beauty of its fresh stage-costume. The house was filled, of course, in every part. On Saturday afternoon next Miss NILSSON and Mr. STRAKOSCH'S artists will appear there once more. "Faust" has been selected for recital on that occasion.

City and County Finances.

Appended is a statement of the amount for which warrants have been drawn, and for what purposes, against the City and County Treasury during the quarter ending 31st March, 1872, amounting in the aggregate to $15,580,449 14.

Also a comparative statement of the City and County debt, as of the 1st January and 31st March, 1872, with a statement of, and for what purposes, stocks have been issued during the same period:

Statement of warrants drawn during quarter ending March 31, 1872. On City account:

Assessment fund	$188,850 00
Arrearages of 1871	1,402,044 32
Cleaning streets and crosswalks	67,337 50
Donations, (special) per TAX LEVY, 1870	5,000 00
Department of Public Parks	780,000 00
Department of Docks	50,000 00
Department of Public Works	393,666 72
Department of Public Instruction	570,000 00
Department of Police	325,000 00
Department of Finance	26,416 13
Errors and delinquencies	28 01
Fire Department	292,500 00
Foundling Hospital, support of foundlings	14,500 00
Interest	50,000 00
Judiciary	651,119 76
Law Department	6,000 00
New-York Bridge Fund	342,000 00
Public Charities and Correction	315,000 00
Removing night soil and dead animals	12,500 00
Salaries of Officers	1,500 00
Tax Commissioners	274 05
Revenue bonds of 1871	1,871,100 00
Salaries—Legislative Department	42,000 00
Executive	3,375 21
Judiciary	28,719 44
Legislative	6,419 46
Total, County	$ 4,168,113 00
Total, City and County	15,580,449 14

City and County Debt, less Stocks, Bonds and Cash in Sinking Fund.

	Dec. 31, '71.	March 31, '72.
City:		
Amount of debt payable from sinking fund	$22,516,216 20	$22,670,666 20
Amount of debt payable from taxation	28,150,282 61	28,543,682 01
Amount of temporary debt	14,944,000 00	14,944,000 00
Amount of revenue bonds	4,679,100 00	6,550,100 00
Amount of debt payable from taxation	28,228,282 61	28,978,282 61
Amount of revenue bonds	650,000 00	1,512,700 00
Total	$102,351,782 61	$104,199,782 61
Deduct sinking funds	23,166,216 20	23,420,787 94
Total	$79,185,566 41	$80,778,994 67

Stocks issued from Jan. 1 to March 31, 1872.—County of New-York: Public schools, $1,200; docks, $50,000; public parks, $1,000; New-York Bridge, $50,000; public parks, $311,800; arrearages of 1871, $1,000,000; Department of Public Works, $50,000. Total, $1,871,100.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

East Tennessee and Illinois both promise large fruit crops.

The President has been suffering from a cold for two or three days.

Captain-General VALMASEDA, of Cuba, has gone to Santiago de Cuba.

The King and Queen of Denmark, and the Prince and Princess of WALES, left Rome yesterday.

A fire at No. 128 Washington-street, Boston, yesterday, damaged the stock to the extent of $5,000.

Ex-Mayor CHARNON denies that he is an applicant for, or would accept, the Postmastership in Richmond, Va.

Rev. W. F. KRAMER, a somewhat promising young minister of the M. E. Church South, has become an Episcopalian.

New-Haven people begin to think they must have a new Capitol if they wish to remain one of the capitals of Connecticut.

Reports have been received that the County Treasurer's office at Walla Walla, Oregon, was entered by burglars and robbed of $30,000.

The Republicans of Colorado will hold a delegate convention in Denver, on Thursday, May 23, to elect delegates to the Philadelphia Convention.

Twenty dollars were received at the Treasury Department, yesterday, from an anonymous correspondent in New-York, to be credited to the conscience fund.

The Wilwaukee (Wis.) *Sentinel* insists that there ought to be a large proportion of business men in all our legislative bodies, and especially in Congress.

The Springfield *Journal* promises that Illinois shall, in November next, give the usual 20,000 majority for the nominee of the Philadelphia Convention.

The City Hall, at Bangor, Me., was crowded last night to hear the report of the Committee appointed last week to suggest measures to promote manufactures in Bangor.

A brakeman named SWALLOW, a resident of Greenbush, was killed at Yonkers yesterday, his head coming in contact with a bridge on the Hudson River Railway.

It is reported that an expedition made up in Honolulu has sailed for the Arctic regions to secure everything valuable left of the American whaling fleet wrecked there last year.

Our Western exchanges show that cerebro-spinal meningitis prevails very generally in Northern and Central Illinois, Northern Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota.

The Clapton members of the Republican State Committee, of Arkansas, have called a Convention for the 18th of May, four days prior to the Convention called by the Brooks members.

The Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, and Indianapolis German papers are as loyally and radically Republican as ever. Some of them, too, are rather severe upon Senator SCHURZ.

Mr. Justice FIELD, of the United States Supreme Court, yesterday decided in favor of JOSEPH H. BRADLEY, SR., who appealed from his debarment by Judge FISHER in a Washington Court.

Information has been received in Washington that FRANÇOIS JULES PILET DE LA ROSE, the eminent Swiss scholar, scientist and statesman, died at Geneva on March 15, aged sixty-three years.

The store No. 325 Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, was entered by burglars on Saturday night, who came down through the roof. HENRY DU PUY, SR., lost $9,000, and KNEASS, SON & CO. $3,000 worth of goods.

The lights intended to illuminate the New-Haven City Hall clock are not put every Saturday night at 10 o'clock, because the janitor doesn't fancy getting up early Sunday morning to extinguish them.

A boy named CYRUS BALLOU, about twelve years of age, was drowned at Fonda, N. Y., yesterday, by the capsizing of a boat. Two men, named COLE and WILDE, were with him in the boat, and were with great exertion rescued.

A fire yesterday afternoon in Cleveland, Ohio, destroyed a building on Carter-street owned by C. WILSON and occupied as a paper manufactories. Loss on building, $35,000; no insurance. WHITWORTH & STEWART'S loss is $9,000.

The Kuklux trials will be resumed at Charleston, S. C., today, before the United States Court, Judge BOND presiding. Many prisoners and witnesses are present from the interior counties and remain in military custody.

Bids were opened at the Treasury Department, yesterday, for the construction of a new revenue marine propeller, for use in New-York harbor. The bids are now being considered, and the award will probably be made in a day or two.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, speaking of and for its class, says that SUMNER is fully as distasteful as GRANT, if, indeed, not more so, and that they of the South would have as little to hope and as much to fear from the one as the other.

Several companies have been formed lately to found towns on the southern coast of California, in Santa Barbara, Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties. The chief industry of the settlers is to be the cultivation of the semi-tropical fruits.

It is understood that the National Democratic Committee will meet in Washington about the 25th inst., in order to adopt measures to secure the immediate and thorough organization of the Democratic Party for the Presidential campaign.

A frightful tornado swept over Brownsville, Tenn., today, blowing down many dwellings and causing serious and injuries. A number of persons—one, Mrs. BURROUS, fatally. A cabin, containing a dozen negroes, was turned over several times without hurting anybody.

Ex-Gov. VANCE made a political speech in a North Carolina town a night or two ago. We are told by the local papers that he gave a full and searching review of the situation, and handled the Radicals and their corruptions with the severity they fully deserve.

Col. J. W. FORNEY, Jr., has retired from all connection with the Washington *Sunday Morning Chronicle*, in order to secure his old position of managing editor of the Philadelphia *Press*. Mr. D. C. FORNEY is now sole proprietor of the *Sunday Chronicle*.

A defalcation has been discovered in the Money-order Department of the Post-office at Fort Wayne, Ind. The loss is known to be over $5,000, which will probably be increased. The Assistant-Postmaster admits the defalcation, but cannot account for the loss. He says he has not taken a cent of it for his own or other's use.

The Vicksburg (Miss.) *Herald*, wishing all the unemployed in the cities to come into the the country, says: "Come where you can swing a hoe, wield a Cyclop arms; where the earth not pains, repairs the fading bloom; where you can spread hospitality's board for the stranger, and care not a fig for the King on his throne."

Two young colored men fought a duel with small swords in New-Orleans, on Tuesday, and one was slightly wounded in the breast. One is a son of an Internal Revenue assessor, and the other a son of a Custom-house official. The quarrel grew out of Commissioner GRIFFIN before the Congressional Investigating Committee.

The late WILLIAM NEWTON, of Albany who left an estate valued at $270,000, bequeathed $5,000 to the Albany Guardian Society and Home of the Friendless, and $5,000 to the American Baptist Free Mission Society, for general charitable purposes, and $10,000 for the special purpose of translating the Bible into the Japanese language.

In his parting message to the Illinois Legislature, Gov. PALMER says that body has no distinguished for its prudent industry, for its fidelity to constitutional principles, for its freedom from the slightest suspicion of corruption and for an independence of action, looking only to the maintenance of its own just authority, without interference with the proper functions of the other Departments of the Government.

EXECUTION IN TENNESSEE.

A Negro Hanged for Murder in Columbia in the Presence of 10,000 or 15,000 Persons—Singular Demonstrations by the Spectators.

Special telegrams from Columbia, Maury County, Tenn., to the Nashville *Republican Banner*, give the following account of the execution of a negro in that place on Friday last, for the murder of his wife:

"In 1870 BOB BRATTY killed his wife under circumstances of peculiar atrocity, after deserting her for another woman. It was proven in his trial that he had threatened to murder his wife, and when her body, mutilated and battered, was found in a creek not far from where they lived, all the circumstances pointed directly to him as the perpetrator of the crime. He had a fair trial in the Court held at this place, and a full hearing in the Supreme Court, but not a point was developed upon which to hang a doubt as to his guilt. Though frequently urged to do so, he made no confession, but asserted his innocence to the last. The only intimation that he gave was in a recent letter to the woman who had induced him to leave his wife. He wrote to the effect that, though she had been the cause of all his trouble, he had never loved any other woman, and loved her still. The crowd which witnessed the execution was estimated at from 10,000 to 15,000, two-thirds of whom were negroes. They began pouring into town as early as 8 o'clock this morning. BRATTY was taken from the jail at 21½ o'clock, by Sheriff LAFFA, and placed with his coffin in a wagon, which moved, as well as it was possible for it to do, at the intolerably slow pace of a funeral procession. The gallows was erected on the bank of Duck River, about a mile west of town.

"After reaching the gallows Rev. BLACKMAN WILLIAMS read a portion of the twenty-second chapter of Solomon, and made a very feeling talk to the prisoner. Then came the hymn, 'Show pity, Lord; O Lord, forgive,' the chorus of which was being sung by the 10,000 negroes present, when Mr. BRATTY, at the earnest request of the sheriff, prayed earnestly for him, after which the negro was permitted to walk around the gallows at liberty to talk if he wished.

"BRATTY said: 'My friends, I have but a short time to live, and I wish to devote my last moments to telling the truth.' He then went on to relate a good deal about his sickness and watch-spending, but said he had never stolen wheat, corn or bacon, &c., and declared his innocence of the murder to the last. He spoke over half an hour, evidently for the purpose of putting of the fatal moment as long as possible. Sheriff LAFFA, though, declared, to be as brief as the law permitted, would not help glamour once in a while at his watch. [?]

"A great many of the doomed man's friends came to the foot of the gallows and bid him fare-well. He received them with stoical indifference. After he had finished, Sheriff LAFFA adjusted the rope, pulled the cap over his face, and, telling him a prayer, with a quick stroke blew out the rope, and the wife-murderer awoke into eternity, amid the most deafening and apparently religious yells it is possible to imagine, from the throats of at least a thousand horror-stricken negroes. The women, especially showed great excitement—some of them shouting 'Glory!' Glory!' and even rolling upon the ground in their frantic demonstrations. This is explained by the fact that BRATTY told them all he had repented and wanted to meet them in heaven. His colored sisters really thought they were helping him on the road to immortal bliss. After hanging about twenty minutes, and being pronounced dead by Drs. HARRISON and FELROW, BRATTY was cut down and carried to his grave, which was but a few steps up the river from the gallows, and buried by his friends. They then had another big singing and praying, after which all quietly dispersed."

GREAT BRITAIN.

An April Sunday Over from New York and Hints—The Parks and Street Banks Crowded.

LONDON, April 8.—Yesterday the weather was fine and warm, the sun shining out with unusual brightness for the climate and season. London was literally out of doors. The reclaimed lands along both side of the river Thames, known as the Victoria and Albert embankments, which have recently been converted into pleasure grounds were uncomfortably crowded with people. All the parks were thronged from morning until night. The bands of music at Regents and Battersea Parks attracted shoals. The river steamers were crowded to their utmost capacity, and every other public place was utilized by lots of working people—men, women and children—enjoying the bright day and pure air.

No accident or disturbance is reported, although the number of people in all the places of resort was unusually large.

John Bright to Resume His Seat in Parliament—The Ballot Bill.

LONDON, April 8—Evening.—It is announced that Mr. JOHN BRIGHT will resume his seat in Parliament in a few days. He will, however, take no active part in public affairs, and has no intention of again entering the Cabinet. The House of Commons this evening took up the Ballot bill in Committee of the Whole. Mr. BENTINCK and other Conservatives proposed amendments, which were successively rejected.

Sentence of a Murderess.

LONDON, Ont., April 7.—PRUDEN CAMPBELL has been found guilty of the murder of her husband, and sentenced to be hanged on June 20, 1872.

The Queen's Assailant and the Tichborne Claimant—Cuples in Cuba.

LONDON, April 8.—The Grand Jury met at the Old Bailey today, and was charged by the Judge respecting the case of D'CONNOR, the assailant of the Queen, and CASTRO, the Tichborne claimant. Mr. SCHENCK, the American Minister, has returned from Paris. In the House of Commons, today, Viscount ENFIELD, Under Foreign Secretary, in response to an inquiry of Mr. THOMAS HUGHES, stated that the Government were aware that the Spanish authorities had prohibited Chinese laborers from leaving Cuba. Mr. LAYARD denounced this action, and urged that a remonstrance be sent to the Spanish Government. Mr. BOURKE, today, formally withdrew from the Chairmanship of the Committee on Ways and Means. Messrs. GLADSTONE and DISRAELI eulogized the retiring officer; after which Mr. BONHAM CARTER was installed as his successor.

NOTES FROM THE PEOPLE.

"Delay Won't be Bad."

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

These are the words which were indorsed on his brief by one of the Ring lawyers, in a case submitted to Judge BARNARD, as appears by the evidence before the Committee now investigating the charges of corruption against the notorious Judges, who have made the judicial name in this State almost a disgrace. These words aptly describe the tactics which the accused Judges have themselves adopted, instead of a defense to the charges. Delay is to Judge BARNARD now the one thing needful. The money accepted from GOULD and FISK, the chairs with his monogram, he does not deny; but if the Committee can only be held back and the matter postponed till the last days of the session, there is hope left that able management by expert lobbyists may prevent a vote of expulsion. The evidence already in is damning, and there is no need of any stronger case. Hitherto the friends of the Judges have succeeded in preventing its publication. The interests of justice demand that they should succeed no longer. Publish the evidence and it will be impossible to prevent the Legislature from acting. Public opinion, after the record is fully shown, will demand instant action. It is wonderful that the Judges have so far been able to succeed in preventing publicity. They have been at work secretly but with a large and powerful clique, in manufacturing public sentiment, preparing the public mind to expect that the case for the prosecution would break down. The scraps of evidence which have been published have been shorn of their stings, until a very general opinion existed outside the Bar that the investigation was a fizzle. This, at any rate, is the way it has been read by members of the Bar Association have the utmost confidence that they have made out a strong case, and that opinion is shared by the whole Association. Let the evidence be published; let an outraged public know just what has been proven against the Judges, and then, they are arraigned, as the old writs run, before the people themselves, they will not have the temerity to plead not guilty.

A MEMBER OF THE BAR.

The Charter.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In reference to the Seventy's Charter, as it seems to be destroyed by the amendments in the Legislature, I beg to suggest that another mass-meeting be held in Central Park, with a monster petition to the Legislature to adopt and pass the original charter, as it seems to be the best that can be had, and will satisfy the great mass of the people of New-York. There should be, say 100 tables with desk or table, pens, ink, &c., so that 50,000 to 100,000 names could be signed in a few hours.

I presume we have the right of petition remaining to our masters, or servants, (?) viz., the Legislature.

A TEN-YEARS SUBSCRIBER TO THE TIMES.
NEW-YORK, Saturday, April 6, 1872.

Sheffield Scientific School.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A few days ago I read in your valuable journal an article on "Science and Classics" and today another on "Clerks out of Work," and I am deeply impressed with the soundness of your views, and the great good the discussion of these subjects must do among parents who desire the welfare of their children. I have several boys growing up, and being a poor man, and hoping that their lot in life may be more happy than mine has been, it has become an embarrassing question with me what to put them at. The Sheffield School in Yale College, referred to in your article, strikes me favorably, and if you will publish the address of that institution, or the manner in which I can get their terms, &c., you will oblige A PARENT.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 25, 1872.

Our correspondent will obtain from Prof. D. C. GILMAN, Yale College, New-Haven, Conn., any information in regard to the Sheffield Scientific School.—Ed. of TIMES.

A Straw From the West.

From the St. Paul Press, April 6.

Even Democratic Madison went Republican this year by over 200 majority. One instant of the contest is significant. The German immigrants had held a meeting to indorse SCHURZ, and organize a third party. In response a special point was made against a strong Grant Republican German because he would not indorse the Schurz movement, and the result was that he was elected senior Alderman in a Democratic ward.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.... WASHINGTON, Monday, April 8.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate a certified copy of the report of the Investigating Committee of the Kansas Legislature, in relation to bribery and corruption in the Senatorial elections of 1867 and 1871.

Mr. FOSTER moved to refer it to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and said he hoped there would be early action upon it.

Mr. CALDWELL suggested that the case had been delayed long enough, and that the Senate was ready to act.

The report was so referred.

REMAIN MADE BE AMENDED.

Mr. CASSERLY presented a joint resolution of the Legislature of California asking that the limit of time for the completion of the Central Pacific Railroad to the Nevada line be changed from 1874 to 1876, and that the Union Pacific Railroad be required to complete its road to Ogden by the time the Central Pacific shall be completed to that point.

Referred.

THE BOONVILLE BRIDGE BILL PASSED.

Mr. BLAIR called up the bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at Boonville, Mo., which was passed.

CHAIN BILLS.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the unfinished business, the Indian Appropriation bill, came up.

On motion of Mr. HOWE, it was laid aside for the purpose of considering bills reported from the Committee on Claims. The bill for the relief of Mrs. MARTHA HOUSE RUSSELL, of Tennessee, appropriating $5,000 to pay for cotton taken from her estate by the United States for the use of the Union Army after the battle of Stone River, was passed. The bill appropriating $50,000 to J. MADISON BELL, of Kentucky, as compensation for the destruction of his property by the Union Army, was taken up.

Senators SHERMAN and THURMAN wanted the bill laid aside, as it involved a test principle, and overthrew the liabilities of the Government for all property destroyed by the Union Army during its war.

Senators STEVENSON and THURMAN denied that the bill involved such consequences, and argued that the case was not an ordinary claim for property destroyed, but rather a case of taking property for public use.

The bill passed—yeas 27, nays 12.

Other bills were passed as follows: The bill for the relief of the United States Life-Car Company, by issuing to them a certain amount of United States bonds in lieu of bonds destroyed by fire in January, 1868, and refunding to the State the value of certain Treasury notes destroyed at the same time; the bill appropriating $64,000 for HORACE TRUMBULL, of New-Orleans, as compensation in full for work on the bar at the mouth of the Mississippi, and for all claims against the United States; the bill for the relief of JOHN BRADY, of Louisiana, for cotton taken for the use of the army in Nashville, Cairo, St. Louis and Memphis during 1862; the bill for the relief of the heirs of OWEN MORRIS, deceased, of Illinois, for $1,500 in the balance due for injuries done to BOTTS' property by the United States troops during the war; for the relief of the heirs of Colonel of London County, Virginia, for the use of timber cut and used by the United States during the war; for the relief of POWHATAN BECK & DICKINSON, of Knoxville, for paying $64,000 for cotton seized by the agents of the United States Army; the relief of the owners of the bark A. L. PAYNE, then $7,500; to pay MINERVA LEWIS, widow of JOSHUA LEWIS, $6,000 for his steamer, and in capturing Colonel NED. WILLIAMS; authorizing the Internal Revenue Commissioner to refund to JOHN WILLIAMS, Jr., Assessor of Internal Revenue of the Third District of Ohio, for stamps stolen from his office.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

Mr. COLE, from the Committee on Appropriations reported the Deficiency Appropriation bill with numerous amendments, the principal ones cutting down the appropriations for the Quartermaster's Department $1,250,000, and striking out the item of $230,000 for continuing the work on the State Department building.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

On motion of Mr. COLE, the Senate resumed the consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill. The pending question was on Mr. WRIGHT'S motion to reduce the appropriation for the Central Indians in Kansas from $600,000 to $300,000.

Mr. RAWLINS proposed his amendment made on Friday last, to add to the appropriation for the purpose of keeping those Indians quiet, we would have to fight them.

Mr. BLAIR favored the reduction of the appropriation. It was a case of feeding the Indians rather than fighting them. If we had to feed them and fight them, we would feed them rather than fight them.

Mr. WINDOM said that these Pelon Stone Indians were bred by a Chief called SITTING BULL. He admitted that he had instigated the massacre in Minnesota in 1862, and if they could be got at with powder and lead (WINDOM) would willingly resort to that to deal with them. But as that was not the case, he preferred to feed them as the cheapest way of keeping them quiet, and he would add that if the peace policy succeeded with them, it would succeed with every other tribe. There were 4½ millions of Indians in the country. He read a statement from the War Department showing that the expeditions against Indians in 1868 and 1869 cost more than $40,000, and said that if the appropriation of $600,000 would keep them at peace, it would plainly be much cheaper than fighting them.

The motion to reduce the item was lost.

Without disposing of the bill the Senate, at 5:10 P. M., adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SUBDUING THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

The portion of the morning hour remaining after the reading of the Journal was given to motions and votes to prevent any action on Mr. HOOPER'S supplementary Civil Rights bill.

PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL PETITIONED TO THE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. NEGLEY asked leave to introduce a bill reciting that the Pacific Railroad Companies were indebted to the Government $11,854,145 interest paid by the Government on bonds loaned to the Companies, and that the accumulations of indebtedness would amount at the maturity of said bonds to several hundred millions, which it may thereafter be impossible for the Companies to pay, and that it is for the interest of the Companies, as well as of the Government, that this indebtedness should be paid within the time fixed by law; and requiring and authorizing the President of the United States to appoint a select commission of three citizens to inquire into the financial condition of the Companies and their ability to pay said indebtedness to the Government; also to ascertain whether or not the Companies have legally and faithfully applied all their assets to the construction of their roads, and to report such information as may be deemed necessary to secure payments to the Government, and to secure the Government against loss.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York—I object to the introduction of the bill.

Mr. NEGLEY—I move to suspend the rules and have the bill referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The question of the suspension of the rules on the motion was lost—yeas 68, nays 98—not two-thirds.

Mr. NEGLEY—I raise the point of order whether it is proper for the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS), who is a stockholder in those Companies to object.

Mr. BROOKS—I make the point whether an instrument of Wallstreet, who speculates in Union Pacific Railroad stock is the proper man to start an investigation of this kind, and whether he is not a party to the indictment. I deny every statement made by the gentleman.

Mr. BROOKS, (holding up some papers.)—I hold in my hand evidence of the truth of what I say. I know that what I say is true, and I can produce it, and if the gentleman has no objection I would like to read it.

Mr. NEGLEY—I have no objection at all.

Mr. BROOKS—I will withdraw my objection if the gentleman will permit me to introduce these documents.

Mr. NEGLEY—I have no objection. I have no interest in the matter. I am not a dealer in stock. I am not the tool of anybody.

Mr. BAKER, of Massachusetts—I object to anything except action on the request to introduce the bill.

Mr. NEGLEY—I withdraw the request. Some man from Pennsylvania he is allowed to introduce the bill?

Mr. BROOKS—If he permits me to have read all the documents I hold in my hand and that they shall accompany the bill when read, I do not object.

The SPEAKER—The Chair cannot entertain a conditional objection.

Mr. HOOPER—I object.

The bill was therefore not introduced.

THE NEW-YORK MONEY MARKET INVESTIGATION.

Mr. HOOPER, Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, offered a resolution directing the Committee to investigate any national bank alleged to be engaged in a conspiracy to look up currency with a view to produce a money panic, with power to send for persons and papers.

Agreed to, with an amendment by Mr. COX, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report any information he has relative to any such conspiracy, and what legislation is necessary to prevent the same.

THE HOUARD CASE.

Mr. RANDALL presented a petition from the profiles of Dr. HOUARD, pardoned as a political prisoner in Cuba, and offered a resolution reciting the facts in the case, and stating that the alleged disloyalty of Dr. HOUARD consisted in declaring that the judgment of the House, Dr. HOUARD is a United States citizen by birth and continued and unprotected choice, and that the President should properly demand his unconditional release, and the return of his confiscated property, and also demand a full reparation and apology for such indignity and outrage on an American citizen. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, with leave to report at any time.

TIME TO CONSIDER A RAILROAD BRIDGE.

Mr. TWICHELL moved to suspend the rules and make it in order to consider on Wednesday of next week a bill granting the time for the completion of the Atlantic and Pacific and Santa Fé Railroad. The motion was rejected—yeas 89, nays 69; less than two-thirds in the affirmative.

AGED PRE-EMPTORS.

Mr. BARRETT introduced a bill to allow aged and infirm pre-emptors on public lands to make the necessary affidavits before any officer authorized to administer oaths. Passed.

THE CIVIL APPROPRIATIONS.

The House then, at 2½, went into Committee of

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The following business was transacted at the Exchange yesterday, and JOSEPH McGUIRE, by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, under the direction of JULIUS J. LYONS, Esq., referee, sold the four-story brown-stone house and lot, No. 26 East Twenty-second-street, south side, between Broadway and Fourth-avenue, for $66,000; purchaser THEODORE MOSS. The other legal sale by same auctioneer, of house and lot on Sheriff-street, expected to occur, was adjourned until Monday of next week. At a Superior Court foreclosure sale, JOSEPH MEEKS, Esq., referee, MULLER, WILKINS & Co. disposed of a three-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone house and lot, situate on the south side of Eighteenth-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues, for $14,300, which was purchased by the attorney for the plaintiff in the suit. ADDISON BROWN. The same auctioneers also announced that the legal sale of two houses and lots, located on the south-east corner of Avenue A and One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, had been adjourned *sine die*, and this announcement closed the day's proceedings. The legal sale of property at Yonkers, Westchester County, JOSEPH MCGUIRE, auctioneer, noticed for yesterday, did not take place as advertised, but was postponed indefinitely.

The following sales of country real estate were consummated on Saturday, April 6—both by order of the Supreme Court, in partition, Messrs. LEWIS C. PLATT and SAMUEL M. PURDY being the referees respectively. At White Plains, Westchester County, JAMES M. MILLER, auctioneer, a house and forty five acres of land, late the property of JOSEPH MILLS, deceased, and situate on the west side of North-street, adjoining lands of ELIAS BARNES and others, sold for $21,000; purchaser, WALTER T. MILLS, one of the heirs to the estate. At Pelham, Westchester County, D. M. SEAMAN, auctioneer, farm of fifty-four acres, with dwelling-house, barns and outbuildings thereon, situate on the old Boston turnpike and the road to Pelhamville Station, known as the "McClellan Farm," sold for $14,100 cash; purchaser, R. P. BRUNDAGE, Sheriff of Westchester County.

To-day at the Exchange the auctions to be held are of special interest, and the attendance of investors and others should be large. Full details of the proposed sales, with descriptions of the real estate to be offered, were given yesterday, but attention is again particularly called to the sale, by MULLER, WILKINS & CO., of City and other property belonging to the estate of SAMUEL PARSONS, deceased, and to the extensive sale of Brooklyn lots by JERE. JOHNSON. For further information concerning these and the other auctions to occur, reference is made to our advertising columns.

Exchange Sales, Monday, April 8.

NEW-YORK.

By Joseph McGuire.

144 easterly brown-stone h. and l., No. 20 East 22d-st., s. s., 208 ft. w. of 4th-av., lot 20.8x98.9, house 21.8x60. ..... $30,000

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

3 1-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone h. and l., Nos. 7, 9 and 11 W. of 8th-av., W. s. of Lexington-av., lot 18.6x100.5, to Nos. 7 and 9 14,200

Suburban Sales, Saturday, April 6.

WHITE PLAINS, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

By James M. Miller.

Farm containing 45 acres of land, with dwelling and other buildings thereon, w.s. of North-st., adjoining lands of Elias Barnes, Thomas W. Dick and others $21,000

PELHAM, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

By D. M. Seaman.

Farm containing 54 acres of land, with buildings, &c., adjoining Turnpike and the road to Pelhamville Station, known as the "McClellan Farm" 14,100

'Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday, April 6.

Dover-st., s. s., No. 4, 20x82.5 ..... $10,000
Ludlow-st., w. s., very indefinite 2 lots, (mortgage $13,000) 20,000
Wooster-st., w. s., No. 139, 25x100 17,000
9th-st., s. s., 250.1 ft. w. of Avenue D, 12.8x90.10 10,000
125th-st., s. s., 250.8 ft. w. of 2d-av., 21.8x100.5 15,000
125th-st., s. s., No. 75, 20.8 ft. w. of 5th-av., 21.10x100.9 10,100
86th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 25x76.5 (1869) 10,100
86th-st., s. s., lots Nos. 301, 303, 305 and 307, Bay estate 20,000
42d-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 3d-av., 125x100.5, h. and l. 23,500
42d-st., s. s., 225.4 ft. e. of 2d-av., 16.8x100.5, h. and l. ..... nom.
42d-st., s. s., 223.4 ft. e. of 2d-av., 16.8x100.5, h. and l. 3,200
46th-st., s. s., 111 ft. e. of 4th-av., 21x100.5, h. and l. 27,500
75th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 1st-av., 85x102.5 10,000
76th-st., s. s., 98.5 ft. e. of Avenue A, 25x77.10, regular 3,000
90th-st., s. s., No. 227 East, (mortgages $11,000) ..... nom.
90th-st., s. s., No. 229 East, (mortgages, $11,000) ..... nom.
104th-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 3d-av., 20x100.11, h. and l. 7,400
126th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 3d-av., 19.6x99.11, h. and l. (mortgages, $8,000) 8,000
141st-st. and Avenue St. Nicholas, s.w. corner, 114.9x99.11x125.8x102.7 39,000
141st-st., and Avenue St. Nicholas, s.w. corner, 124.10x99.11x125.8x99.7 ..... nom.
1st-av., w. s., 80.6 ft. n. 82d-st., 20.7x41.11, No. 960 37,000
1st-av., e. s., 75.10 ft. n. of 114th-st., 25x98 3,625
Dyckman Homestead, part 1, lots Nos. 15 and 16 5,400

Leases Recorded.

Broome-st., No. 202, 2 years, per year 1,450
103d-av., 20th and 30th sts., 107.6x70x127.6x86.54 lots, N. York Life Insurance Company to Hudson Railroad Company, 21 years, per year 2,000

CITY REAL ESTATE.

THE NEW-YORK LOAN AND REAL ESTATE COMPANY,

NO. 918 BROADWAY, NEAR 21ST-ST.,

Have for sale a furnished house in East 20th-st. $13,500 and $15,500; East 27th-st., $15,000; West 28th-st., $20,000; West 12th-st., $19,000; Lexington-av., $16,000, $20,000 and $27,500; many others at great bargains in good locations.

PURDY & WOODWARD, Agents.

IT WILL NOT BE THE FAULT OF JERE. JOHNSON, JR., if investors and speculators do not attend and secure bargains at the great sale of the Joan S. Bergen estate, THIS DAY. Everybody who has made a fortune knows, or ought to know, about the great auction, and those men and women who have money to invest keep away and miss the great opportunity, it will be their fault and not mine.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR.,
Successor to Johnson & Miller, No. 23 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE THREE-story, high basement brick house, with brown-stone trimmings, No. 345 East 120th-st., north side, 80 feet west of 3d-av.; three minutes' walk from steamboat landing at foot of 120th-st.; built for thirty families from Peck Slip; house 16.8 by 44 feet; lot 100 feet deep; house in perfect order, with all the modern improvements; also, stable adjoining, with necessary alterations for one horse and carriage. Terms reasonable. Apply to THOS. B. TAPPEN, over Harlem Bank, 2d-av. and 124th-st.

NO. 208 WEST 50TH-ST., OPPOSITE Central Park, near 7th-av.

By WM. STREET BAILEY, Auctioneer.

By V. K. STEVENSON & SON will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 10, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., the whole of the handsome and well-manufactured furniture and effects in the above residence. Catalogues at the house, or auctioneer's office, No. 11 Pine-st.

DESCRIPTIVE LISTS, WELL ILLUSTRated and complete with time tables, commutation rates, detailed descriptions of all the towns and villages in Westchester county, and the railway lines upon which they are located, and a very extensive list of property offered for sale, can be had free of charge upon application to A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 9 Pine-st.

A MOST ELEGANT THREE-STORY basement and cellar brown-stone front house, 18.9x 40 feet, on a 100 feet street; has all the improvements, is built in the best and most substantial manner, and is warranted; must be seen to be appreciated; can be bought for $18,000; is worth $17,000. Apply on the premises, 241st-av., near 34th-st.; terms to suit.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY and basement brown-stone house in first-av. between 87th and Madison avs., south side; built by day work; out of the very best material; has all the modern improvements; will be sold low, and on very easy terms; 87th-st. cars, horse from Madison-av., or at J. H. WALKER'S, No. 76 Broadway.

NO. 56 WEST 50TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs., 20x80, lot 102.8, three-story high-stoop stone front house, well planned and very convenient; price low; terms easy. Sales without permit from 8 to 9 A. M.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON,
No. 11 Pine-st.

A FREE REGISTER, WITH PARTICULARS of 2,000 CITY HOUSES and BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE and TO LET; containing CITY MAP, &c., &c., gratis. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 11 Pine-st.

A FREE REGISTER, WITH PARTICULARS of 3,000 City houses and building lots, for sale and to let, containing City map, &c., &c., gratis. Apply to V. K. STEVENSON & SON, Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—MEDIUM-SIZED BROWN-stone house, No. 127 East 76th-st., on Lenox Hill, within a few minutes' walk of the best part of Central Park; 4th-av. arched over; price low; very little cash required. Inquire on premises.

$15,500.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT. Suitable for business or dwelling. No. 30 West 42d-st., near Greene; lot 20x75; two-story and attic house.

S. WILLIAMSON,
President Bull's Head Bank.

FOR SALE CHEAP—TWO BEAUTIFUL three-story high-stoop brown-stone houses, finished in the best manner, all improvements, on 73d-st., between Lexington-av. and 4th-av. Inquire of owner, on premises.

A GEM.—EIGHTEEN-FEET HOUSE FOR sale on East 116th-st, near Central Park; cars and boats; modern improvements and gas-fixtures; nine rooms; desirable for a doctor; price $9,750; easy terms. Call on owner, No. 237 East 116th-st.

FIFTH-AV.—AN EXCEEDINGLY CHOICE three-story and basement, well-built, newly-decorated and elegantly-finished residence, near 46th-st., for sale privately.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—LOT 41.6x80—3D-ST., NEAR Broadway, with buildings, suitable for club or livery stable, or other purposes, at a bargain. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 3½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN, AN elegant four-story brown-stone house on 46th-st., near 5th-av. Possession at once. Apply to S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

HARLEM.—A NUMBER OF HOUSES IN this locality for sale; also, vacant lots; single or in plots. F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 60 Broadway.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

E. H. DREW & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

No. 125 5th-av., between 20th and 21st sts. Branch office No. 257 6th-av., between 27th and 28th sts. Large number of furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Private residences to rent and for sale. Rents collected, &c. Call for printed list in No. 125 5th-av., or No. 257 6th-av.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

SELL—SELL—SELL—PORTIVELY! Saturday, next, without reserve, every lot you offer." Such are the instructions of the owners of the splendid 24 lots on the John S. Bergen estate, to be sold by JERE. JOHNSON, JR., at 9 o'clock THIS DAY, at the Exchange Salesroom. Terms easy. This one of the best in the world. Be sure and attend.

"BEAUTIFUL FOR SITUATION."—Cheap as City House and lot No. 127 Bedford-av., 8 rooms; all modern improvements. Price $6,500. Apply on the premises, or to H. CORNFIELD, owner, No. 125 Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D.

"OH, THIS A LOVELY SPOT."—BROWN stone dwelling, twenty-five feet front houses, built for former owner in best manner; all modern improvements. Price $11,000; terms easy. Come to No. 189 Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D., and examine it.

FOR SALE, CHEAP FOR CASH, OR it would exchange, two three-story frame houses in Brooklyn, clear equity $14,000, for place same value at Englewood, or country residence near City. Address Box No. 62 one week, giving full particulars. MORTIMER, Box No. 62 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, A HANDSOME 2-story brown-stone house, on Green-av., between Clinton and Franklin sts., at moderate price. Apply to WYCKOFF & JAMES, No. 209 Montague-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

One hour from New-York by Central N. J. Railroad. Trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st. daily.

EXTENSIVE SALE AT AUCTION,

On THURSDAY, the 18th day of April, 1872,

of some of the most desirable

REAL ESTATE

in that beautiful and healthful city, viz.:

The handsome Queen Anne cottage, south-east corner of 7th-st. and Cherry-st., containing twelve rooms; lot 100 feet front on 7th-st., by 200feet in depth; every description of choice fruit.

The lot in the rear of the above-described property, directly opposite Third-place, being 100 feet front on 7th-st. (Crescent-av.), by 270 feet in depth. These two properties are situated to be the most desirable for first-class building sites in the healthy locality of Plainfield, and are offered on high ground, only five minutes' walk from the depot.

The block of thirteen two-story frame houses on 3d-st., corner of Richmond-st., each containing six rooms and cellar, conveniently arranged for one or two families, and now renting for $15 per month.

The magnificent hillside property of 10½ acres, about four minutes' walk from the depot, Watson Park, on Cherry-st., with the houses, barns and buildings thereon. Probably no property within the same distance from New-York offers equal inducements to purchasers of real estate. Situated just beyond the city line, it will enjoy (without sharing in the expense) the advantages of all the improvements that must necessarily be made to the point. It contains a large number of the most beautiful villa sites in the vicinity, overlooking the city and having the most charming, varied and extensive views. It is now proposed to macadamize Cherry-st. the entire length, and to Legislature has granted a charter for a horse railroad between the depot and Watson Park, which will pass within a few hundred feet of the premises. The city improvements are extending in this direction, and the property increasing in value with the immediate prospect.

Terms will be moderate, and announced at time of sale.

For further particulars apply to

WALKER & LARTING,
No. 30 Nassau-st., New-York.

Suburban Homes.

Four trains with steel rails, when completed with cars and ferry-boats unsurpassed, much increase the value of every home on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. For information as to homes, sale, terms, &c., on the line, apply to A. D. HOPE, No. 119 Liberty-st.

ASTORIA! ASTORIA! ASTORIA!

LONG ISLAND CITY PROPERTY. Great auction sale NEXT MONDAY, by order of executors of Stevens estates. Best property in Astoria. Sale positive and without reserve. Free tickets to go and return now ready, at office of

JERE. JOHNSON, JR.,
No. 23 Nassau-st., New-York.

COMPLETE, BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHY.—A perfect place of seven acres on the southerly slope of Mountain, Orange, New-Jersey, elegantly laid out in lawns and garden; the residence has a most delightful aspect to the south; perfect drainage; fine water; 40x8; containing twenty rooms and every modern convenience, including gas and hot-water furnace; the grounds are in the most perfect state of cultivation, with the finest abundance and very choice trees and shrubbery are unsurpassed, and the situation high, convenient and in an excellent neighborhood; roads leading to the place, and in vicinity, are macadamized, and views of great range are very magnificent; the stable, carriage-house, the stables, hennery, and other out-buildings; in abundantly supplied with pure water. Is now occupied by owner, who will sell the entire property as it stands, or will sell the outfit, which is first-class, and lease the place as it is now occupied. Further particulars, photographs, &c., apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner Pine-st., New-York. Orange real estate, a specialty.

W. G. CAMPBELL, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Orange, N. J., has for sale and to let furnished and unfurnished residences in all the most desirable locations in Saratoga, at reasonable prices and easy terms, and as rents ranging from $150 to $1,500.

I have also for sale, rent and exchange a number of first-class farms in this vicinity, and some of the finest lots in the village, which I will dispose of on very reasonable terms.

All parties desiring to rent, purchase or exchange can do so to advantage through me. Having been a resident of New-York City for over twenty-five years, I think I can meet the wants of New-Yorkers and others here. W. G. CAMPBELL.

Ainsworth-place, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

A HANDSOME AND DESIRABLE country-seat for sale at Mount Kisco, Westchester County, N. Y., on the Harlem Railroad, thirty-seven miles from the City and three minutes' walk from depot; house of eleven rooms, finish in hard wood, large and small fruits in bearing; excellent garden, barn, stable, carriage-house and hennery; situation elevated; view and prospect inviting; house 34x37, contains thirteen rooms, connected cellar under whole house; water in kitchen. For information inquire of GEORGE W. UNDERHILL, at John Jackson's, No. 129 Grand-st.

FOR SALE—AT SCARBOROUGH, ON THE Hudson River Railroad, thirty miles from New-York City, five minutes from depot; a splendid country seat, sorrounded by about 50 acres; house contains two rooms, broad piazzas, all modern improvements, magnificent view, out-buildings in keeping with house, grounds laid out, handsomely shaded; will rent or sell house and twelve acres, or sell the place entire on easy terms. For further particulars, photographs, &c., apply to EDWARD AUSTEN, No. 297 Pearl-st., or ROBT. E. BOORMAN, No. 61 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—MANSION AT FISHKILL, Dutchess County, sixty-five miles from City of New-York via Hudson River Railroad and Dutchess and Columbia Railroad; fine building, with modern conveniences, 57x80, three stories, Mansard slate roof, seventeen rooms, supplied with gas, stream of water through pasture fields, small frame stable, rail fencing around and garden, churches, schools and National Bank in village close by; within five minutes' walk of railroad depot; price only $12,000; half may remain on mortgage. WINANS, SANDS & GARRETSON, No. 35 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF CANAAN, in Ontario County, New-York; the late residence of Hon. Francis Granger. The place will contain seventeen acres of excellent land, upon which is a beautiful hickory grove. The house is in complete repair, in addition and in every convenience of a first-class city house; an abundance of fruit upon the premises, with grapery and green-house in the garden. For particulars address A. H. GRANGER, Canandaigua, or HENRY L. PIERSON, Jr., No. 24 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE, NEAR WEST POINT.—ONE of the finest places on the Hudson; 150 acres; fifty acres tawn; house, twenty rooms; billiard-room, bath-rooms, hardwood mantels; all modern improvements; gardens and conservatory; stone barns and stables; view unsurpassed; fruit of all kinds upon the premises; fine stream of water near house; will be sold at a bargain to close an estate; price $75,000. Apply to JACOB D. VERMILYE, Merchants' National Bank, Wall-st, New-York.

$6,500.—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—FARM of twenty-five acres of good land, five acres valuable woods; plenty of fruit; running brook; house contains nine rooms and large coal cellar; all necessary outbuildings; convenient to churches and schools; thirty-five miles from City, in healthy and beautiful locality. CHARLES HAINES, Clarkstown, Rockland County, N. Y., or JOHN E. HAINES, No. 1,459 2d-av., City.

FOR SALE—ON PALISADE-AV., YONKERS, house containing fourteen rooms, with fine views, lawn, carriage-house, stable and garden, with a variety of fruit, all in good order and only forty minutes from New-York City; will be sold at a low price and only half cash required. Apply to FARRINGTON & BOOKWELL, Getty House, Yonkers.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A HOUSE, with 10 rooms, completely furnished and in complete order; water in basement; a beautiful view of the river; one hour by rail; three posts; near the depot. Apply to D. D. DEMOREST, Nyack.

SPORTING STATION FOR SALE—GUNning, fishing and pleasure resort on Long Island; 25 acres land; buildings; new set of bar fixtures; new horses; price $5,000. Inquire of or call on Dr. D. H. HALLOCK, Southampton, Long Island, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT MORRIS, N. J., a handsome new modern French-roof cottage, containing nine rooms; location pleasant; see photograph. S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JOSEPH MCGUIRE, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON MONDAY, April 15, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the following desirably located property, viz.:

43d-st., two extra size lots on s. s., 120 feet east of 4th-av., also each 25 by 100.

126th-st., two lots e. s., 200 feet west of 5th-av.

127th-st., two lots n. s., 200 feet west of Lenox-av.

128th-st., one lot e. s., 151.3 east of Grand Boulevard.

147th-st., three lots n. s., 325 feet west of 8th-av.

148th-st., four lots n. s., 400 feet west of 8th-av.

9th-av., four lots s. w. corner of 165th-st.

8th-av., three lots east side, between 96th and 98th sts.

10th-av., three lots s. w. corner of 57th-st., with two lots adjoining on street and fronting on Broadway.

The valuable lot on the north-west corner 101st-av. and the 100th-st., with dwelling and fronting on Broadway, with the frame house thereon.

Sixty per cent can remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps with full particulars at the auctioneer's, Office No. 37 Cedar-st., corner Broadway.

WM. TRUST RAILEY, Auctioneer, No. 20 West 28th-st., fronting Central Park, between Broadway and 7th-av.

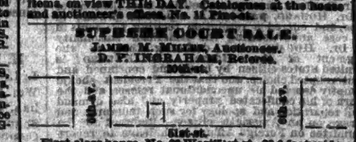
ON VIEW THIS DAY.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON beg to notify that they sold the residence they are instructed by Mrs. Mary P. Higgins to sell by auction TO-MORROW, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., to the minute, the handsome and valuable assortment of furniture in the above residence, including sixes, elegantly carved and upholstered in the best manner, in rosewood, walnut and hair-cloth; chamber furniture, in rosewood, walnut and ash, of large dimensions; elegant mirrors, fine Wilton and Brussels carpets, six light gasaliers and fixtures, handsome bookcases, in walnut, mahogany and rosewood, and a number of other articles, including elegant walnut and silk hall-table, excellent extension dining table, the usual appointments in the kitchen and basement, and a multiplicity of useful items. On THURSDAY, April 11, at 11 o'clock at the house and auctioneer's office, No. 11 Pine-st.

SUPREME COURT SALE.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

D. F. INGRAHAM, Referee.



Size-ft.

First-class house, No. 23 West 51st-st., 25.6 feet wide; lot, 100.5 feet deep; basement and halls wainscoated; four floors trimmed with chestnut and walnut; walnut doors; conveniences, &c., &c. Sale positive. Will be sold at auction on FRIDAY, April 12, noon, at the Exchange, No. 111 Broadway.

HENRY BREWSTER, Attorney, 280 Broadway.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON WEST 125TH-ST. AND JANE-ST., FOR MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE PURPOSES.

D. M. SEAMAN will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 9, 1872, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the following described plots of land, 80x100 feet, with the three-story brown-stone dwelling thereon, known as Nos. 227, 229 and 231 West 125th-st., and Nos. 122, 124 and 126 Jane-st., between 7th and 8th avs., with the right and privilege of using the party-wall between the dwellings and the premises in the rear, and also the right to use the passage-way in front of the same, and the privilege of using the water from the main pipe in Jane-st. The premises are suitable for the provision business (for which they have been occupied for many years), or for any business requiring large means. Terms made easy. For further particulars, view, &c., apply to the auctioneer, No. 42 Pine-st.

D. H. FISHER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR THREE-story brown-stone dwellings, Nos. 7 A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 9 Pine-st. Seven choice rooms, full basement, all complete. Sold to be removed; one now standing. Also, a superior two-story store and dwelling, No. 1,142 Second-av., corner 61st-st. Also, at Dunwoodie, Yonkers, on Harlem Railroad, on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 11 A. M., a number of choice building lots, with fine views, high and dry, and only twenty minutes from the depot; magnificent river view; price $50,000; a rare opportunity; furniture of second mansion in perfect order; terms easy. A. D. MELLICK, Post-Office Box No. 1,659, New-York.

STATEN ISLAND.—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE about 80 acres of land, choice ground, fine views, all available for building; street near the line of the projected Central Railroad; time to this City to be fifty minutes; house and out-buildings; will be sold low; two-thirds on mortgage. Apply to C. S. JOERISSEN, No. 53 Exchange-place.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY.—SPECIAL attention given to the sale of first-class and unfurnished houses to rent; variety, houses, farms, land, &c., to exchange.

I. H. GERRY, No. 39 Nassau-st., Room No. 21.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—FOR SALE—COTTAGE stone cottage, seven rooms; heated with furnace; fine cottage; has every modern convenience and situation high, convenient and in an excellent neighborhood; roads leading to the place, and in vicinity, are macadamized, and views of great range are very magnificent; the stable, carriage-house, the stables, hennery, and other out-buildings; in abundantly supplied with pure water. Is now occupied by owner, who will sell the outfit, which is first-class, and lease the place as it is now occupied. Further particulars, photographs, &c., apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner Pine-st., New-York. Orange real estate, a specialty.

W. G. CAMPBELL, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Orange, N. J., has for sale and to let furnished and unfurnished residences in all the most desirable locations in Saratoga, at reasonable prices and easy terms, and as rents ranging from $150 to $1,500.

I have also for sale, rent and exchange a number of first-class farms in this vicinity, and some of the finest lots in the village, which I will dispose of on very reasonable terms.

All parties desiring to rent, purchase or exchange can do so to advantage through me. Having been a resident of New-York City for over twenty-five years, I think I can meet the wants of New-Yorkers and others here. W. G. CAMPBELL,

Ainsworth-place, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!

ON THE LINE OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

At least grant of 12,000,000 acres of the best Farming and Mineral Lands in America.

3,000,000 Acres in Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, the Garden of the West, now for sale.

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Overland Route of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient in market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE Homesteads for Actual Settlers.

The best locations for Colonies—Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 acres free; power to purchase at low rates.

Send for the new descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere.

Address

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

READ AND REMEMBER

That now is the time to buy real estate on the line of the New-York and Harlem Railroad, because:

First—The improvement of navigation in the East River will bring business nearer to you.

Second—The means of rapid transit in contemplation will shorten the time to pleasant places of business, without danger from fogs or ice.

Third—Although property has been advancing in value for the past three years, the next three will, no doubt, show greater advancement.

Fourth—A great deal of ten to thirty acred oak be brought in villages near railroad stations at from $100 to $700 per acre for cash and mortgages.

Fifth—As the tide is now setting toward Fairfield County, buyers will be able to sell readily as a profit, should they desire to do so. Apply to MELVILLE E. MEAD, Darien, Conn., or E. F. HYDE, No. 79 Broad-st., New-York.

PIERCE & MONTGOMERY,

NO. 11 PINE-ST.,

Offer for sale, upon very favorable terms, a number of choice FARMS in WESTCHESTER and the HUDSON RIVER, east and west sides, at prices varying from $18,000 to $100,000.

A variety of choice farms in Westchester, Putnam, Dutchess and Orange counties, for rental. Carefully New-York; and others, beautifully located in New-Jersey, Delaware, Connecticut and Long Island. Handsome modern-built houses, unimproved lots and plots of every size, in the most desirable parts of Brooklyn. Also, first-class City and Brooklyn residences, choice lots on and near the Central Park, Grand Boulevard, and in other desirable locations.

Some of the most desirable properties are offered in exchange. For full particulars apply as above.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

AT JUNCTION OF HUDSON,

For sale two stone houses, one with two and a half acres of land, the other five and a half acres; the houses are each about 30x36 feet, with extension, two stories and Mansard roof, and contain seventeen rooms, both; and Colombian water-closets; Baxter's French furnaces; location unexceptionable; adjoining residences of Chas. I. Tiffany, Esq., and Rev. A. H. Tyng, D. D.; extensive views of Tappan Bay and Highlands; within five minutes' walk of depot.

EDMUND COFFIN, No. 17 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT ENGLEwood, N. J., a double stone house, with modern conveniences, together with furniture, carpets, &c.; carriage-house, out-buildings, and three to five acres of land; orchard and vineyard; also, for five acres rail-fencing, with posts; location unexceptionable; adjoining residences of Chas. I. Tiffany, Esq., and Rev. A. H. Tyng, D. D.; extensive views of Tappan Bay and Highlands; within five minutes' walk from Englewood Station; premises have abundance of fruit and shade trees; vegetable garden, &c. Apply to HARRY W. EVERETT, No. 45 Pine-st.

ROCKLAND COUNTY FARM FOR SALE.—A lot of about seventy acres, at Nanuet, thirty miles from City; also, a lot at Ramapo, New-Jersey; buildings large and in good order; there are three acres raspberries, five acres blackberries, two acres currants, two acres grapes, also apples, pears, peaches, cherries, &c., in abundance; possession immediately. For terms, price, &c., apply to SAMUEL RANDEL, No. 12 Cortlandt-st.

TARRYTOWN, ON THE HUDSON.—One of the most desirable residences on the river; house modern; fifteen rooms, with all the improvements; stable, carriage-house, and other out-buildings; fourteen acres of land, with choice fruit; also, a cottage and lot; possession given immediately. For terms, price, &c., apply to SAMUEL RANDEL, No. 12 Cortlandt-st.

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A SPECIALTY.—ORANGE, N. J.—ALL properties offering for sale or rent in that vicinity. Call for printed rent list. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau, corner Pine. Office at Orange, opposite depot.

BUTHERFURD PARK, N. J.—THIRTY-five minutes by Erie Railroad; 1 foot Chestnut-st.; lot 50 feet front by 100 feet deep; house in course of construction; lots, 50x100; three minutes' walk from depot; price $6,000. Apply to H. KOSTER, 105 Murray-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let; rents low. Apply to BRADFORD & SMITH, 185 Broadway, 9 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Cone-sts.

A NYACK ON THE HUDSON.—A HOUSE, 11 rooms, completely furnished and in complete order; water in basement; a beautiful view of the river; one hour by rail; three posts; near the depot. Apply to D. D. DEMOREST, Nyack.

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D. F. INGRAHAM, Referee.

Size-ft.

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D. H. FISHER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERIOR THREE-story brown-stone dwellings, Nos. 7 A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 9 Pine-st. Seven

SHIPPING.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.
THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD.
1,000 tons burthen and 1,000 feet long each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

REPUBLIC.....April 13, 9 A. M.
ADRIATIC.....April 27, 9 A. M.
ATLANTIC.....May 4, 5 P. M.
BALTIC.....May 11, 9 A. M.

From this White Star Dock, Pier No. 45, North River, New-York City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, staterooms, smoking-room, and bath-rooms in the midship section of the steamers. Neither Intoxicating liquors nor steerage passengers carried.

RATES OF PASSAGE: $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Persons wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.

J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BRISTOL.....Wednesday, April 10, 7 A. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL.....Saturday, April 13, 9 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Tuesday, April 23, 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday, April 20, 3 P. M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Thursday, April 25, 7 A. M.

From the Company's new Pier, foot of Canal-st., North River, connecting SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.	Payable in Currency.
First cabin.....$75	Second cabin.....$40
To London.....80	To London.....45
To Paris.....90	To Paris.....55

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Norway and Sweden.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

Through Bills Lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from

NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.

Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.

Passengers booked to and from all parts of Europe, by railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

FROM GLASGOW.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Saturday, May 4.	TRINACRIA. Saturday, April 13.
Saturday, May 11.	AUSTRALIA. Saturday, April 20.
Saturday, May 18.	COLUMBIA. Saturday, April 27.
Saturday, May 25.	EUROPA. Saturday, May 4.

And every steamer of the line every WEDNESDAY thereafter from Pier 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry:

First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.

Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, securing best accommodations, $120.

Intermediate, $50; steerage, $30.

Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Drafts issued, payable on presentation.

Apply at the Company's offices in

HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

LAFAYETTE.....LEMAIRE.....Saturday, April 6
WASHINGTON.....ROUSSAN.....Saturday, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS.....SURMONT.....Saturday, May 18.
PEREIRE.....DARRÉ.....Saturday, June 1.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin.....$125 | Second cabin.....$70
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid the transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.

From Piers No. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

FRANCE, Thomson, Saturday, April 13, at 8 A. M.
EGYPT, Goodall, Sunday, April 21, at 1 P. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

DENMARK, Sumner, Wednesday, April 10, at 7 A. M.
BERLIN, Iwerson, Saturday, April 27, at 7 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, or London direct: Cabin, $75 and $80 (currency); steerage, $30 currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

R. W. J. HURST, Manager.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL.
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.

JAVA.....Wednesday, April 10, 7
CHINA.....Wednesday, April 17, 72
RUSSIA.....Wednesday, April 24, 72
CUBA.....Wednesday, May 1, 72
SCOTIA.....Wednesday, May 8, 72
CALABRIA.....Saturday, April 27, 72
ABYSSINIA.....Saturday, April 27, 72
BATAVIA.....Saturday, May 4, 72
ALPS (new).....Saturday, May 11, 72
PARTHIA.....Saturday, May 18, 72

and every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100 and $120, gold, according to accommodation.

Tickets to Paris $10 gold additional.

Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage.....$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight or passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY,

as follows:

MANHATTAN, Capt. J. B. Price, April 10, at 2 P. M.
SUSQUEHANNA, Capt. T. W. Freeman, April 17, at 12 M.
NEW-YORK, Capt. Forbush.....April 24, at 2 P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. Whitehead.....May 1, at 12 M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. Morgan.....May 8, at 2 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. Price.....May 15, at 12 M.

Cabin passage, $75 gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 20 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Wall-st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COM.

PANAMA LINE TO
CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,
VIA PANAMA.
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA; SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave this dock on the 4th and 20th of each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

April 19.—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. H. P. Collins, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 M., for Aspinwall, connecting with the Railroad across the Isthmus, and connecting at Panama with steamers for ACAPULCO, Mexico, landing at Acapulco, Manzanilla, Mazatlan, also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last named ports received until 4 P. M. of April 12.

Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco May 4, connecting with China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.

J. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 2d of every month.

CHESAPEAKE, Capt. C. P. Rogers.....April 2
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. Thomas.....May 2
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. Wilcox.....June 2

These splendid steamer sails on schedule time and sail at 3 P. M. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to

WM. A. GARDNER, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

MISSOURI, Capt. T. H. Morton, April 11.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. S. Gibbs, (via Nassau) April 18.

For freight or passage apply to

J. D. EGUR, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. S. Curtis, will sail on THURSDAY, April 18, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to

J. D. EGUR, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can attend the services of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from the multiplicity of cares and troubles, in respecting passports, examination and conveyance of baggage, in procuring the best accommodation, in preventing the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Con petent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by employing for the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

FINANCIAL.

CAYUGA LAKE RAILROAD,

State of New-York,

7 PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE

GOLD BONDS.

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN, AND ISSUED FOR $30,000 PER MILE.

This road forms the shortest and most direct route from the great anthracite and semi-bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania into the central part of this state, and will run in connection with the New-York Central Road, which it attends at Cayuga Bridge. Traversing, as it does, the finest and most populous agricultural district, generally known as the "GARDEN OF THE STATE," its local traffic will be large, but its greatest source of revenue will be from its coal business. The road is being rapidly built, and will be in active operation during this year. From our knowledge of this enterprise, and after the most thorough investigation, we most confidently recommend the Bonds as a safe investment. We offer, for the present, the Bonds at 90 and accrued interest in currency.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Offer the same facilities to Depositors as Incorporated Banks, and allow Interest on daily Balances at the rate of Four per Cent.

Collections made on any point at current rates, with immediate returns.

Special attention paid to choice Stock, Bonds, &c., &c., for Investors.

MAYSVILLE & LEXINGTON, KY.,

FIRST MORTGAGE

7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,

Interest January and July at Bank of America, New-York.

Only TEN THOUSAND dollars per mile ON COMPLETED ROAD, costing near four times the amount of the mortgage.

No bonds can be better secured; for sale at 85¼ and accrued interest.

J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
NO. 10 NASSAU-ST.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,

BANKERS,

NO. 70 BROADWAY.

Letters of Credit for travelers, and Bills of Exchange issued on all the principal cities of Europe.

Correspondents in London:

CITY BANK OF LONDON.

MIDLANDBONDS

New-York Midland R. R. 1st Mortgage.

New-York Midland R. R. 2d Mortgage Convertible.

New-Jersey Midland R. R. 1st Mortgage Guaranteed.

Montclair R. R. 1st Mortgage Guaranteed.

Allen, Stephens & Co.,
BANKERS,
32 PINE-ST.

John J. Cisco & Son,

BANKERS,
No. 59 Wall-st., New-York.

RECEIVE DEPOSITS subject to check at sight, on which INTEREST is allowed at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, payable on demand, with interest.

GOVERNMENT, GOLD, STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on commission.

LOUISVILLE and NASHVILLE 7 per cent. Consolidated Bonds, and HOUSTON and TEXAS CENTRAL 7 per cent. Bonds for sale.

BUY and SELL EXCHANGE on LONDON.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 29, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other appropriate business will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of May next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. The transfer books will be closed on the 1st day of April, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 30th day of March inst., and will reopen on the morning of the 2d day of May next.

GEORGE B. ELY, Secretary.

GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 176 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 176 Broadway, on TUESDAY, April 9, 1872, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.

ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

MAILED IN BOSTON BY PETERS & PARKMAN to Marquand & Hill, and not received by us, a letter containing certificate No. 7,000 for 100 shares Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad stock, in name of Henry Guild, with power of attorney to Marquand & Hill. All persons are cautioned against negotiating this certificate, as transfer has been stopped and new certificate applied for.

MARQUAND & HILL, No. 57 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

AN UNDOUBTED Security,

PAYING 60 PER CENT. MORE INCOME THAN GOVERNMENT BONDS,

AND

9 1-2 Per Cent. on the Investment.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE

Logansport, Crawfordsville and South-Western Railway of Indiana.

THEY BEAR

8 Per Cent. Gold.

INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY IN NEW-YORK, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX, AND ARE COUPON AND REGISTERED.

The issue is limited to $16,000 per mile, in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100.

This Road, 92 miles long, affords the shortest existing outlet to Chicago, Toledo, Detroit, Fort Wayne, Logansport and intermediate points, for the celebrated Block and Bituminous Coals of Parke County, as, also, for the large surplus products of the rich agricultural and mineral section of the State which it traverses.

For the present we are offering these Bonds at 95 and accrued interest in currency, or will exchange them for Government Bonds, or other marketable securities, at the rates of the day.

Further and full particulars, with pamphlets and maps, furnished by us on personal or written application.

JONES & SCHUYLER,
NO. 19 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK,
FINANCIAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
Nos. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST.

Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000

Pays Four per Cent. Interest per Annum on Deposits, Subject to Check at Sight.

Pays Five Per Cent. Interest Per Annum on Special Deposits Remaining Six Months or Longer.

ACTS AS TRUSTEE FOR ESTATES, and especially for RAILROAD MORTGAGE BONDS.

D. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President.
B. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

Over 10 Per Cent.

NET EARNINGS.

ALL TAXES PAID.

Connecticut Valley Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds,

free of all taxes in Connecticut, and free of income tax everywhere. Road finished and running, AND ALREADY EARNING EXPENSES, INTEREST, AND OVER 10 PER CENT. ON ITS STOCK. Full paid stock, and a limited mortgage. Price 95 and interest. We recommend them strongly.

ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO.,
Bankers, No. 32 Pine-st., New-York.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, BANKERS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS SOLICITED.

DEPOSITORS ENJOY THE SAME ADVANTAGES AS WITH INCORPORATED BANKS—FOUR PER CENT., ON DAILY BALANCES, CREDITED MONTHLY.

COLLECTIONS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

W. R. SHATTUCK & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 32 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

DRAW SIGHT AND TIME BILLS ON THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

THE COMMON FUND

COMPANY, LIMITED. INCORPORATED LONDON, 1866, TO DEAL IN NATIONAL SECURITIES.

CAPITAL £100,000,000

OFFICES: LONDON, No. 34 Clements-lane; PARIS, 26 Place Vendôme; NEW-YORK, 28 Wall-st.

Circulars may be had of bankers generally, or at the office of the Company.

RICHARD HENRY MILLS, Secretary.

J. M. WILSON, Chairman. EDWARD F. WINSLOW, Vice-President.

WINSLOW & WILSON,

No. 79 William-st., New-York.
No. 2000 Kennedy Building, St. Louis, Mo.

BUY and SELL RAILWAYS and all securities. Also execute orders promptly on hand.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., April 1, 1872.

THE BONDHOLDERS NAMED IN the mortgage of July 1, 1859, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company, are invited to propose for the sale to them of the SINKING FUND, of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, or part thereof, now in the hands of the guaranteed bonds of said Company, secured by said mortgage.

Proposals to be addressed, as above, until 3 P. M. of April 15, 1872.

J. EDGAR THOMSON, Trustee.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY, for the election of directors, will be held at the office of the Company, at HUNTER'S POINT, Long Island, on TUESDAY, April 9, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed on the 16th inst.

MORRIS H. SMITH, Secretary.

HUNTER'S POINT, Long Island, March 14, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual meeting of the shareholders of the United States Mortgage Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 27 William-st., in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of May, 1872, at 12 M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

ALEXANDER J. KOCH, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE.

LEASE

CANADA SOUTHERN

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 30 Years

7 PER CT. GOLD BONDS

AT

90 and ACCRUED INTEREST.

The Road runs from Buffalo to the Detroit River, and is the Eastern link in the new AIR LINE FROM BUFFALO TO CHICAGO, and has been under construction for about two years past by railroad men who have seen the necessity for a STEEL RAIL, LOW GRADE SHORT ROUTE between the great railroad systems which diverge from Chicago, Toledo and Buffalo.

Among the builders of the road, by whose cash subscriptions 220 miles (out of 230) have already been graded, bridged and made ready for the superstructure, a large part of the steel rats bought all of the materials for the stations, and a part of the equipment purchased, are:

MILTON COURTRIGHT, JOHN F. TRACY, DAVID DOWS, WM. L. SCOTT, HENRY FARNHAM, R. A. FORSYTH, HENRY H. PORTER, JOHN M. BURKE, M. L. SYKES, JR., B. F. ALLEN, all directors, (other in the Chicago and Northwest, or the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; GEO. OPDYKE, of the Midland Road; JOHN B. ALLEN, SIDNEY DILLON, DANIEL DREW, J. S. CASEMENT, J. & Y. CASEY, O. S. CHAPMAN, JOHN ROSS, DAVID STEWART, and F. H. WINSTON.

THE ROAD will be

33 MILES SHORTER THAN ANY OTHER ROAD,

either BUILT or in contemplation between Buffalo and Chicago, and will also shorten the distance between Toledo and Buffalo twenty-three miles.

THE MAXIMUM GRADE on the entire line does not exceed FIFTEEN FEET to the mile—and Ninety-six per cent of the road IS STRAIGHT.

THE ROAD WILL BE COMPLETED and in running order on or before Dec. 31 of this year.

The principal and interest of the bonds are payable either in New-York, London or Frankfort.

We confidently recommend the bonds to all classes of investors.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.

N. Y. Midland R. R.

AND CONNECTIONS.

Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Income 1-3 to 1-2 more than Governments.

N. Y. and O. Midland First Mortgage,

PAR AND INTEREST.

New-Jersey Midland First Mortgage,

6% AND INTEREST.

Syracuse and Chenango Valley First Mortgage,

6 AND INTEREST.

All of the above confidently recommended to all classes of investors. Full particulars furnished on application.

For sale by

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,
Financial and General Agents for the Companies,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

SECOND MORTGAGE

8 PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

OF THE

Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Railway,

AT 80 AND INTEREST.

From the time we first offered these Bonds they have been rapidly taken up by investors, leaving but a small amount now for sale, which, at the present price, we consider a very cheap and desirable security, as the road is in successful operation, and earning, and more than the interest on all its Bonds. The business of the road is rapidly increasing. Over 1,500 miles of new roads are now building, connecting with and controlled entirely in the interest of this road, all of which will be completed at an early day.

These new roads, it is expected, will add at least 30 per cent. to the net receipts of the Company.

We have also other FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES for sale.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

Accounts of banks, bankers and merchants received.

Four per cent. interest allowed on daily balances.

TURNER BROTHERS,
NO. 14 NASSAU-ST.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.
10 TO 20 PER CENT.
INVESTMENTS
IN
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,
RAILROAD BONDS,
INSURANCE AND BANK STOCKS,
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS,
GAS-LIGHT STOCKS, &c., &c.

FOR SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES, FOR SALE BY

ALBERT B. NICOLAY,
BANKER, STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
No. 2 PINE-ST.

N. B.—Checks remitted from any part of the country promptly executed, strictly first-class securities purchased for investment, and carefully watched by us. Parties having business to transact in the Stock Exchange will find it to their interest to call at our office.

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO.,
BANKERS,
NOS. 4 AND 6 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.
Correspondents in this City,
MORTON, BLISS & CO.,
No. 30 Broad-st.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware and Raritan Canal Company, and also of the stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company, is hereby called, to meet at the office of said Companies in Trenton, N. J., at 12 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of April, 1872. And a special meeting of the stockholders of the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company is hereby called to meet at their depot in Jersey City, N. J., at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 2d day of April, 1872.

The object of said meetings is to take the question of accepting and ratifying the agreement dated March 1, 1872, between the Companies owning the railroad between New-York and Philadelphia, and the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company, which, among other things, authorizes a consolidation and merger of said Companies into one corporation, having thirteen directors, of which, at the first election, each Company is to elect seven, and the State is to appoint one. All stockholders may vote in person or by proxy.

ROBERT WODDROW,
President Delaware & Raritan Canal Co.
JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON,
President Camden and Amboy R. R. and Transportation Co.
A. L. DENNIS,
President New Jersey Railroad & Transportation Co.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 1, 1872.

Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, residing in New-York and vicinity, can have their dividends remitted in New-York funds, by giving notice to the Treasurer to this city.

Those entitled to fractional shares of new stock can obtain any information they may desire by addressing

THOS. T. FISTER, Treasurer,
No. 232 South 4th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A N ENTIRE GENTLEMAN'S OUTFIT, as follows: A pair of perfect black trotting geldings, fifteen hands high, warranted; can trot in 3:30 to the pole; one is a handsome bay mare, driven three years together; will drive in single harness equally well. The stock, harness, carriage, (coupé,) robes and halter, all in perfect order, hardly worn. Four and five years old. Price, $1,000; private owner; must be sold at once, as he has purchased a farm and will not keep a horse. Can be seen at 243 Madison-av., corner 39th-st., or at the owner's residence. Ask for Richard, coachman.

A GREAT SALE AT AUCTION OF valuable horses, carriages, harnesses, saddles, blankets, horse clothing, other furniture, &c., &c., and lease of premises.

BY ORDER OF RECEIVER.

WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 10 A. M., at the ARLINGTON LIVERY STABLES, No. 39 Fourth-av., and No. 204 East 34th-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

SECOND DAMAGED BY FIRE.

We will close out at retail, owners, decorations of an elegant, harness, saddles, or other articles damaged by the recent fire in our premises.

C. E. SMITH & CO., No. 6 Warren-st.

A LADY'S PONY 14½ HANDS HIGH, eight years old, kind, gentle, trots, walks, canters, and has been used to ride or drive; also, harness, phaeton, and harness boy can ride; also, a small horse, 14 hands high, suitable for boy and girl, also, harness and phaeton for boy and girl, almost new; all for sale cheap. Apply at 49 West 28th-st.

FOR SALE—SORREL ARGOAT—A MIDdle-weight horse or pair of heavy carriage horses, and kind; lunatic and Park phaeton, good as new; made by Hooper; 24 inch tire; Brewster; can be seen at Brewster's stable, No. 62 West 46th-st., between 5 and 6 A. M.

SO NOT FAIL TO SEE

MAGNER, the Horse Educator, and his BRILLIANT CIRCUS PERFORMANCE THIS EVENING, and SATURDAY at 2½. The most wonderful horses ever trained every evening. For a short time only.

PRIVATE ESTABLISHMENT CHEAP.—Very stylish bay horses, 16¼ hands, seven and eight years old; warranted sound and kind; landau, brougham & Co.'s, and harness. Apply at No. 129 West 41st-st.

A.—ROCKAWAYS, PHAETONS, TOP AND road wagons, new and second-hand; cheapest in City. Call and see.

DAY & SON, No. 143 Eighty-st.

TO LET—FOR PRIVATE USE, STABLE, with dwelling attached, No. 227 East 26th-st. Apply at 224 Fifth-av., or 243 Fifth-av., corner 40th-st., or at the owner's residence. Ask for Richard, coachman.

WANTED—A DONKEY FOR USE OF CHILdren; to be well-behaved, either for or driving. Address Box No. 227 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

SHERMAN HOUSE, BROADWAY, corner 27th-st.—Delightful, pleasant rooms, newly furnished, first-class table and attention, $10 per week and upward. Open all the year. Mrs. E. Sherman, Jr. One or two suites of family rooms just vacated.

A GREAT SALE AT AUCTION OF valuable horses, carriages, harnesses, saddles, blankets, horse clothing, other furniture, &c., &c., and lease of premises.

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We will close out at retail, owners, decorations of an elegant, harness, saddles, or other articles damaged by the recent fire in our premises.

C. E. SMITH & CO., No. 6 Warren-st.

A LADY'S PONY 14½ HANDS HIGH, eight years old, kind, gentle, trots, walks, canters, and has been used to ride or drive; also, harness, phaeton, and harness boy can ride; also, a small horse, 14 hands high, suitable for boy and girl, almost new; all for sale cheap. Apply at 49 West 28th-st.

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SHERMAN HOUSE, BROADWAY, corner 27th-st.—Delightful, pleasant rooms, newly furnished, first-class table and attention, $10 per week and upward. Open all the year. Mrs. E. Sherman, Jr. One or two suites of family rooms just vacated.

NO. 220 EAST 14TH-ST.—ONE FRONT room over parlor, elegantly furnished for a gentleman and wife or two single gents; also, one single room on fourth floor, furnished. Terms, first-class board. Would take one or two table boarders.

NO. 35 EAST 19TH-ST.—VERY HANDsome suite of rooms to let on second floor for party or families; private table if desired; also, handsomely furnished rooms on third floor, single or en suite, for gentlemen; house strictly first-class.

AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED PRIvate residence, offer superior accommodations to parties desiring board and apartments for the season or year. Particulars obtained at Everett Library, No. 306 6th-av.

ONE BLOCK FROM MADISON-SQUARE.—Superior large rooms on second and third floors, front, with first-class board, or private table; also, a few single rooms unfurnished. No. 9 Apply on No. 149 East 28th-st.

PARTIES DESIRING TO MAKE ARrangements for first-class accommodations and board from May 1, (location central, above 14th-st.) will address W. E. H., west-side Times Office. No. 308 West 23d-st.

NO. 145 EAST 39TH-ST., NEAR 4TH-av., a pleasant front room on the second floor, to let, with board, if desired; also, unfurnished, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen, or a small private family from May 1.

STUYVESANT HOUSE, AMERICAN Plan, with the most approved elevators; the great central location, Broadway, 20th and 21st sts.; board with room, $2 per day.

LEWIS & GEO. LELAND, Proprietors.

A NO. 1.—STANDARD AMERICAN Billiard Tables; new designs; also portables and everything appertaining to billiards, at lowest prices. H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, No. 738 Broadway.

NO. 127 EAST 43TH-ST.—A COMFORTably-furnished front room, suitable for two, and two hall bedrooms on third story, to let, without board, to single gentlemen; no moving in May.

TO LET—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, A suite of rooms for light housekeeping, or to gentlemen and wife; also, single rooms; terms, houses or rooms apply at Eyrich's Library, No. 58 3d-av.

NO. 49 SYDNEY PLACE, BETWEEN 3d and 4th avs.—Rooms with board, to families or parties of single gentlemen; no May moving, reference required.

NO. 41 EAST 21ST-ST.—A GOOD-SIZED fourth-story front room, with board, to one or two gentlemen; also, third-story hall room; reference exchanged.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 351—SECOND DOOR RE-furnished parlor floor; with gentlemen's table; bath, electric, &c.; also, other rooms; references exchanged.

NO. 13 WEST 9TH-ST., FOUR DOORS from 5th-av.—To let, with board, a very elegantly-furnished parlor floor; also Rooms for single gentleman; terms moderate; no moving in May.

NO. 40 WEST 31ST-ST.—PLEASANT furnished rooms, with board, in a small family; references exchanged.

BOARD AND FOUR ROOMS IN A family of only two, for gentlemen; boarders. Require no No. 1,234 West 37th-st.

NO. 3 EAST 31ST-ST.—TO LET, FROM May 1, an entire second floor, handsomely furnished, with private table only, or without meals.

THREE OR FOUR ROOMS TO LET, with first-class board. Will let exceedingly table board. No. 270 5th-av.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 343—HANDSOMELY furnished second floor, with other desirable front rooms to let, with board.

TWO FRONT ROOMS ON SECOND floor to let, with board, at No. 122 West 32d-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH or without board, at No. 22 Clinton-pl., Bathbridge.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE ELM HOUSE, A PRIVATE SUMmer Home; Manchester, Vermont upon June 1. Terms moderate.

CHARLES D. ORVIS, Proprietor.

THE EQUINOX HOUSE, MANCHESTER, Vermont, will open June 1. Reference to families occupying rooms this season.

ADDRESS F. H. ORVIS.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A LARGE FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE boarding-house open May 1. Address A. MEARNS, Jr., Highland Falls, West Point, N. Y.

SUMMER BOARDERS RECEIVED MAY 1st; references, former guests. ROBT. G. PLACE, Stamford, Conn.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ON THE HUDSON, BEYOND Yonkers, not beyond Peekskill, Summer board and lodging for wife or six adults, three children and two servants; must be cool, dry and healthy; a place where other boarders are; will not be taken. Address, with particulars and price, E. E., Box No. 126 Tower Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—MAY 1, for wife, private family, two children, three or four rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for use of; access. Address, with terms, references and description, WALDEN, Room No. 2, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York City.

WANTED—ON OR IN THE NEIGHBORhood of Madison-av. and 40th-st., a small house, containing from seven to nine rooms, with modern conveniences, for a family of three adults. Address, stating location and terms, D. W. C. A., Station E, Post-office, 26th-st., near 2d-av.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost.

LOST—ON THE 29TH INST., BETWEEN Grand Central Depot and Fifth-av. Hotel, either TRAVELING BAG, marked with name Jones and Newport. A suitable reward will be given on delivery to Equitable Life Insurance Company, Nos. 31 and 33 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

ILLINOIS

Registered Coupon Bonds,

7 or 8 or 10 per Cent,

INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAID AT AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK, NEW-YORK, BY THE STATE TREASURER, JANUARY AND JULY.

These bonds will be sold upon private agreement, as one of the safest and most profitable investments in market. They comprise the only debt in the State of Illinois, payable out of State taxation.

A. T. POST, No. 5 Nassau.

J

WALL-STREET.

The Tenth National Bank Before the Clearing-House Association.

Investigation of the Matter by the United States Commissioner—The Prospects of Erie—Heath and Raphael's Surrender to Bischoffsheim.

The engrossing theme of conversation on Wall-street, yesterday, was the plot to "lock up" money, or withdrawing from use four and a half millions of the national currency, for the purpose of "bearing" stocks and enriching a few men. This conspiracy, with the news of the unexpected turn in the tide of Erie's fortunes, was enough "food for thought" for one day. People wondered what action the Clearing-house would take in regard to the Tenth National Bank, the institution which has acquired such an unenviable reputation as the tool of the Erie and Tammany Rings, and whether it really was true that HEATH & RAPHAEL had surrendered to BISCHOFFSHEIM. Many did not know that the story was true, but regarded it as another Wall-street rumor. Some were of the opinion that a consolidation of the Erie and Great Western Railroads will be to the best interests of both roads. The "lock-up" conspiracy has failed to effect either the stock or the general market so much as was feared. It is thought probable that the conspirators cannot afford uselessly to carry such a large sum as four and a half millions of greenbacks, without interest, and that the money will be thrown on the market again very soon.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the members of the Clearing-house Association assembled in a room in the rear of the Merchants' Bank, the representatives of fifty-four out of the sixty-one banks belonging to the Association being present, a larger number than has ever attended at any meeting but one since the existence of the Clearing-house. [Mr. J. D. VERMILYE presided; Mr. A. MASTERTON was Secretary. Mr. WM. H. PALMER, President of the Tenth National Bank, was there too.

Mr. F. D. TAPPAN, of the Gallatin National Bank, presented a report from the Clearing-house Committee, being the one submitted to that Committee by Mr. TAPPAN on Saturday afternoon, as the result of his examination into the complicity of the Tenth National Bank in conspiracy to lock up money. The following is the report in full:

At a meeting of the Clearing-house Committee, held on Saturday, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, requesting me, on behalf of the Committee, by a letter from the Chairman, "to ascertain and explain the causes which have occasioned the excitement and charges consequent upon the large credit balances on Friday of the Tenth National Bank," and to report as soon as possible to said Committee.

I beg leave to report that in company with CHARLES A. MERRILL, Esq., Examiner, I called upon the President of the bank, and having presented the letter, requested to be shown the books of the bank, and any papers tending to throw light upon the transaction. This request was granted, and the following facts elicited:

On the morning of April 5, inst., before 10 o'clock, Mr. HENRY N. SMITH deposited in the Tenth National Bank $4,100,000, consisting of checks on the following banks:

Bank of North America	$1,200,000
Corn Exchange Bank	1,100,000
Mechanics' Banking Association	600,000
Bank of the Commonwealth	200,000
Continental National Bank	100,000
Total	$4,100,000

These checks were added to the exchange of that day, which, in addition to about $600,000 of cash, also called in the day previous, caused the large credit of $4,770,000 on the 5th inst. On the same day checks drawn by HENRY N. SMITH for $1,100,000 were presented by him and paid in legal-tender notes over the counter; $1,000,000 was paid into the Sub-treasury on account of a purchase of gold of $600,000 by OSBORN & CHAPIN. This amount by the books of the bank, on March 30th, 1872. An examination of the bank account of Mr. SMITH showed that on Feb. 24, 1872, a deposit of $600,000 was made and drawn for the same day in legal-tender notes; on Feb. 26 $300,000, and on Feb. 27 $600,000, in all $700,000, were deposited and drawn each on the day of the last deposit.

Mr. PALMER, the President, stated that he had no knowledge of the disposition made by Mr. SMITH of the amount drawn from the bank, and that neither he, personally nor as President of the bank, nor the bank, in any way, had become the custodian of any portion of said funds. Mr. PALMER further stated that he had had no intimation that the bank was to be used for the purpose of withdrawing legal-tender notes from use; but in this connection it is proper to say that on the day prior to the deposit of $4,100,000 by SMITH, the bank had called in loans to the extent of $600,000, when by its statement there appeared to be no necessity for such contraction. Mr. HENRY N. SMITH is a director in this institution. The President and Mr. O. H. P. ARCHER, who is also a director of the bank, were present during the examination, expressed great regret that the bank, through the operation of one of its dealers, had furnished cause for action on the part of its associates in the Clearing-house, and assured me that no transactions of a similar nature would in a future take place through it.

F. D. TAPPAN, Committee.

After reading the report, Mr. PALMER said there was one mistake in it that he desired to correct. It was not on the morning of April 5 that SMITH deposited the $4,100,000 in their bank, but late in the afternoon of the 4th inst. He again expressed his regret at what had occurred; said it was a private matter of Mr. SMITH's, and seemed to be very much afraid, from the expressions of the members present, that the bank would be expelled.

The report was accepted and became the subject of much discussion, the unanimous feeling being strongly condemnatory of the action of the Tenth National Bank, and quite a general desire was expressed to dismiss it from the Clearing-house. Some, however, were not in favor of so stern a measure, but favored a reprimand, that would be a warning to every bank belonging to the Association never to be engaged in any conspiracy to "lock up" the currency of the country under pain of dismissal.

A resolution of dismissal was introduced and another of censure, but both gave way to the one given below, offered by Mr. TAPPAN, the one to expel being lost by a vote of 15 to 39:

Resolved, That the Clearing-house Committee be, and is hereby directed to exercise, wherever it appears, in its judgment, that legal-tender notes have been withdrawn from the use, through the agency of any bank member of this Association, to make an immediate examination into the affairs of such bank, should there appear to be complicity on the part of the bank or its officers to suspend said bank from the Clearing-house until action of the Association be taken thereon.

This was passed, after some debate, by a unanimous vote, and the meeting adjourned.

The reporter afterward had a conversation with a prominent member of the Association, who said:

"The greatest indignation is felt in banking circles. This plot greatly injures the banks, preventing them from accommodating their legitimate customers, the merchants, who cannot get their notes discounted; causes stagnation in all the markets, and would bring about a panic if the "lock-up" lasted long enough. It affects not only the merchants in this and neighboring cities, but trade all over the country. Country merchants begin to settle up about the 1st of April, and it is a very critical time for and for the stringency of the money market. The conspirators were cunning. If only the speculators in gold and stocks were affected, we might look on and see them cut each other's throats with pleasure, but such a plot runs business generally, and becomes a matter for immediate public attention."

"If the feeling against the bank was so general, why was it not expelled from the Clearing-house at the meeting which has just adjourned?"

"Most of us were satisfied that the bank was in the conspiracy, and would have been perfectly willing to expell it; but it is rather a remarkable fact that this is the first time the banks, as in the Clearing-house Association, have taken any official action in regard to any bank aiding in locking up money, often as such things have occurred. If there had been any precedent, the Tenth National would have been expelled; but many of us thought it rather hard that it should be put out without warning, so we merely warned them and all others. If it ever occurs again expulsion will be the consequence."

Just at this point in the conversation a boy came in with a telegraphic dispatch from Washington, stating that the House of Representatives had just passed a resolution requiring that the Banking and Currency Committee be instructed immediately to investigate the action of the Tenth National Bank, with power to send for persons and papers.

The Tenth National Bank Investigating Before the United States Commissioner—Examination of Witnesses.

The office of Commissioner DAVENPORT, in the United States Court, was crowded yesterday morning by bankers and brokers interested in the expected revelations likely to result from an examination into the charges preferred against the Tenth National Bank. The specific nature of the offense urged in the indictment had been already published in the daily journals, yet it was anticipated that the evidence of JAY GOULD and others who were summoned, would develop some very interesting disclosures relative to "Black Friday" and other Wall-street transactions. The inability of Mr. PALMER, President of the bank, to be in attendance, brought the proceedings to an abrupt conclusion, and the case was adjourned to this morning. In the investigation Mr. A. H. PURDY represented the Government, and Messrs. DUDLEY FIELD and W. E. FIELD the Tenth National Bank.

EDWARD K. WILLARD, examined by Mr. PURDY, testified: I am a member of the firm of WILLARD, MARTIN & CO., bankers and brokers; Mr. HENRY N. SMITH and Mr. JAY GOULD are special partners in the business; Mr. SMITH keeps an account in our bank, and I don't know that I have been doing anything for him within the past ten days; I do not know that I have borrowed any money for him in that period; the books of the firm will show; I don't know that any money was borrowed for Mr. GOULD; I have talked with Mr. SMITH frequently in the last ten days.

Q.—Have you had any conversation with him on the subject of borrowing money in the last ten days? A.—I don't think I have; he has not directed me to borrow money in that time; I don't see that the Tenth National Bank has anything to do with Mr. SMITH's private affairs.

Mr. PURDY said he desired to prove by these questions that GOULD and SMITH were engaged in withdrawing from circulation large amounts of money from the Tenth National Banks; which in an offense against the laws of the United States, and the statements of SMITH and GOULD were pertinent to that issue.

Mr. FIELD—There is no complaint here against Mr. GOULD or Mr. SMITH. If it is a question of conspiracy on the part of the bank, the acts not limited to the co-conspirators. If so, the evidence of their acts would be of no value until the conspiracy is proved.

Witness replied to the question that he had not.

Q.—Have you talked with Mr. SMITH on the subject? A.—(After a long pause)—I think Mr. SMITH remarked that he thought it was rather hard a man could not withdraw his own money when he chose; I can't say whether GOULD and SMITH were directors of the bank, but I think they were; I told him it was rather a good joke; this occurred on Saturday after the big credit of the bank; I had no special conversation with Mr. GOULD on the subject; both these gentlemen kept accounts in the bank, but I did not borrow money for that account; I am not aware that during the last ten days I negotiated for loans of money and paid interest without taking the money, but leaving it in the hands of the lender; I am not aware that Mr. OSBORNE or that any member of our firm did so; Mr. SMITH and Mr. GOULD did not draw checks from our house last week.

Q.—Have you seen any check drawn by your house in favor of Mr. SMITH?

Mr. FIELD said that these questions could be better answered by Mr. PALMER, the President, and at his suggestion the examination of the witness was adjourned to this morning.

At 3 o'clock Commissioner DAVENPORT held Court for the purpose of taking Mr. PALMER's evidence.

Mr. W. H. FIELD, on the part of the bank, stated that Mr. PALMER, the President, intended to be in attendance before the Commissioner at 3 o'clock, but since the issue of the subpœna he had received notice requiring his presence at the Clearing-house at 3 o'clock. Mr. PALMER said that if he could get through his business by 3 o'clock he would come for examination. He asked for an adjournment to this morning.

Mr. PURDY did not oppose the motion, and finally the case was adjourned to 12 o'clock today.

Mr. PURDY drew the attention of the Commissioner to an application made to him by the counsel for the bank. It was deemed that in the investigation matters might come out with respect to the bank which it would not be proper to publish at this time. If a motion was therefore made to exclude the members of the Press he would leave the matter altogether in the hands of the Commissioner.

Mr. FIELD remarked that, under the great latitude allowed to counsel in examinations of this kind, it would not be fair that the secrets of the bank should be published to the world through the agency of the reporters. He was willing to leave the matter entirely with the District-Attorney's office, but asked that the Press be excluded.

The Commissioner said the matter was of importance to the entire mercantile community, and he did not wish to exclude the Press without giving the matter some consideration. The case was then adjourned until today at 12 o'clock.

THE PROSPECTS OF ERIE.

Heath & Raphael Surrender to Bischoffsheim—Mr. Barton on the Probable Business Consolidation—The Suit Against Jay Gould and Lane.

Yesterday afternoon the extraordinary history of Erie received another addition to its already eventful pages. The gentleman who represents HEATH & RAPHAEL, better known as the London Protective Association on this side of the water, received a cable dispatch informing him that they had surrendered their powers of attorney to BISCHOFFSHEIM & GOLDSCHMIDT, with the stipulation that at the election in July such directors should be chosen as would be approved by the majority of the shareholders. This was, of course, assented to. From this new aspect of the matter it is thought the business coalition of the Erie and the Atlantic and Great Western Companies becomes a moral certainty. A reporter of the TIMES called upon one of the Committee of the American Shareholders' party, who informed him that he had heard the news, and that there was an end to things, as far as they were concerned, for that it was indisputable that BISCHOFFSHEIM now controlled seven-eighths of the stock, as Mr. HENRY CLEWS predicted that he would. He also remarked that this would be bad news for DANIEL DREW, "BISCHOFFSHEIM & GOLDSCHMIDT," said he, "have got the gentlemen in a tight place, for he has put the money out and can't get away without paying. This English firm has plenty of money and stands in the City of London, only a little below the ROTHSCHILDS. It will keep the Erie stock steadily above sixty until the year is up, and it could afford to keep it there as long as Uncle DAN lived, for the matter of that; so that there is no help for the old man. As for us, we are gone up." The reporter next saw Mr. SAMUEL L. M. BARLOW, counsel to the Board of Directors, who confirmed the news, and added that there had been considerable misapprehension in the public mind concerning the capacities of the Atlantic and Great Western, which was due to the persistent lying of FISK and GOULD. They had repeated their falsehoods so frequently and with such emphasis that at last the lies passed current as accepted truths, and when the truth was spoken, it was considered a falsehood, gotten up in the interests of the Atlantic and Great Western. The most common error was to suppose that the Atlantic and Great Western was earning nothing, or next to nothing; four millions was the sum generally stated. But this was based upon the Fall business, which was very dull, whereas the whole year's transactions showed great earnings above eight millions. They were now in a position to take the line at the rate of seven and a half millions, which showed what their estimate of it was then. That they persistently ran it down afterward was only of a piece with their business lives, and could afford no criterion for the judgment of honest men. About the suit against the Erie Board, commenced by the Attorney-General, Mr. BARLOW said: "I presume that it was done at the instance of some of the American shareholders. Probably the Attorney-General will associate some legal representative of the Erie Board with himself in the matter, as he has hardly the time for so intricate and involved an inquiry."

REPORTER—Will you prosecute JAY GOULD and LANE on the part of the Company, or will your action be hampered in any way by the steps taken by the Attorney-General?

Mr. BARLOW—Nothing that he has done can possibly prejudice the suit which we shall most assuredly bring against the late management. Of that fact you may be certain. One of the first things done by the present directors was to appoint a full corps of auditors, to go over the account for the past three years, and drag to light all the disgraceful transactions. They will, when they have completed their work, report to the Committee on Contracts and Leases, who will lay all facts before the Board. Then we shall take action, but we object to begin before we have the facts before us.

REPORTER—Do you consider the action of the Attorney-General premature, then?

Mr. BARLOW—Not at all. It is a grave question, however, whether such a suit can be prosecuted successfully. The same legal difficulties would present themselves as in the suits brought by the State against TWEED and others. But when the Attorney-General was solicited by some holders of Erie to bring the action there was nothing left for him but compliance.

Shortly after leaving Mr. BARLOW's office the reporter met the Attorney-General and learned from him that the suit had been brought at the request of Mr. SWANN.

Political Conventions This Week.

The following political Conventions are to be held this week:

APRIL 9—New-Jersey Now Voters' State Convention in Trenton.

APRIL 10—National Convention of Colored People in New-Orleans.

APRIL 10—Pennsylvania Republican State Convention in Harrisburg.

APRIL 10—Massachusetts Republican State Convention in Worcester.

APRIL 10—Florida Republican State Convention in Jacksonville.

APRIL 10—Oregon Democratic State Convention in Portland.

APRIL 10—Kansas Liberal Republican State Convention in Topeka.

APRIL 11—New-Jersey Liberal Republican mass-meeting in Camden.

The Effect of Example—Decrease of Smuggling.

The conviction of TALBOT and MARKSON, the first-named for smuggling cigars, and the latter for smuggling jewelry, are the first convictions for that offense in the Courts of this district in twenty years. Although the punishment in both cases was comparatively light, the effect of the convictions has been very marked. Hardly a seizure for smuggling has been made by a Custom-house Inspector since TALBOT and MARKSON were "sent up." Either the professional smugglers have become more cunning in their devices for concealment of dutiable goods, or they have been frightened into becoming honest men for the time.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

JOHN B. GOUGH lectures at the Academy of Music this evening on "Overcoming."

CHARLES O'NEILL and WILLIAM WILSON were committed yesterday by Justice COX, charged with burglary.

Eighteen complaints against policemen were tried before Commissioner BARR, yesterday. They were unimportant.

JOHN ENGELHEART, aged five years, fell out of a fourth-story window at No. 324 Chrystie-street, and was fatally injured.

JAMES NICHOLS, a child, died, yesterday, at No. 233 West Twenty-sixth-street, from paralysis, resulting from an injury to the brain by a fall.

PATRICK TULLY, a laborer, fell down the hatchway of the steamer *James Bell* at Pier No. 37 North River, yesterday, and was fatally injured.

A colored domestic, named ANNIE JOHNSON, was committed at Jefferson Market, yesterday, for stealing a gold watch belonging to Mrs. BARTLETT, of West Forty-eighth-street.

LEONARD ALLEN, of No. 268 West Twenty-first-street, became entangled in the shafting at RIKER's carpenter's shop, No. 34 Beekman-street, yesterday, and sustained severe injuries.

PATRICK MCDERMOTT, the notorious Fourth Ward rough, and brother of "Paddy the Smasher," was locked up, yesterday, at Jefferson Market, for picking the pocket of JAMES WHELAN.

A meeting of the depositors of the Market Savings Bank, to prove claims and elect an assignee, is called for noon today, at the office of Mr. J. F. DWIGHT, Register in Bankruptcy, at No. 7 Beekman-street.

Controller GREEN paid yesterday Inspectors of Resolating and grading, August, September, October, November and December, 1871, $6,545; Department of Public Parks, for part of that Department, $20,000.

The Subcommittee of the Judiciary Investigating Committee visited the District-Attorney's office again yesterday. The subject examined upon the records of the office were the subject of investigation.

During the interval between Saturday night and yesterday morning, the wholesale cigar store of PHILLIP & FRANK, No. 99 Beaver-street, was entered by burglars; 200 boxes of cigars, valued at $1,500, were stolen.

The First Assembly District Greeley Republican Association met last evening at No. 122 West Broadway, and passed resolutions of condolence for the death of Messrs. SAMUEL S. WYCKOFF and JOHN W. WILLETT.

An inquest was held by Coroner SCHIRMER, yesterday, in the case of MARVIN J. BLAKE, aged thirteen, who was run over and killed by engine No. 6 of the Hudson River Railroad. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

The Thirteenth Assembly District Republican Association met last evening, and after the transaction of some unimportant business adjourned until to-night, when Col. SHARP will deliver a lecture on "The Last Days of the Confederacy."

In the case of HENRY E. FISKE *vs.* HENRY A. SMITHS, Ex-Collector, Judge WOODRUFF, yesterday, rendered a decision in favor of the plaintiff in the amount of $132, the amount of excessive duties paid on folded ties in the month of October, 1868.

ORANGE JUDD, Esq., and J. H. OCKERSHAUSEN, Esq., are prominent candidates for delegates to the General Conference of the M. E. Church from the New-York East Conference. The election will take place at Bridgeport, Conn., May 12.

Complaints are made by residents of the filthy condition of Thirty-fifth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues. The place is said to be a perfect hot-bed of disease. In a single house on this block seventeen persons have been attacked by small-pox.

The statement of the City Chamberlain, issued today, gives the following figures: Total balance on hand March 30, 1872, $1,812,290 54; receipts during the week, $282,129 81; total, $2,094,416 05; payments, $666,021 08; balance on hand April 6, 1872, $1,428,422 70.

Mayor HALL denies that any communications have passed between Gov. HOFFMAN and himself in relation to the unconstitutionality of the appointment of Controller GREEN. He pronounces the rumors lately current on the subject as being entirely unfounded.

The monthly reception of the Young Men's Christian Association took place at Association Hall last evening. The programme consisted of vocal and instrumental music, by Miss JULIA MORA, Mr. MACDONALD and Mr. BARTLETT.

JOHN SCOTT, the colored seaman, who was charged with shooting THOS. MCGARY, a shipmate, in the race, was discharged by Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday, the British Consul declining to interfere on the ground that the Extradition Treaty did not cover the offense.

The monthly meeting of the New-York Association of Sunday-school Teachers was held last evening at the Presbyterian Church, Tenth-avenue and Twenty-second-street. Addresses were delivered by Mr. B. F. JACOBS, of Chicago, and Rev. Dr. JOHN HALL. The attendance was large.

Last evening, at the meeting of the Lyceum of Natural History, No. 64 Madison-avenue, papers were read by H. ENDEMANN, on "Nitrous Oxide Gas," and by Dr. O. DOREMUS, on "The Views of the Founders of the Atomic Theory." Dr. J. WALZ, on "The Action of Chromic Acid on Iodine."

CHARLES MAJOWSKI, who keeps a lager-beer saloon at No. 322 East Twenty-sixth-street, was held to answer in $1,000 by Justice SCOTT, yesterday, on a charge of buying a watch stolen from JOHN KEANE of Twenty-sixth-street and Avenue A. The watch was valued at $115, and MAJOWSKI paid $20 for it.

Mr. J. WORTH BELL, of No. 25 Union-square, desires it to be understood by the public that he is not the W. BELL who recently made a complaint of black-mail in the Police Courts. The coincidence of name and business was remarkable, and to avoid further mistakes this statement is made in his behalf.

W. J. POLLOCK, who gave $10,000 bail recently on an indictment charging him with smuggling a quantity of jute bags into this port, was arraigned in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, before Commissioner SHIELDS, to answer a new indictment found against him on a similar charge. B. W. MACBRADY is his surety.

The sixth and last day of the Spring trade sale of books took place at Clinton Hall yesterday, with the contribution of D. and J. SADLIER, consisting mostly of Catholic Bibles and devotional works. The attendance was small, and the goods went at low prices. The sale generally has been satisfactory both to sellers and purchasers.

A meeting of the People's Municipal Association was held last evening, at No. 64 Union-square, and the Committee on Organization reported that several similar associations were in course of formation in the various Wards of the City. Addresses were delivered by O'DONOVAN ROSSA, Messrs. BLACKENRIDGE, ENGLISH, CAMPBELL and MALESPINA, and the meeting adjourned.

Rev. WM. M. TAYLOR will be installed pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle this evening. Sermon by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER; installation prayer by Rev. LEONARD BACON, D. D.; charge to the pastor by Rev. HENRY M. STORRS, D. D.; charge to the people by Rev. GEO. B. BACON, D. D., and the right hand of fellowship by Rev. WM. J. BUDDINGTON, D. D.

Commodore HUTCHINGS was occupied yesterday, in the Seamen's Retreat, in one of the contests still of BARNABY BRIGGS, the details of several instances were examined, but in the form many elicited nothing of public interest was contained. The estate involved in this case is a small one, and in the questions as much there is nothing of an unusual nature. Adjourned until Monday of next week.

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GEORGE C. COLES, of No. 34 East Eighty-fourth-street, was arrested yesterday on a charge of selling $10,000 of forged Allentown Penn. school-bonds to WILLIAM MUTH, broker, of No. 125 Broadway. He was taken to Jefferson Police Court, and locked up in default of $10,000 bail. FREDERICK SHIBICKRA, implicated with COLES, is now in the Tombs awaiting trial for a similar offense.

On Sunday evening, Dr. CHAUNCEY H. WOODHULL died suddenly at No. 115 West Twenty-first-street. His death being attributed to an excessive use of morphine. Dr. WOODHULL was notified, and his deputy, Dr. JOHN BRACH, made an autopsy of the remains, when it was ascertained that death had resulted from pneumonia, accelerated by intemperance and excessive use of morphine.

BROOKLYN.

It was decided in the City Court yesterday to try three of the *Waspish* cases yet pending, at the May term.

A valuable assorted of books was made yesterday to the Mechanics' and Traders' Exchange, BY D. APPLETON & CO., of New-York.

The base-ball match arranged for yesterday between the Atlantics and Barnardos did not take place, the Capitolines field being made for play.

The gas companies against which complaints have been entered for violation of the Internal Revenue law are the Metropolitan, Peoples, Citizens and Williamsburg City.

JOHN MAHAN was held yesterday for the Grand Jury by Justice SIMMS, for firing a pistol at PATRICK MCGUIRE, Keeper of the Morgue, in an altercation at that institution yesterday afternoon.

Assessor JOURDAN's Assistants yesterday morning captured a house concealed under the appurtenances at No. 369 John-street. It was in full operation, and was turned over to the United States Marshal, but the owners escaped.

The United States sloop of war *Portsmouth*, third rate, nine guns, Capt. C. H. B. CAULDWELL, went into commission at the Navy-yard yesterday. She will transport a relief crew of officers and men to the steamer *Tuscarora*, now on the coast of Africa, and will return from Rio de Janeiro with the *Tuscarora*'s present crew.

The small-pox continues its ravages in Brooklyn, and yesterday the Board of Aldermen appropriated $4,000 for the erection of an addition to the small-pox hospital, and $3,000 for the employment of an increased force of vaccinators.

The following gentlemen were elected at the Church of the Messiah: Wardens—John Halsey, W. M. Seymour. Vestrymen—A. G. Foster, Dr. D. Lee, L. H. Dewhurst, J. Ritch, Jeb, S. B. Barlow, Lewis Morris, T. D. Corlies, Jared Coffin.

On the petition of the Washington-street property-owners, the Board of Aldermen yesterday passed a resolution authorizing the widening of Washington-street, by taking off twenty feet from the west side. An amendment to exclude the Eastern District from the assessment for the purpose, was lost.

LONG ISLAND.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer for Queens County convened yesterday at North Hempstead. There are three indictments for capital offences on the calendar. Justice MCKENNA, one of the Newtown Ring, will be tried, his case being taken as a test. Several indictments have been found against officials of different parts of the county. The case of WARNER, for killing his wife, will be taken up today.

NEW-JERSEY.

The body of an unknown man was found lying on the Erie Railway, near Lakeview, on Sunday night.

One thousand bills were introduced in the last Legislature, and 610 became laws. Gov. PARKER vetoed five bills, and his veto was once sustained.

FREDERICK COOPER, of No. 150 Morgan-street, Jersey City, was found dead in the outhouse of his residence yesterday. The cause of death is unknown and an inquest will probably be held.

The Paterson charter election took place yesterday. At 11 o'clock the returns were very incomplete, but HOBT. N. HALEY (Democrat) is believed to have been elected, while the Republicans have a majority in the Board of Aldermen.

The colored citizens of Newark yesterday celebrated the anniversary of the passage of the Fifteenth Amendment. The colored societies of Newark, Philadelphia, Jersey City and Paterson formed at Lincoln Park, and accompanied by bands of music, paraded the streets. The celebration was concluded, last evening, by a ball at the Rink.

Six of the members of the present Japanese Embassy visited Newark yesterday on invitation of the Board of Trade of that city. They were entertained in the morning at the Park House, and spent the afternoon at the Clark Mills and the spool factory, taking notes of the works. They are all scientifically-educated men, and one of them is the head of the Department of Public Works in Japan.

Meeting of the Sinking Fund Commissioners—The Lease of City Property.

The Sinking Fund Commissioners held a meeting yesterday, Mayor HALL in the chair, and adopted a resolution authorizing the Controller to lease, at public auction, for five years from May 1, 1872, the markets, cellars, ferries and other property of the Corporation, the leases of which have expired or will expire on the 1st day of May next. The following is a list of the property to be leased:

Fulton Market—Cellars, 14. Washington Market—Cellars, 15. Centre Market—Cellars, 11; rooms on second floor, except those occupied by the Eighth Regiment, fronting on Grand-street. Essex Market—Cellars, 11. Franklin Market—Cellars, 8. Oliver Market—Rooms over the same. Gouverneur Market—Lofts and cellars. Catherine Market—Cellar. Old Cashaarine Fish Market—Second floor. Third floor Union Market. Franklin Market—Hay scales; lots, Nos. 84 to 90, leased by the Commissioners.

Very few unsolicited south side foot of Grand-street, East River, to Brooklyn; ferry foot of Houston-street, East River, to foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.; ferry foot of Barclay-street, New-York to Jersey City; ferry foot of Delaware-street, North River, to Jersey City.

A resolution was adopted rescinding a resolution appropriating $15,000 to AUG. BELMONT for services as one of the appraisers of the City property.

Brooklyn Reformers Aroused—A New Charter Demanded Immediately.

The Committee of Seventy-five last evening passed a resolution deprecating the action of the Legislature in devoting itself to special legislation instead of the Brooklyn Charter, and demanding of that body immediate action in conformity with the wishes of the great body of the citizens of Brooklyn, and its utmost endeavor to secure the adoption of the charter and of the Registry law forwarded to Albany by the Committee.

Mr. MCLEAN also introduced a set of resolutions denouncing District-Attorney BRITTON as being unacquainted to serve as prosecuting officer for Kings County, and expressive of the opinion that he was unworthy the further consideration of the Committee.

The Fisk Estate Transferred to Mrs. Fisk.

The one-half interest held by the late JAMES FISK in the Grand Opera-house, and the improved property adjoining, comprising twenty-four dwellings on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth-streets, has been transferred by JAY GOULD to the widow of his late partner. The negotiations for this transfer have been in progress for some time, and were closed on Saturday last. The aggregate value of the property is $1,500,000. It is understood that the transfer will prevent Mr. DALY assuming the lease of the Eighth-avenue house, the 1st of September next, as has been announced.

The Guardian Savings Bank.

Mr. JEREMIAH QUINLAN, receiver of the Guardian Savings Bank, gave notice that he was prepared to pay a second dividend, yesterday, of twenty-five per cent, on all deposits. Very few applicants presented themselves, only thirty payments being made, amounting to about $1,500. Ninety-five depositors have not yet drawn the first dividend, which was declared some time ago on all deposits over $300.

Serious Affray in Harlem Yesterday.

Yesterday morning two laborers engaged in excavating a sewer in Lexington-avenue, quarrelled. One of them, HASSEY, struck the other, MCAVOY, on the head with a crowbar, fracturing his skull. MCAVOY plunged a knife into HOSSEY's side, causing a dangerous wound. Both the belligerents were arrested, and subsequently taken to the hospital. Both are considered to be in a critical condition.

The Flood "Liberals" who Look Toward Cincinnati.

Alluding to the call issued in Iowa by a few disorganized men for a Convention to appoint delegates to the Cincinnati gathering, the Ottumwa (IOWA) *Courier* says:

"We notice among the names appended that of FEW HERNET WARREN, the Andy Johnsonite and constitutional growler; also JACOB BUTLER and D. C. CLOUD, of Muscatine, whose heads have been very sore for a number of years; and further on we observe the name of JAMES TAFFEE of Muscatine also. He, with his fellow-laborers in this enterprise, complains bitterly of the corruption of the Administration. It so happens that a brother of this same TAFFEE, one CHARLES TAFFEE by name, was last week convicted before Judge LOVE, at Keokuk, of a violation of the revenue laws as a distiller and manufacturer. We suppose that TAFFEE was in this pursuit of those who 'would swindle the Government out of its revenues, evidence of corruption, and so joins J. B. GRINNELL, the dapper little man who has so repeatedly sworn off from accepting office."

[Advertisement.]

"Cod-Liver Oil. It takes at the first appearance of Consumption, often effects permanent cures." HAZARD & CASWELL'S is the best.

[Advertisement.]

"If you deny me let honor light upon your city's flame for their unappreciation in not granting a new charter by buying their Spring Hats at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway. With one of his really elegant Hats even a sovereign may laugh at fate.

[Advertisement.]

SUMMER TRAVEL.—The steamers Bristol and Providence will resume their places in the Fall River line, on Monday, April 15.

NEW-YORK, April 8, 1872.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Penn'sylvania, West..... 9 A. M.; 6 P. M.
West, Southern, Va. to N. C..... 9 A. M.; 6 P. M.
and Mass. New-York Central..... 9 A. M.; 3:30, 6 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R..... 9 A. M.; 6 P. M.
East, via New-Haven..... 9 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Norwich..... 9 A. M.
East, via Stonington..... 9 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
South, Fall River, and..... 6 P. M.
South, generally..... 9 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.
Philadelphia, Southern..... 9 A. M.; 3:30 P. M.
Mails made up for Harlem Railroad, Hudson River Railroad, Long Island Railroad, Erie Railway, Pennsylvania Central, New-Jersey Central, Camden and Amboy Railroad, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, Morris and Essex Railroad, Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad, Boston and Albany Railroad, Boston and Providence Railroad, Old Colony Railroad, Fall River Line, Stonington Line, Norwich Line, Connecticut River Railroad, Vermont Central Railroad, Rutland Railroad, Champlain Transportation Company, Lake Shore Railroad, Michigan Southern Railroad, Michigan Central Railroad, Great Western Railroad, Canada, Grand Trunk Railroad, Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad, Illinois Central Railroad, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad, Galena and Chicago Union Railroad, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad, Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad, Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette Railroad, Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, Louisville, Paducah and Memphis Railroad, Louisville, Nashville and New-Orleans Railroad, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Paul Railroad, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Ogden Railroad.

Way Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo and by A. and G. W. Railroad to Franklin and Meadville, Penn. &c..... 7 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo and by A. and G. W. Railroad to Franklin and Meadville, Penn. &c..... 7 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Closing of Foreign Mails at Post-Office.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europe, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg, by the Cunard, at 11 A. M. with a supplementary mail, for despatch, if necessary, on Pier No. 40 North River, until 1½ P. M.

THURSDAY.

For Europe, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg, by the Cunard, at 11 A. M. with a supplementary mail, for despatch, if necessary, on Pier No. 40 North River, until 1½ P. M.

For Europe, via Queenstown, by the Steamship of the Inman Line, at 11 A. M. with a supplementary mail for despatch, if necessary, on Pier No. 45 North River, until 1½ P. M.

For Europe, via Queenstown, by the Steamship of the White Star Line, at 11 A. M. with a supplementary mail for despatch, if necessary, on Pier No. 4 North River, until 1½ P. M.

Steamships Arrived.

In steamship Westminster, from Liverpool.—Chas. J. B. Thorburn, Mrs. Bruce, C. J. Curgenven, Miss Lydia Bailey, H. C. Morton, Mrs. and Master Mitchell, Chas. Bacon, C. Dodsley.

In steam-ship Manhattan, from Liverpool.—J. P. Richards, H. Kember, F. D. Holman, Mrs. F. D. Holman, Mrs. M. Robinson and 3 children.

In steam-ship City of Limerick, from Liverpool.—Mr. Crumpton, C. J. Bourdick, Jas. Kirby, Mrs. Morton, Fred. Gerhard, and 105 in the steerage.

MISCELLANEOUS ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5:21 | Sun sets.....6:39 | Moon sets...9:29
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook...8:6 | Gov. Island...8:37 | Hell Gate...10:39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....MONDAY, April 8.

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